The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 5840.—VOL. XXXVIII. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1857. PRICE SIXPENCE.

BIRTHS.

At Dungog, on the 9th instant, the wife of Mr. Peter M'William, of a daughter.

On the 13th instant, at Roseneath Cottage, Parramatta, the wife of the Rev. James Carter, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

By special license, on the 11th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. C. Acheson, John, eldest son of John Maxwell, of Killoge Estate, Dapto, to Ann Jane, eldest daughter of Samuel M'Auley, of Wrexham, Illawarra, and grand-daughter of Mrs. Kilpatrick, of Sydney.

By license, on the 14th instant, at St. Philip's Church, by the Rev. G. W. Richardson, Mr. Charles Whittaker, of East Maitland, to Rachel Rebecca, relict of the late Peter Morrison, and third daughter of Mr. Andrew Goodwin, of Prince-street, Sydney.

DEATHS.

At Clapham, near London, on the 17th November last, in her 31st year, Agnes, daughter of G. H. Pownall, Esq.

At O'Connell Plains, February 3rd, 1857, George Pettit, senior, of the parish of Rotherhithe, in the county of Surry, England, in the 61st year of his age, deeply regretted by his family and friends.

At West Maitland, on the 12th instant, Joseph Weller, Esq., in the 92nd year of his age.

On the 12th February, at Devonshire-street, Strawberry Hills, Frederick Lawson, aged 62 years, leaving a wife and eight children to deplore his loss.

On the 13th instant, Joseph, infant son of Mr. Joseph Dickson, saddler, Brickfield-hill, aged 16 months; and on the 15th, at Waverly, Edwin Alfred Dickson, formerly of Surrey, nephew to Joseph Dickson, Esq., of Waverly, aged 20 years.

On Saturday evening, the 14th instant, at the residence of Mr. Richardson, Gloucester-street, Sydney, Maud Mary, the infant daughter of James Pearce, Esq., of Rodborough, New South Wales, aged 13 months.

On Sunday evening, the 15th instant, at the residence of Mrs. Richardson, Gloucester-street, Sydney, John Farley, the infant son of S. H. Pearce, Esq., C.C.L., late of Randwick, New South Wales, aged 14 months.

On the 10th instant, Mrs. Isabella Wishart, at her residence, Clarence-street, between King and Market streets, the beloved wife of Mr. John Wishart.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEAM to BALMAIN and PYRMONT from the foot of Erskine-street. Fares, 3d. S. CROOK.

STEAM TO MANLY BEACH Daily, from Phoenix Wharf, at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., returning at noon and 5.45 p.m., calling at Woolloomooloo Bay. Every Tuesday an extra boat leaves the wharf at 5, returning at 6 p.m.

STEAM to MERIMBULA, TWOFOLD BAY.—The WILLIAM IV. steamer will positively leave the Phoenix Wharf on THURSDAY next, at 6 p.m., calling at Ulladulla and Broulee.

STEAM to WOLLONGONG, KIAMA, and SHOALHAVEN.—The NORA CREINA, THIS (Tuesday) NIGHT, at 11 o'clock, from Phoenix Wharf.
Steam to WOLLONGONG, the ILLAWARRA, TO-MORROW MORNING, at 9 o'clock.

STEAM to WATSON'S BAY on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY, at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. from Phoenix Wharf, returning 12·15 and 6 p.m., calling at Woolloomooloo Bay.

STEAM to the HUNTER and CLARENCE TOWN.—The PATERSON, for MORPETH, THIS EVENING, at 11 o'clock. She will also receive cargo and passengers for Clarence Town, Williams' River.
TILMOUTH F. DYE, manager.
H. R. N. S. N. Company's Wharf, foot of Market-street. February 17th, 1857.

THE A. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS.
COLLAROY, to the HUNTER, THIS MORNING, TUESDAY, at 8.
THISTLE, to the HUNTER, TO-MORROW MORNING, WEDNESDAY, at 8.
CITY OF SYDNEY, to EDEN and MELBOURNE, THIS AFTERNOON, TUESDAY, at 3.
BOOMERANG, to MORETON BAY and IPSWICH, FRIDAY EVENING, at 8.
WARATAH, to WIDE BAY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, 25th instant, at 8.
JAMES PATERSON, manager.

REDUCTION in PASSAGE-MONEY per A.S.N. Co.'s Steamers to MELBOURNE.—
Intermediate £5 5
Steerage 3 15
JAMES PATERSON, manager.
A. S. Co.'s Wharf, 26th January, 1857.

STEAM to HOBART TOWN.—The T. S. N. Co.'s steamship TASMANIA, JOHN CLINCH, master, will leave the Patent Slip Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, 18th instant, at 3 p.m. WILLIS, MERRY, and CO.

STEAM to AUCKLAND.—Royal mail steamship WILLIAM DENNY, R. MAILLER, commander, will continue to receive free goods until noon THIS DAY (Tuesday), and leave at 5 p.m. JOSEPH KENDALL, Campbell's Wharf.

THE EUROPEAN AND AUSTRALIAN ROYAL MAIL COMPANY'S steamship EUROPEAN, of 2380 tons, 530 H.P., WILLIAM PARFITT, Esq., commander (carrying Her Majesty's mails) will be despatched for SUEZ, calling at intermediate ports, on WEDNESDAY, 11th of March, at 8 a.m. precisely.
RATES OF PASSAGE, including expense of transit through Egypt, but exclusive of wines, spirits, ales, &c.

SYDNEY TO	Melbourne.	K. G. Sound.	Galle.	Aden.	Alexandria.	Malta.	Southampton.
	£ s.	£	£	£	£	£	£
Lady or gentleman occupying a state-room with two berths in poop, or main deck, outside range...	...	...	100	120	170	175	185
Ditto ditto, inside range	...	...	90	110	150	155	165
Single berth in a state-room in poop, or main deck, outside range	9 9	25	70	85	110	115	125
Ditto ditto ditto, inside range, or in centre state-rooms ...	7 7	20	50	65	85	95	105

Single state-rooms with four berths charged extra.
Children under three years, if not occupying a berth, free (except the cost of transit through Egypt); from three to ten years, half fare if two in a berth—if each occupying a berth, two-thirds fare. European servants, half-fare. Native Indian servants, one-third fare.

MARSEILLES TO MALTA AND ALEXANDRIA.

	First class.		Second class.		Servants.
Fare—Marseilles to Malta	£7 10s.	...	£4 10s.	...	£4
Fare—Marseilles to Alexandria..	£17 10s.	...	£9 10s.	...	£9

One child, under three years, if with the parent, free; above three and under ten years, half fare.
Arrangements for freight of specie can be made on application to the manager, at the Company's Offices.
HUGH LARMOUR, manager.
Sydney, February 17th, 1857.

STEAM from MELBOURNE to LONDON direct.—The Australian Auxiliary Steam Clipper Company's magnificent new steam clipper ISTANBOUL, 1470 tons register, 2200 tons burthen, and 100-horse power, working up to 400, fitted with gold-room, JOHN EDWARD COLE, commander, is appointed to leave Hobson's Bay for London positively on MONDAY, March 2nd. To be succeeded by the INDOMITABLE. This vessel is one of the finest models afloat, and possesses all the advantages of a steamer with those of a clipper sailing ship. She is fitted in every respect in a very superior manner, and has unrivalled accommodations, which intending passengers are invited to inspect.
FARES TO LONDON:
After saloon, according to arrangement; second cabin, thirty-five guineas; third cabin, twenty-five guineas; steerage, £20. Including stewards' fees and the attendance of an experienced surgeon. This ship will carry a duly qualified surgeon; also, stewardess, and the requisite attendants. After saloon will be supplied with a first-rate table, including live stock, poultry, &c.
For freight, plans of cabins, and full particulars apply to the agents of the company, KIRCHNER, SHARP, and CO., Flinders-street, Melbourne; or, KIRCHNER and CO., 1, Wynyard-street, Sydney.

FOR MORUYA RIVER.—The schooner WOODPECKER, J. BREWER, master, will sail as above on WEDNESDAY, 18th instant.
For freight or passage apply to GEORGE CARTER, Victoria Wharf.

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.—The regular trader WILLIAM, W. B. SNOW, master, will positively sail for the above port (wind and weather permitting) on FRIDAY, 20th instant.
For freight or passage apply to EDYE MANNING, Esq., Phoenix Wharf; or to the master, on board.
Freights payable in Sydney.
This vessel is now discharging her inward cargo at the Circular Quay; but will receive cargo at the Phoenix Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, 18th instant.

FOR PORT CURTIS and FITZROY RIVER, calling at MORETON BAY.—The fine clipper schooner DON JUAN, Captain BREMNER, is now loading, and will be despatched to the above ports without delay.
For freight and passage, apply to R. TOWNS and CO.

FOR MORETON BAY.—The clipper brig FORTUNE, now fast loading, and having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will sail immediately.
Apply on board; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers, 213, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The well-known favourite trader CALLENDER, Captain COLLINS, now loading at the Albion Wharf, has the greater part of her cargo already engaged and will sail in a few days.
Apply on board; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 213, George-street, Lloyd's-chambers.

FOR TONGA, NAVIGATOR'S ISLANDS.—A first-class vessel will be despatched in a few days.
J. MALCOLM and CO.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—First vessel.—The Baltimore clipper schooner EMILY JANE, C. C. BEER, master, will be despatched TO-MORROW, and can take a few tons light freight if sent down at once. Has superior accommodation for passengers.
For freight or passage apply to J. C. and G. DIBBS, Circular Quay, or Campbell's Wharf.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The favourite brig WANDERER, Captain GOLD, is now loading at the Victoria Wharf, foot of Erskine-street; and as the greater portion of her cargo is engaged and ready for shipment, her detention in port will be limited to only a very few days.
Apply to HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf; or LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 213, George-street, Lloyd's Chambers.

FOR MELBOURNE.—The regular trader CAROLINE, SMITH, master, having nearly all her cargo on board, will sail first fair wind. Has still room for about five tons light freight, for which or passage immediate application is requested to HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf; or to MOLISON and BLACK, Macquarie-place.

FOR ADELAIDE direct.—The fine clipper brig MARY GRANT, Captain BENNETT, having all her dead weight engaged, can receive measurement goods if arranged for in the course of this week.
For freight or passage apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 213, George-street, Lloyd's-chambers.

FIRST VESSEL for AUCKLAND.—At Lamb's Wharf. The first-class clipper brig, MOA, 280 tons, Captain THOMPSON, will sail on THURSDAY, 19th instant.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, apply to JOHN ROBERTON and CO., 14, Lower Fort-street.

FOR NELSON and PORT COOPER.—The TARANAKI, HENRY COREY, commander, will clear at the Customs and sail on TUESDAY, 17th instant, weather permitting. No freight can be taken after TO-DAY (Monday).
For freight or passage apply to the commander, on board, Macnamara's Wharf; or to JOHN A. BUTTREY and CO.

FOR HONGKONG direct.—The A1 clipper barque JUANITA, G. TEMME, commander, will positively sail on 14th instant. Has room for a few tons of cargo, and comfortable accommodation for cabin passengers.
Apply to MULLENDORFF, NAHMER, and CO.; or to Captain TEMME, on board.

FOR CEYLON.—To sail about 5th March.—The splendid new clipper ship ETHEREAL, 800 tons, STEPHEN JARMAN, commander. Has very superior poop accommodation, and offers a cheap and comfortable conveyance for passengers to India, or for England, via the overland route.
Apply on board, at Botts' Wharf; or, to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., No. 1, Margaret-street.

FOR CALLAO.—The splendid A1 ship ABBOTT LAWRENCE, Captain DAVIS, will sail on the 24th instant.
For first or second cabin passage apply to the Captain, on board, at Waterview Bay; or to MERRILL and LEAVITT, 2, Macquarie-place.

FOR CALLAO.—The splendid clipper ship PIONEER will positively sail on the 18th instant.
For passage, having superior accommodations, apply to Captain MONTGOMERY, on board; or to MERRILL and LEAVITT, 2, Macquarie-place.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON.—For Passengers only.—The first-class Dutch East Indiaman, MARIA MAGDALENA, Captain WILLENBRINCK, having all her cargo engaged, and being under contract to sail for Antwerp on or about 20th instant, can take a limited number only of first-class passengers, to be landed at Southampton. The cabins are fitted with every requisite convenience.
Rate of passage, 50 guineas.
Apply to MULLENDORFF, NAHMER, and CO., Wynyard-lane; or LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 213, George-street, Lloyd's Chambers.

FIRST VESSEL FOR LONDON direct.—The new A1 13 years ship COLEROON, A. WILSON commander, having the whole of her dead weight, and nearly all her wool on board, will sail as above.
This ship offers a desirable opportunity for the speedy conveyance of wool; and intending passengers are invited to inspect her superior cabin and intermediate accommodations.
Apply to Captain WILSON on board, at Circular Quay; or to MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, and CO.

FOR LONDON.—To sail about the beginning of April, the magnificent model-built clipper ship CALIFORNIA, 1200 tons, M. DE WYN commander, is now daily expected from Melbourne. On her arrival intending passengers are invited to inspect the superb and elegantly fitted accommodations of this noble vessel, expressly constructed and planned for the passenger traffic with these colonies and Europe. Her sailing qualities have never been surpassed; the two voyages outwards were accomplished successively in 73 and 75 days. She carries an experienced surgeon.
For plans of the cabins, and particulars of freight or passage, apply to MULLENDORFF, NAHMER, and CO., or LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 213, George-street, Lloyd's Chambers.

FOR LONDON, and Regular Trader.—The A1 well-known remarkably fast sailing clipper ship GRANITE CITY, 776 tons register, WILLIAM LEASK, commander, will be quickly despatched. She has very superior accommodation for passengers, and is loading fast at her usual berth, Circular Quay.
Apply to Captain LEASK, on board; or, to BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street.

TO SUCCEED THE GRANITE CITY.—For LONDON.—The beautiful and finely modelled clipper ship CLARAMONT, 634 tons register, A1 for ten years, W. H. BURGOYNE, master, now on her second voyage only. She sails unusually fast, having made one of the best passages this season, outsailing many well-known vessels. Being of moderate size she will load quickly, and both passengers and shippers of produce may therefore calculate upon early despatch. Her accommodations for passengers are very superior and comfortable.
Apply to Captain BURGOYNE, on board, Circular Quay; or to BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street.

FOR LONDON.—With prompt despatch.—The splendid new Aberdeen clipper ship CATHERINE ADAMSON, 800 tons register, GEORGE STUART, commander, is now ready to receive wool, either at the Circular Quay or at Marsden and Co.'s shed. Has all her dead weight, only requiring wool to fill up, and a considerable portion being engaged, will be loaded without delay. Has a full poop, and from her superior sailing qualities is a favourite ship with passengers. Her three voyages have been made in 79, 80, and 78 days respectively. Carries a surgeon.
Apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., No. 1, Margaret-street.

FOR LONDON, to follow the Catherine Adamson, with prompt despatch, and sail about 24th March.—The splendid ship GEORGE MARSHALL, A1, 1208 tons, WILLIAM HENRY, commander. Has the best accommodation for second-class and steerage passengers of any ship in the harbour, having been built and fitted with roomy enclosed cabins for the Melbourne passenger trade. As it is desired to ensure despatch passengers will be taken at very moderate rates.
Apply on board to Captain HENRY; or at the office of the undersigned, where plans of the accommodation can be seen, and all information obtained. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., No. 1, Margaret street.
N.B.—This vessel has all her ballast on board, and is now quite ready to receive wool and other cargo.

REGULAR LINE OF PACKET SHIPS.—For LONDON direct, to sail punctually 1st March, the magnificent new clipper-ship WALMER CASTLE, A1 at Lloyd's, for thirteen years, 1200 tons, C. L. F. DANIELL, commander, belonging to Messrs. Green, of Blackwall, and having now arrived.
The accommodation of this noble vessel having been altered expressly to meet the requirements of the Australian passenger trade, she affords unequalled advantages, in point of comfort and salubrity.
Many intending passengers by this vessel on her former voyage having experienced disappointment through the rapid filling up of her cabins, early application is recommended on this occasion to the undersigned.
BROWNE and NOYES, agents, 25, Market-street, Melbourne.

FOR LONDON.—The fine new clipper ship NOURMAHAL, 850 tons register, S. C. BRAYLEY, commander, is now ready to receive and stow wool. This fine ship, built expressly for the Australian trade, and classed A 1 for 13 years at Lloyd's, is on her first voyage, and has most superior accommodations for passengers.
For rates of freight and passage apply on board, at the Circular Quay; to RUNDLE, DANGAR, and CO., Clarence-street; or to L. and S. SPYER and CO., agents, Wynyard-square.
Will be followed by the Speedy, 1020 tons.

BLACK BALL Line of British and Australian Packets.—The magnificent and powerful clipper ship DONALD M'KAY, 2588 tons register, H. WARNER, commander, will be despatched from Melbourne for Liverpool on the 26th instant; rates of passage are as follows:—

Saloon	...	...	£65
Ladies' saloon	...	...	70
Second cabin...	...	...	35
Intermediate	...	...	25
Steerage	...	...	20

For plans of cabin, dietary scales, and other information, apply to WILLIS, MERRY, and CO., Botts' Wharf.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

LONDON direct.—For Gold only.—Ship LA HOGUE. Apply to H. NEATBY, or SMITH, CAMPBELL, and CO.

FOR CALCUTTA direct.—The fine A1 American ship ROBERT TREAT, 694 tons register. ALBERT TREAT, commander.
For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; or to FLOWER, SALTING, and CO., agents, 39, Hunter-street.

BOTTOMRY BOND.—Tenders required to be sent in to the office of the undersigned for the sum of One Thousand Pounds, secured by bottomry on the hull and material of the ship Edmond, 912 tons register. For further particulars apply to SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO., Sussex-street. 12th February, 1857.

FINAL NOTICE to Consignees per LORD WARRISTON.—Any goods not cleared at the Customs after this date will be entered by the undersigned, and landed and stored at consignees' risk and expense. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., agents.

SHIP HINDOSTAN, from LONDON.—Consignees by the above vessel will be pleased to pass their Custom House entries immediately for the Circular Quay, and to take notice that the vessel will not be responsible for any goods after they are landed; and also that goods, for which entries are not passed when ready to be discharged, will be entered by the undersigned at the risk and expense of the consignees. BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street.

THE Owner of the schooners Speculant, Herculean, Lavina, and of the ketch Warlock, will not be answerable for any supplies to said vessels without his written authority. R. R. G. BOWKER. Newcastle, February 10th, 1857.

SHIP EDMOND.—All Accounts against the above ship must be rendered in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned, before noon on FRIDAY, the 20th instant. SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO.

NOTICE.—All Accounts against us concerning the cargo of the BLACK DOG, for the French Government, are to be sent till TUESDAY, 12 o'clock, or they will not be paid. VIAL D'ARAM, MILLIERE, and CO., Macquarie-street and Circular Wharf.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

ENQUIRY.—Information has been sought from England respecting a young man named JOHN ALEXANDER M'DONALD, who some 6 years ago emigrated to this colony, and was last heard of on the Hunter River. Circumstances of advantage to Mr. M'Donald are attached to this enquiry. Any information procurable to be sent to the department of the Inspector-General of Police, Sydney. February 16, 1857.

IF THIS should meet the Eye of AMBROSE NATE, of England, he will hear of his sister Jane by addressing to EDWARD BADMINGTON, care Mr. H. G. Smith, Manly Beach, Sydney.

IF Mr. GEORGE HODGECOCK, from Rochester, Kent, will send his address to T. P., Paddington Post Office, Sydney, he will hear of something to his advantage.

IF DONALD CAMPBELL, or HUGH M'MASTER, joiners, of Glasgow, per ship Conway, from Birkenhead, has arrived in Sydney, they will please write to CUTHBERT CAMPBELL, care of James Burrell, Spencer-street, corner of Roselay-street, North Melbourne.

JAMES ADAMS, who returned in the beginning of 1856, to Sydney, from Burnham, England, please write home to your brother John; or to your sister Susan, Post Office, at Melbourne.

JOHN DRISCOLL, son of John and Mary Driscoll, born at Dunmonway, County Cork, and arrived in the colony about 25 years ago, will hear of his youngest brother TIMOTHY, at Mr. Wm. Davis's, Ginindera, Queanbeyan.

JOHN EDWARDS, Gardener, near Sydney, your sister SARAH has arrived in Melbourne, from Bridgend, England. Direct ROBERT WILLIAMS, Post Office, Melbourne.

MISSING FRIENDS.—RICHARD BUTLER, son of John and Margaret Butler, of the parish of Mullinavat, county of Kilkenny, Ireland, who arrived in this colony about 30 years since, your brother THOMAS is anxious to know your whereabouts. Address WILLIAM PIKE, Parramatta.

NAIRN, SCOTLAND.—Should this meet the eye of JAMES M'INTOSH per ship William Miles, to Moreton Bay, he will hear of his brother WILLIAM by applying to Mr. KNIGHT, at Pall-mall, Sandhurst Victoria.

SHIP TIPTREE.—THOMAS MOSSMANN will find JOSEPH HARRIS, 116, George-street North.

SHIP SABRINA.—The Young Man who saw JOHN HEGARTY at the diggings thirteen months ago, is earnestly requested to call or send his address to Miss HEGARTY, Pitt-street South, next to Mr. Wilshire's, between Bathurst and Liverpool streets.

SIMON DAVIES, Joiner, late of Wales, will find W. F. ROBERTS, at 116, George-street North.

W. CRANE, ship Australia, write to your daughter JANE, at Post Office, St. Kilda, Melbourne.

HEAP and CO. MELBOURNE.—Should Mr. HEAP, (or any one connected with the firm in August last), be now in Sydney, he will much oblige by immediately communicating his address to A., Box 267, Post Office.

THOMAS G. W. WHITE, MELBOURNE.—Should Mr. WHITE (or any one in his office in July or August last), be now in Sydney, he will much oblige by immediately communicating his address to A., Box 267, Post Office.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—In preparation, and will be produced on THURSDAY next, the sterling comedy of TOWN AND COUNTRY. Reuben Glenroy, Mr. G. V. Brooke.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—Farewell Engagement of the Eminent Tragedian, G. V. Brooke, and Mr. and Mrs. R. Heir. Last night of the grand historical play of HENRY V. Henry V., Mr. G. V. Brooke. Gift Enterprise Tickets admissible THIS EVENING.

THE SYDNEY GRAND GIFT ENTERPRISE.—£1000 STERLING to be given to the Patrons of the Royal Victoria Theatre, from February 14th to March 25th, 1857.
Proprietor .... THOS. TAYLOR.
Manager .... JAMES CROSBY.
Tickets, 5s. each, which will entitle the owner to two admissions to the Upper Circle, or one admission to the Dress Boxes of the Royal Victoria Theatre, on any one Tuesday, Thursday, or Saturday, with one share in the GIFT ENTERPRISE.

FIRST GIFT	(Five Hundred Pounds)	£500
SECOND GIFT.........	(One Hundred Pounds)	£100
THIRD GIFT	(One Hundred Pounds)	£100
FOURTH GIFT	(Fifty Pounds)	£50
FIFTH GIFT	(Fifty Pounds)	£50
And		
FORTY GIFTS at		£5 each.

Total—ONE THOUSAND POUNDS.
Five per cent. to be deducted from the gifts to be given to the Charitable Institutions of the City.
TICKETS LIMITED TO 20,000.
The management of the Royal Victoria Theatre, determined not to be behind their brethren in the neighbouring colony of Victoria, and in emulation of George Coppin, Esq., who is, at the present time engaged in a similar undertaking in connexion with the Theatre Royal and Cremorne Gardens, Melbourne, have resolved upon prosecuting the above enterprise.
A limited number of tickets will be reserved for Campbelltown, Parramatta, Windsor, Newcastle, Maitland, Penrith, Liverpool, Wollongong, and other towns in the interior.
A committee of management for the day of drawing, which will take place about the end of March, (particulars of which will be advertised in the Sydney papers) will be selected from the above towns, so that every purchaser throughout the colony may rely upon being faithfully represented.
The Plan of Drawing is the most simple and honest that can possibly be devised, and in the late enterprise of Mr. James Simmonds at Geelong gave universal satisfaction, viz.:
Corresponding numbers to those sold will be placed in a bag or wheel. The committee will see that the said numbers are so placed in a bag or wheel. A child will be selected by the committee from the audience assembled on the day of drawing, and the first ticket drawn would be entitled to the first gift, viz.—If a Mr. Jones purchases a ticket numbered 135, and the first ticket drawn by the child happens to be 135, Mr. Jones will be presented with Five Hundred Pounds!!!—The other gifts in similar order. Tickets on sale at the Box Office of the Royal Victoria Theatre; James Fryer's (late Paisey and Fryer's), printer, George-street; and other agents. Agents wanted for the country. All letters to be addressed to JAMES CROSBY, Royal Victoria Theatre marked outside, "Gift Enterprise."

GRAND GIFT ENTERPRISE.—Tickets and Prospectuses have been forwarded to Parramatta, Windsor, Penrith, and Newcastle, where they may be procured of the appointed agents.

SYDNEY GRAND GIFT ENTERPRISE.—Holders' tickets available THIS EVENING.

GRAND GIFT ENTERPRISE.—Tickets are now on SALE daily at the Gift Office, in front of the Theatre, from 10 till 4 o'clock; and at JAMES FRYER'S, George-street; and of the appointed agents in Woolloomooloo, Newtown, Paddington, &c.

FAREWELL DINNER to THOMAS S. MORT, Esq. This entertainment will take place THIS EVENING, Tuesday, February 17th, at the Lyceum Theatre, York-street. The Hon. E. DEAS THOMSON, Esq., C.B., Chairman. Dinner will be served at half-past 7 o'clock precisely. The Boxes of the Theatre will be reserved for ladies, and every gentleman attending the dinner will be privileged to introduce the ladies of his family upon his written order. The box entrance will be opened at 9 o'clock. W. G. PENNINGTON, Hon. Secretary.

CREMORNE ANNIVERSARY (EASTER) PRESENT.—Grand distribution of upwards of one thousand pounds sterling, divided into 229 presents. First present, £600; 2nd, £100; 3d, £50; 4th, £25; and 225 at one guinea each. Tickets 2s. 6d. each. They will give free admission to the gardens (steamer fares included) at any one fête until Easter Monday. Further particulars in the course of the week.

CREMORNE PIC-NIC GARDENS.—Arrival and engagement of Mr. BRUCE, from the Royal Gardens, Vauxhall, London; Portobello Gardens, Dublin; and pyrotechinist to her Majesty, the Lord Lieutenant, and nobility of Ireland. As a further guarantee of Mr. Bruce's superior ability in his profession, it is sufficient to mention that he manufactured the fireworks for the far-famed "Peace Exhibition," at Dublin. (See ILLUSTRATED NEWS.) Mr. Bruce will give his first display on MONDAY next, 23rd instant.

THE ILLAWARRA AGRICULTURAL BALL.—A Select Ball, to commemorate the 13th anniversary of the Illawarra Society, will be held at the Brighton Hotel, Wollongong, on THURSDAY next, the 19th instant.
Gentlemen's tickets ... ... 12s. 6d.
Ladies' tickets ... ... 10s.
Double tickets ... ... 20s.
Can be obtained from the Stewards by applying to Mr. JOHNSON, Brighton Hotel.
N.B. The Vauxhall German Band is engaged for the occasion.

DANCING.—Mr. W. CLARK'S subscription Assembly takes place THIS EVENING, 205, Pitt-street.

CONCERT.—THEATRICALS OUTDONE.—A Concert every Night, at W. RINGLAND'S, Fortune of War, Pitt-street.

MRS. ACUTT, Professor of Dancing, Calisthenic, and other exercises, so highly recommended by the faculty in England for their beneficial effects, has recommenced her morning classes at her residence, 6, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, in addition to which she is now forming a class for Saturday afternoon; also an evening class for ladies desirous of improving themselves in the fashionable dances. To commence on the 3d of March, 1857.

EDWARD RIVER RACES, 1857.—
STEWARDS.
Lawrence Cockburn, Esq., JP.
Edward John Bloxham, Esq.
Bayley Allan, Esq.
John Capel, Esq.
Edward Firebrace, Esq.
P. Brongham, Esq., J.P.
John Tyson, Esq., J.P.
Benjamin Holmes, Esq., J.P.
———, Judge.
TUESDAY, MAY 5.
FIRST RACE.—The Maiden Plate of 65 sovs., for all horses that never ran an advertised race; one mile and a half heats. Entrance, £6 6s. Weight for age.
SECOND RACE.—The Publicans' Purse of 50 sovs. with a sweep of five added; mile and a half heats; weight for age. Entrance, £5.
THIRD RACE.—The Ladies' Purse of 40 sovs. with a sweepstake of £4 added; three miles; one event; Homebush Welter weights. Entrance, £4.
SECOND DAY.
FIRST RACE.—The Deniliquin Town Plate of 10 sovs., with a sweepstake of £5 added; three miles, one event; weight for age. Winners of either of the previous races to carry 7 lbs. extra. Entrance, £10.
SECOND RACE.—Hurdle race of 30 sovs., with a sweepstakes of £4 added; one event, two miles, over six leaps 3ft. 9in. high. Entrance £3.
THIRD RACE.—Stockman's Purse of 20 sovs.; once round the course: to be ridden by hired stockmen of the Murrumbidgee district; catch weights. Entrance £2.
FOURTH RACE.—Consolation Stakes of £30 with a sweep of £3 added, for all beaten horses, to be handicapped by the stewards; 1½ mile heats, one event. Entrance £3.
RULES.
Homebush rules will be strictly enforced.
In all cases there shall be three entrances or no race; no person to enter a horse unless the bona fide property of a subscriber to the race fund of two guineas, except for the Stockman's Purse, for which one guinea will qualify. No publican to be allowed a booth on the course, unless a subscriber of £15 to the race fund. All entrances must be made under sealed cover, to the stewards, between 7 and 8 o'clock (naming horse and colours of the rider, and enclosing entrance fee and sweeps) on the evening previous to the race, at the Wanderer Inn, Queanbeyan. The decision of the stewards in all cases to be final.
C. EDWARDS, Hon. Sec.

PUBLIC MEETINGS in connection with the Congregational Conference:—
On TUESDAY EVENING, a meeting on Religious Revivals, will be held in the Congregational Church, Redfern.
On WEDNESDAY EVENING a Conversazione will be held in the School-room of the Congregational Church, Pitt-street. Tea will be provided. Admission, 1s.
On THURSDAY EVENING a meeting on Colonial Missions will be held in the Congregational Church, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.
Each service will commence at 7 o'clock.

SYDNEY BETHEL UNION.—The Annual General Meeting of this Institution will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, 19th instant, in the New Hall of the School of Arts, Pitt-street. Ministers of religion, ladies, mariners, and all other persons favourable to the Sydney Bethel Union, are respectfully invited to attend. The chair will be taken at 7 o'clock precisely by Samuel North, Esq., Water Police Magistrate. L. E. THRELKELD, minister.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH, SURRY HILLS.—A Meeting of the members of the Church of England, residing on the Surry Hills and its vicinity, will be held in the Parochial School-room, Albion-street, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 19th instant. As business of a very important nature connected with the early opening of the Church, and other matters of interest will be brought under the consideration of the meeting, the attendance of the parishioners and of all who desire to promote the cause of Church extension, is very earnestly requested. The chair will be taken at half-past 7 o'clock. Surry Hills, 13th February, 1857.

THE MUTUAL BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.—A Sale of the right to receive advances upon Shares, will take place at the Society's Office, 231, George-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday, the 17th instant, at half-past 3 p.m.
Intending Shareholders are informed that in consequence of the number of Shares now issued the Entrance Fee has been raised to forty-five shillings per Share, and will progressively be increased with the number of Shareholders. Shares, and every information as to the repayment of Loans from this Society, may be obtained of the Secretary daily between the hours of 10 and 4. By order of the Board of Directors.
J. R. TREEVE, Secretary.
February 17th, 1857.

IMPORTANT.—A Meeting of the Shareholders of the H. R. N. S. N. Company will be held at the Metropolitan Hotel, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th inst., at 12 o'clock.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS in the Hunter River New Steam Navigation Company.—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you of my intention to offer myself for the vacant seat in the direction of the Company, occasioned by the departure of Edwin Hickey, Esq., to Europe, and solicit the favour of your vote and interest on the day of election, viz., 2nd March. Should the choice fall on myself, it will afford me the highest satisfaction to give my best services to advance the interests of the shareholders at all times.
I remain, Ladies and Gentlemen, your obedient servant,
ALEX. DODDS.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS of the Hunter River New Steam Navigation Company.—GENTLEMEN,—Two vacancies have occurred in your directory, and I have been requested to come forward as a candidate for the office of Director. I therefore beg leave to offer myself, in the hope that I may be found worthy of your votes. Should I have the honour of being elected by you, I shall devote my best endeavours on behalf of your interests; and I hope to be able to co-operate with my brother Directors with zeal and effect, in securing the prosperity of so great a public good as that afforded by your Company.
I have the honour to be, Gentlemen, your most obedient servant,
W. HEUGH.
West Maitland, February 13th, 1857.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—In Insolvency.—In the insolvent estate of ALEXANDER FREDERICK DAVID GREVILLE—A Special Meeting of the Creditors in the above named Estate will be holden on TUESDAY, the seventeenth day of March next, at the hour of eleven of the clock in the forenoon, at the office of Mr. T. E. WEEDON, solicitor, No. 223, George-street, Sydney, for the purpose of giving the Official Assignee directions as to the equity suit and criminal prosecution, and to consider an offer for the purchase of the assets of the estate. Dated this twelfth day of February, A.D. 1857.
JOHN MORRIS, Official Assignee of the said estate.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the inclemency of the weather, the Fancy Bazaar in aid of the Congregational Chapel, Wollongong, was postponed till THURSDAY next, the 19th instant.

TENDERS are required for enclosing Four Acres of Land at Point Piper. For particulars apply to Mr. GORMAN, Messrs. Mort and Co.

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.—A vacancy for a junior Clerk having occurred in this bank, applications for the appointment will be received by the Manager, on TUESDAY afternoon, the 17th instant, and the following morning. EDWARD WRENCH, General Manager. Sydney, 16th February, 1857.

A SMALL COTTAGE, with garden or orchard, wanted by a person employed in Sydney during the day. Must be within easy reach of public conveyance to town, and rent low. The water-side preferred. Address 3 Z. Y., HERALD Office.

A GENTLEMAN, who has had several years' colonial experience, and possesses a thorough knowledge of the general routine of business, would be glad to meet with an Engagement. He has always held situations of the most confidential nature, and can offer the most unexceptionable references. Address R. M. A., HERALD Office.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted. Apply 74, Castlereagh-street.

AS HEAD WAITER, or Single Handed, by a steady young man, who understands his business, with good references. Address H. T., HERALD Office.

A GENTLEMAN, who has been connected with the London and Melbourne Press, desires an Engagement, either as sub-editor, reporter, or reader. Address SCRIBLERUS, HERALD Office.

A RESPECTABLE Young Man wants a Situation as Storekeeper on a station; he has no objection to do a little carpenter's work in his spare time. Satisfactory reference given. Address, A.P.S., HERALD Office.

A MARRIED COUPLE, and one single gentleman or two single gentlemen, can obtain Board and Residence in a quiet respectable family, where there are no children, and in a very healthy locality. For cards of address apply to S. BENNETT and CO., opposite the Market.

A GOVERNESS Wanted for the country. English, French, and music required. Address X. Y. Z., care of Messrs. Flower, Salting, and Co., Hunter-street. References expected.

BOY wanted, to drive a Baker's cart. Apply to No. 244, Kent-street.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, by a highly respectable Young Man, a Situation as above, or in any capacity of trust and responsibility; is a good penman, and thorough accountant. Address E. W., HERALD Office.

BOAT WANTED.—A Skiff, about 17 feet on the keel, copper fastened, complete with pair of paddles and pair of oars, boat-hook, mast and sail, and with mooring tackle. Must be recently built and warranted sound in every respect. Any private party, having an article answering the above description and inclined to dispose of the same at a moderate price, will please address H. F., box 135, Post Office, Sydney.

BALMAIN.—A strictly Protestant General Servant wanted, in a small family, one who can wash and iron well. Address, Mrs. SHADLER, No. 5, Hunter-street East.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY of SYDNEY.—The Managership of this Bank being vacant, the Directors are prepared to receive applications until the 16th day of March next, from gentlemen who may desire to offer themselves as candidates for the office. Every application will be regarded as confidential. By order of the board. JOHN HARKNESS, acting manager. Sydney, 6th February.

CEDAR and COALS WANTED.—40,000 feet prime Cedar; about 100 or 120 tons Coals, wanted. Delivery taken this week, for a vessel. Apply, stating price, to HENRY FISHER, 25, Lower George-street. Sydney, 17th February, 1857.

CELLAR.—Wanted a Large Dry Cellar. Address J. E. BLAKE, 14, Macquarie-place.

CARRIERS Wanted for the Yass District. Apply on FRIDAY next, at 11 o'clock, to Mr. ALEXANDER MACKAY, at the office of Messrs. Thacker and Co.

HORSE-SHOEING SMITHS Wanted. Apply to Mr. WILLIAM CLEMENTS, M.R.C.V.S., H.E.I.Co.'s Horse Repository, Bligh-street.

LOADING for BURROWA. Apply at 208, Elizabeth-street South. JOHN PRING.

MACHINE RULER Wanted. SANDS and KENNY, 231, George-street.

MORNING GOVERNESS.—Wanted by a Lady who can be well recommended, an engagement in the above capacity, in the vicinity of Wynyard-square, George, and Fort streets. A line addressed to ALPHA, Balmain Post-office, will meet with immediate attention.

MEDICAL.—A Partner or Assistant required by a Surgeon in extensive practice; a London diploma with a partner indispensable; or an assistant, with good testimonials. Apply to Mr. F. BENNETT, 225, George-street.

PLASTERER Wanted, for a job a few miles out of Sydney. BEAUMONT and WALLER, builders, Castlereagh-street.

REQUIRED, a situation as Tutor, or Assistant Teacher. Satisfactory references given. Address ALPHA, Herald Office.

RESIDENT and VISITING TUTOR.—A Gentleman, prepared with references to the friends of pupils whose studies he has long directed, desires an engagemetn to teach classics, mathematics, and French (acquired in Paris). Address V. Q., HERALD Office.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Wanted an active single Man to manage a Sheep and Cattle Station, in the district of Liverpool Plains. None but competent parties need apply. MARTYN and COMBES, George-street, Sydney. 13th February, 1857.

SCRAP IRON wanted in any quantity. Apply immediately to L. and S. SPYER and CO., Wynyard-square.

STEWARD.—Wanted to proceed to England; to a really competent Man liberal wages will be given. None but a first-rate man need apply, at Hunter River New Steam Navigation Company's Wharf.

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT of the Sydney Synagogue desires to engage (at a salary of £104 per annum) the services of a competent Teacher, to afford Hebrew instruction (on certain fixed days) to the Jewish children attending the National School. Applications in writing will be received by the Board up to FRIDAY, the 27th instant. By order of the President. JULIAN E. SOLOMONS, Secretary Sydney Synagogue. Synagogue Chambers, Sydney, 15th February, 1857.

TO PRINTERS.—Wanted, Two Compositors, at the HERALD Office, Goulburn. Permanent situations, no night work.

TO MEDICAL MEN.—Wanted a Surgeon to proceed by a ship to India, and leave there or proceed home. Apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., 1, Margaret-st.

TO DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted two thoroughly experienced Hands. PERRY, BROTHERS, King-street.

TO PRINTERS.—Wanted, a Compositor and Pressman. Apply to C. T. SANDON, 171, George-street.

WANTED, an active Lad. Apply at the City Wine Vaults, 123, George-street.

WANTED, a good Millwright; references required. RICHARD DAWSON.

WANTED, a Pork Butcher, that can make small goods, at J. GIBBINS', 522, George-street South.

WANTED, in a small family, a General Servant of good character. Apply at No. 37, Hunter-street, near Pitt-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a middle aged Woman, as Housekeeper and Servant, for the country. Mrs. GLUE, 48, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, a tidy active young Woman, as Nurse and to assist with the housework; wages, 9s. per week. Apply to Mrs. JOSEPH BRADY, near the Newtown railway station.

WANTED, a Cook, Second Steward, and Boy. Apply on board the WILLIAM IV. steamer, at Waterview Bay, Balmain, at 10 a.m. THIS DAY.

WHEELWRIGHTS WANTED. Apply to WILLIAM BULL, George-street. Also, a Blacksmith, to fit up axletrees.

WANTED, a Man, to salt and deliver meat. Apply to Mr. CLEEVE, Charlotte-place.

WANTED, a Shipping Clerk; one who can speak the languages. Apply, at 12 o'clock, to Mr. CLEEVE, Charlotte-place.

WANTED, a smart active Man as indoor Porter, who can produce satisfactory testimonials. Apply to FOSS, SON, and CO., 70, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, by a respectable steady Man a situation either in a store or Drayman, or would take the management of two or three gardens in the vicinity of Sydney. Address C. K., Half-way House, Paddington; or Mrs. Pawsey's, 22, King-street.

WANTED, a Man, to drive a horse and make himself useful. Apply Mr. WHITE, Petersham.

WANTED to DISPOSE OF, a Business realising £1 per day clear of all expenses. Capital required, £100. Apply W. WALKER, No. 2, Bathurst-street East.

WANTED, a respectable Girl about 16. Apply 45, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, a Girl, to assist in Housework. Apply to Mrs. SCOTT, 24, York-street.

WANTED, [illegible] respectable Young Man, a situation as [illegible]er, or to make himself useful in a Store or A[illegible]om. Good references. Apply P.O.N., HERALD Office.

WANTED, [illegible] Good General Servant. Apply to 15, Castle[illegible]-street.

WANTED, [illegible] respectable Woman as General Servant in a small family; part of the washing put out. Also, a Girl to [illegible] and to two children, and make herself generally useful. Apply 21, Botany-street, Chippendale.

WANTED, a stout Lad as Butcher. Enquire H. WAIT, 32, King-street.

WANTED, a Female General Servant. Apply to Mrs. O'NEILL, 484, George-street South.

WANTED, a Married Couple; the man as groom, and his wife as housekeeper, cook, and general servant. English people preferred. None but thoroughly competent persons need apply, to whom liberal wages will be paid. Mr. RANDLE'S Office, Bligh-street. 13th February.

WANTED Two Female Servants, one as Housemaid and Laundress, the other as Cook. Apply at the Steam Engine Inn, George-street South.

WANTED, a Man as Cook, at an Hotel in the interior; also, a Young Woman, as Housemaid and to wait at table. A married couple, without encumbrance, would be preferred. Apply to J. G. WALLER and CO., Wynyard-square.

WANTED to Rent for a term, a good orangery, &c. Address D. B. A., Pelham's Hotel, York-street.

WANTED to Purchase Colonial Oats and Barley, at FERRIS' Stores, Pitt-street, near the Theatre.

WANTED, by middle of next month, a comfortable House, of at least six rooms, kitchen, &c., &c., within three miles of the Post Office. Letter, stating particulars as to locality, accommodation, rent, &c., will be attended to by addressing to Box 108, Post Office. Near the Harbour preferred.

WANTED, for the German Club an active Young Man as Waiter.

WANTED, a situation as Nursery Governess and to do needlework. Address J. C., 194, Sussex-st. South.

WANTED, a Waiter and Kitchen-man. Apply at the Rainbow Tavern, between 9 and 10 o'clock.

WANTED, an active Lad as an Apprentice to the Bookbinding business. Apply 67, Clarence-street, near Erskine-street.

WANTED, a respectable Married Couple. Apply at the Cottage of Content, corner of Pitt and Bathurst streets.

WANTED, a good strong Horse, suitable for a spring cart, must be accustomed to town work. Apply to ROSSITER and LAZARUS, George-street.

WANTED, a Nursemaid. Apply at No. 6, Elizabeth-terrace, Upper William-street.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, about 15, to attend on children. Apply, for address, to Mr. KIDMAN, South Head Road.

WANTED, by a respectable Young Person, a situation as Parlour and Housemaid. Apply to the Rev. Mr. SHARP, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo. References if required.

WANTED, immediately, in a Public School, as Assistant and to do Needlework, an English Female. Apply to W. B. HAIGH, labour agent, 2, Pitt-street, opposite the Union Bank.

WANTED, an active Boy to make himself useful about a house. Apply at Mrs. BUCKNELL'S, Newtown.

WANTED, a General House Servant (English or Scotch). Testimonials of character indispensable. Apply to Mrs. WALTER CHURCH, 6, Lower Fort-street.

WANTED, a good General House Servant. Apply to Mrs. MORRIS, 20, Bay-street, Glebe.

WANTED, by WEDNESDAY, Shepherds and Married Couple for stations at Yass; also, on THURSDAY, a few shepherds (old hands) for lambing down at Kamarucka, Twofold Bay. Apply to OLIVER STAINES, Labour Office, corner of King and Castlereagh streets; also several married couples, without families, for farm, house, and other employments.

WANTED, a respectable English or Scotch Girl, not less than 16, to nurse one child and do needlework. Apply to Mrs. W. B. TOOTH, Rose Hall, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, two Female Servants; one as Cook and Laundress, the other as Nurse and Housemaid. Good references required. Apply 11, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a good Tinman. Apply at J. PARTRIDGE'S, Bathurst-street East.

WANTED, by two Gentlemen, a furnished and spacious Bedroom, or two small ones, with partial board, where there are no other lodgers kept (Woolloomooloo preferred). Address, stating terms, K. Y., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a Young Man, lately arrived in Sydney, a situation in a solicitor's or other office, or any other respectable employment. The highest references can be given. Address, W. T., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a Young Woman as General Servant. Apply to Mrs. REES, Penalt, Upper William-street.

WANTED, a Saleswoman, for a country Drapery Store—one used to the millinery preferred. Apply at BRANDON'S, 157, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a Scotch or English Country Girl, who can milk well. Apply at 116, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a Lad from 12 to 15 years of age, to make himself generally useful at a country store. Apply THIS FORENOON, to Messrs. HOW, WALKER, and CO., Circular Quay. 17th February, 1857.

WANTED.—A Lady wishes to find Employment; she is fully competent to execute the finest needlework. She would prefer employment at her home, as she resides at some distance from town. Address W. P., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a competent Governess, for the country. Apply to Mrs. CAPPS, Registry Office, 15, King-st.

WANTED, a Woman, to come and wash two days in the week. Apply to Mrs. HUNT, Phillip-street North.

WANTED, a Partner, to join the advertiser in the Timber Trade. He must possess experience, energy, and capital of not less than £300. Confidence may be relied on. Address J. P. K., HERALD Office.

WANTED, an Apprentice to the Bootmaking. Apply E. FEENY, South Head Road.

WANTED, a Painter. Apply to E. CURTISS, 86, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a Needlewoman to work in the House. Apply to Mrs. HARRIS, 2, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, an Experienced English or Scotch Housemaid, accustomed to wait at table. Apply to Mrs. ROBERTSON, private door, Union Bank, between 10 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED, a Married Couple, and without encumbrance, the man as Cook, the wife as General Servant. To competent persons, highest wages given. Apply at Ship Inn, Sussex-street.

WANTED, by a trustworthy Person, of English and colonial experience, a situation in a store, warehouse, or any respectable business, would keep a set of books, solicit orders, or collect accounts if required. Satisfactory references. Apply to N. N. HERALD Office.

WANTED a good General House Servant; also, a Nurse to take charge of three children. 228, (New Buildings, George-street.

WANTED a Girl to do plain needlework. Apply to E. J. SCRIVENER, New Buildings.

WANTED a General Servant, a tidy Girl, for a small family. 35, Woolloomooloo-street.

WANTED, a Good Shingler. Enquire at Dumbarton Castle, Kent-street.

WANTED, a Working Overseer, unmarried. Apply by letter, addressed B., Club House.

WANTED, by a respectable Married Woman, a Situation to attend on a Lady going to England, a free passage would be considered a sufficient remuneration, and satisfactory references can be given. Address Nurse, Mrs. W. B. Tooth, Rose Hall, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo, where she may be seen.

WANTED, a Girl, to make herself generally useful. Apply at 93, Phillip-street.

WANTED, by a Young Lady, a Situation in a Country Store; understands millinery and the drapery business. Address E. C., 194, Sussex-street South.

£600 TO £800.—Wanted to purchase, for cash, a well-built house, containing 4 or 5 rooms, within a mile or two of the Sydney Post Office. A good well of water indispensable. Apply to W. DEANE, solicitor, 63, Hunter-street.

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TO THE EDITOR OF THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—Sir,—The accompanying statement of my business transactions with Messrs. J. N. Smith and Co., of London, under a special agreement, I will thank you to insert in your valuable paper, at your earliest convenience, being desirous that not only my private friends but the mercantile community generally may be fully impressed with my reasons for defending the action at law of Messrs. J. N. Smith and Co., in the case Smith and others versus Toogood. My declining to acknowledge the shipment of goods, per Vimeira, was not in consequence of the unprecedented rise of wines and spirits in England, for I offered to the firm here (Smith, Campbell, and Co.) to receive an equitable proportion of each article shipped on board this vessel, to the extent of the sum agreed upon to be invested, but I declined, for reasons easy of comprehension on perusal of the documents of agreement; and, acting upon the same principle, I am determined to pursue a similar course in the event of the firm issuing proceedings to try the validity of the shipments per Ascendant and Gipsy Queen, since arrived.

In July, 1852, whilst on a visit to England, I entered into an arrangement with J. N. Smith, Alexander Campbell, and Benjamin Buchanan, the former of Leadenhall-street, London, the two latter of Sydney,—the London firm being J. N. Smith and Co.,—the Sydney firm trading as Smith, Campbell, and Co. Under this deed of agreement Messrs. J. N. Smith and Co. covenanted—firstly, to purchase and pay for such merchandise, &c., as the said Alfred Toogood shall by writing require, to the extent in value of, but not exceeding in any one year, £3000, or in any one quarter of a year the sum of £750; and the said A. Toogood shall and will forward instructions to the said J. N. Smith and Co., through the Sydney firm, as to the purchase of such goods, and will, during the execution of this agreement, issue to the said J. N. S. and Co. orders for goods for not less than £650, and not exceeding £750 or thereabouts, quarterly; secondly, that such merchandise, &c., shall be bought from or through such parties as A. T. shall, by writing direct, or from such parties as the said A. T. shall have entered into any contract for; but in case these parties fail to deliver the goods, then J. N. S. and Co. are to be at liberty to purchase, at the current market prices, goods, merchandise, &c., of a similar kind and sort as those ordered or contracted for; the other clauses are relative to the per centage, commission, responsibility, &c., until I come to the last—a very material one: it states that this agreement shall be in force for three years, determinable nevertheless by either of the parties giving six months' notice to the other to dissolve this agreement. Now, by this agreement J. N. S. and Co. engage themselves for three years to execute my orders quarterly to the extent of £750, but not less than £650—in fact, the difference of £100 was inserted to bear either party harmless, and to cover any incidental rise or fall in the market value of the goods ordered for shipment, and in this and no other light was it contemplated either by the prior of the firm (of J. N. S. and Co.) or myself upon entering into this agreement; as a proof, Mr. S. required of me a tariff of the articles required to the expected cost amount of the agreement for immediate shipment, and of whom to be purchased—(by the second clause it will be perceived that this portion of the arrangement is likewise left at my disposal with a proviso)—for the time being. I empowered this firm to ship an assortment of articles as below specified, which Mr. S. and myself calculated at the time would be the approach the quarterly investments of moneys agreed upon to be expended, and which were to be continued as near as circumstances permitted, until hearing from me after my arrival at Sydney, to which city I was making preparations to return.

The goods ordered were—
10 hogsheads brandy
20 ditto rum, W. I., 32 o.p.
300 cases gin, anchor brand
200 casks Dunbar's ale and porter
20 casks (qu.) sherry
250 cases old tom
25 ditto cherry brandy
20 hogsheads stout.

On the 18th July, 1853, after my return to Sydney, I addressed a letter to J. N. S. and Co., to the following effect:—"The goods you are shipping on my account I wish you to make a slight alteration in future shipments, as some of the articles do not answer as well as expected. Until further instructions the enclosed list of the articles I require must you will please ship on my account as near as you can by each quarterly shipment." Of course this was to be understood in accordance with our agreement, I having the power by clause second to make such alterations from time to time to meet the desiderata of my business. The alterations specified were as follows, and not having received any advice at that period of the unlooked for change in the value of these goods in the London market, I calculated the alteration would not in any way increase the cash amount of liability. The goods ordered were—
20 hogsheads brandy
10 ditto rum, 30 o.p.
200 cases gin, key brand
200 cases old tom
25 cases cherry brandy
200 casks Byass' bottled beer
20 hogsheads stout.

By this calculation, it is evident the spirit of the agreement was continued intact. On the 29th August, 1853, I again addressed this firm, stating, "In answer to yours of 26th May, 1853, I beg to inform you that I forwarded, per Phantom (18th July, 1853), instructions to you to make some alterations in the future shipments on my account. Mr. Campbell having told me to write to you direct, and explain what I want, as 'he does not understand our understandings.' I shall, therefore, write you from time to time a list of goods I shall most require, &c., &c. My hotel (the Rainbow) being now in full trade, takes up the whole of my time, which is the only excuse I have for not sending you an extension of orders, &c." This letter was written in answer to J. N. S. and Co.'s letter of the 26th May, 1853, stating, "We were in expectation of receiving, ere this, a communication from you as to extended shipments, irrespective of the orders you left with us for quarterly shipments, &c., &c." On the 31st December, 1853, they acknowledge receipt of my letter of 18th July, 1853, but prior to this, notwithstanding the great and unexpected rise in the wine and spirit markets, they shipped on my account the same quantity of goods ordered, when I was in England, to meet the sum agreed to be invested—say £750 quarterly; but not to be exceeded. The first shipment of any material consequence in breach of this covenant, was the shipment on board of the Duke of Wellington, in March, 1854, which, on the vessel's arrival, Messrs. Smith, Campbell, and Co. presented me the bill of lading. This I declined to receive; the invoice amount of the shipment so far exceeding our engagement, but stated I should not object to receive a proportion according to our contract. Upon this, Mr. Campbell represented that the cargo was in a damaged state, and, as, consequently, the damaged portion would have to be sold for the benefit of the underwriters, the residue of the goods would not, in all probability, exceed the terms of the agreement. Not to appear captious, I foolishly agreed to acknowledge the shipment, and the result has been an expensive law suit for goods afterwards landed, ex Vimeira. On the 1st July, 1854, this firm advise goods shipped per the Vimeira to the value of £1594 1s. 4d., which I positively declined to receive beyond an equal division of the goods invoiced, to the extent of £750, according to agreement, the sum to be quarterly invested—this S., C., and Co. would not listen to, insisting upon my taking the whole or none. The goods were landed in November, 1854, and sold at auction 18th January, 1855. On the 12th February, S., C., and Co. issued proceedings against me for the amount of loss between the invoice cost, &c., &c., and the result of the sale at auction, to which they add beyond the very liberal commission granted in the agreement—5 per cent. upon the auction returns—altogether leaving a loss of £706 upon a shipment of £1594, and this firm actually proceeded to these extremities in the face of the agreement stipulating a specific sum was only to be invested in goods in any one quarter of a year, and I having full power to order such goods, wares, &c., as I might require to that extent quarterly, but not beyond; and, acting upon this power on the 18th July, I made such alteration in the articles first ordered, increasing the quantity of some, decreasing and altogether leaving out others, to suit this market, judging in the absence of advices of the alteration of the market value of merchandise that the amount invested would be reciprocal, and within the terms of the agreement; nay, so far from giving them any latitude to increase my liabilities, on the 29th of the same month (July), in reply to their letter under date 26th May (then received) asking me for orders for extended shipments, I at once declined doing so. In the face of these facts, under the direction of the judge, a verdict has been given against me on the plea that the shipment per the Vimeira was a separate order. Well, if it can be legally twisted or construed to such a purpose, why did not J. N. S. and Co. forward goods to the amount of £750 quarterly (independent of this so-termed new order) which they were not only fully empowered but compelled to do under the agreement? Had I placed this agreement in the hands of a London banker in connexion with one here, for this firm to receive the goods on presentation of the bill of lading, would any merchants man believe J. N. Smith and Co. would have dared to attempt the proceedings they have subjected me to? On the 15th April, 1854, being dissatisfied with the mode of executing my orders for goods, I gave the required notice to dissolve our agreement; this was served on the 18th August, 1854, upon the prior of the firm, and on the 2nd November, 1854, Messrs. J. N. S. and Co. advise "we are in receipt of your memo. of the 15th April last, determining the agreement betwixt us as to forwarding goods, which we hereby accept, so that the present mission will be the last under the said agreement, and the same, therefore, ceases (thus tacitly acknowledging that the shipments per Vimeira were considered not as additional orders, but according to their ideas in conformity with the agreement entered into between us when I was in London.) We wait upon you with invoices and bill of lading for sundries in conformity with your instructions; we also value upon you for £1286 15s. 4d., bringing the same to a point, &c., &c." These bills of lading and invoices were for goods shipped on board the Ascendant, and Gipsy Queen, for the which on the vessels' arrival S., C., and Co. presented the draft, to which I made answer as in the case of the Vimeira. I am threatened with a second law suit. I shall defend it. And now having laid a simple and truthful statement of the facts before my friends, I shall leave it for them to judge whether the principle I act upon is right or wrong; but according to my ideas, if a man is disposed to invest per annum a certain amount of capital in quarterly speculation, the sum being specifically quoted, I do not understand how in common sense he can be expected to double the capital invested through change of markets. I conceive an agent, as an honourable man, would immediately pause in the purchase until receiving further instructions, not, understand me, exceeding the amount (for that he has no just power to do) but even before investing his client's money at all, upon an almost unprecedented excited market, of which his client could not have a knowledge.

I am, Sir, yours respectfully,

ALFRED TOOGOOD.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY. —IMPORTANT NOTICE.—The books of the Society CLOSE on the 28th day of February, 1857, for the current year's business.

All proposals made before that date will be ENTITLED TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PROFITS OF THE YEAR, in terms of the rules of the Society.

At the last investigation, the BONUS ADDITIONS AVERAGED CONSIDERABLY MORE THAN 2 PER CENT. PER ANNUM on all policies then entitled to participate.

COMPARATIVE EXAMPLE OF ADVANTAGES OF THIS SOCIETY OVER OTHER SIMILAR INSTITUTIONS.—AGE 40. POLICY FOR £500.

Name of Office.	Annual Premium.	Duration of Policy.	Bonus Addition.
An English Proprietary Company	10 7 1	16 years	£30 10 8
Scottish Widows' Fund (Mutual Assurance) Society	16 11 3	7 years	72 0 0
Australian Mutual Provident Society	18 2 1	4 years and 8 months	81 12 7

To meet the views of all classes an option is allowed to Members of receiving the net value of their Bonuses in cash, as they accrue from time to time, or of appropriating them to a reduction of future Annual Premiums, or according to the plan detailed at more length above, of retaining them as certain fixed additions to the benefits originally contracted for.

ROBERT THOMSON, Actuary and Secretary. Chief Office, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street. December 31, 1856.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY —MONEY to be LENT on security of City and suburban freehold property. ROBERT THOMSON, actuary and secretary. Offices, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street.

COLONIAL INSTITUTION.— SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY.

Chairman—JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq.

This company was established by a numerous body of the colonists, whose interests are identified with the advancement of colonial enterprise.

Buildings, merchandise, and chattel property insured at low rates of premium, and special arrangements entered into with proprietors of fluctuating stocks if required.

Every information given at the Office of the Company, No. 32, Bridge-street, Sydney, by the Secretary of the Company, J. S. MITCHELL.

COUNTRY AGENTS.

MAITLAND—Mr. A. Dodds
NEWCASTLE—Mr. George Mitchell
BATHURST—Mr. S. B. Serjeant
GOULBURN—Mr. R. Craig
WOLLONGONG—Mr. George Hewlett
WINDSOR—Mr. John Dawson
MORETON BAY—Mr. Henry Buckley
DUNGOG—Mr. Peter M'William
LIVERPOOL—Mr. E. Goertz
PARRAMATTA—Mr. E. Mason
MUDGEE—Messrs. Walker and Smith
PORT MACQUARIE—Mr. Horatio Tozer
CAMDEN—Mr. J. Burritt
KIAMA—Mr. H. Stobo
PENRITH—Mr. R. C. Lethbridge
SINGLETON—Mr. J. Munn
SCONE—Mr. Thomas Dangar
BRAIDWOOD—Mr. A. Vider
SHOALHAVEN—Messrs. John M'Arthur and Co.
GUNDAGAI—Messrs. Mendelson, Brothers, and Co.
TUMUT—Ditto ditto
ALBURY—Mr. H. E. Campbell
CUNDLE TOWN—Messrs. Scott and Cornish.

N.B.—There is no exemption made in the above Company from payment of losses occurring through bush fires; country properties being insured against such casualties.

SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE OFFICE, Lyons-buildings, 132, George-street.

Conducted, according to the usage at Lloyd's,

By Mr. Samuel H. Smyth.

Marine Surveyor, Captain Malcolm.

Agent and Marine Surveyor for the Port of Newcastle, Mr. W. T. Boyes.

Auckland, New Zealand, Captain Alexander Grange.

Hours of attendance from 10 till 4.

A table of the rate of premium to be obtained on application at the Office.

S. H. SMYTH, Lyons-buildings, George-street.

OLD AGE PENSIONS, OTHERWISE CALLED DEFERRED ANNUITIES.

These OLD AGE PENSIONS are secured by the Government, being specially protected by an Act of Council, to the extent of £2 per week, and the pensions of married women are also specially secured as if they were unmarried. No creditors, or the process of any court can touch a pension granted by this society in terms of the Act of Council, 14 Victoria, No. 11.

ROBERT THOMSON, actuary and secretary, to the Australian Mutual Provident Society.

Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street.

PREMIUMS REDUCED TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT.—IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of London. Capital £1,600,000.—Dwelling and Counting Houses constructed in accordance with the Building Act, of brick and stone, with slated, metal, or shingled roofs, for every hundred pounds assured, from 2s. 3d. to 2s. 9d.; buildings for storing merchandise and for trades, as above, for every hundred pounds assured, from 3s. 9d. to 5s.; weatherboard and buildings not included in the preceding, and hazardous risks, by special agreement. Ships in harbour or dock, in the Port of Sydney, with warranty not to repair, 7s. 6d.; with liberty to repair, 10s.; ships building, 15s. per cent. per annum. Losses from fire by lightning made good, and all claims adjusted and paid in Sydney. GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and CO., agents.

DERWENT AND TAMAR MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

SYDNEY BRANCH.

Ships insured in this Company are warranted free from average under five pounds per cent., unless general.

Claims for losses or average are payable by the Company at three months after settlement of the same.

Claims for loss or damage are made payable in London, if required, policies for the same being granted in triplicate.

Office, Patent Slip Wharf, Sussex-street, where applications for insurances will be received.

TOWNS and DARLEY, Agents.

THE NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, Established in 1836.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

Capital, £1,259,760.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Rates of premium from 2s. 3d. per cent. upwards, according to nature of risk. Policies issued free from average clause.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances effected at very equitable rates. Policies purchased by the Company.

ANNUAL PREMIUM FOR £100.

Age.	Without profits.	With profits.
30	£2 2 7	£2 8 0
40	2 16 8	3 3 11
50	3 13 0	4 7 4
60	5 5 3	5 16 8

Prospectuses and every information relative to rates and modes of insurance readily furnished on application to BUYERS and LEARMONTH, Agents for New South Wales, 4, Charlotte-place, Sydney.

UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.—Lectures will commence on MONDAY, the 16th February. The following are the Subjects for Lectures during the term.

For Undergraduates of the FIRST YEAR.

CLASSICS.	MATHEMATICS.
Homer, "Odyssey" v.	Arithmetic
Terence "Heauton-tim."	Geometry

SECOND YEAR.

Sallust, "Bell Jugurth."	Algebra
Ovid, "Fasti."	

For Undergraduates of the FIRST and SECOND YEARS.

CHEMISTRY.

THIRD YEAR.

Thukydides, Lib. 6, 7	Mechanics
Cicero, "Tusc. disp."	
Sophokles "Oed. Col."	
Virgil, "Georgics," L. iv.	

There will be a voluntary class in Aristotle's Ethics, three times a week.

Lectures on the French Language and Literature will be given three times a week.

Persons not being Undergraduates of the University may attend any of the above Lectures on payment of the usual fee.

H. KENNEDY, Registrar.

ALPHA COTTAGE ESTABLISHMENT, St. Leonard's North Shore.—Young ladies carefully educated for £30 and £40 per annum.

Public Works' Office, Melbourne, 20th January, 1857.

CONSTRUCTING A LINE OF TELEGRAPH between MELBOURNE and BELVOIR, via KILMORE, SEYMOUR, and BEECHWORTH.—Tenders will be received until eleven o'clock on TUESDAY, 3rd March, 1857, for constructing a line of Electric Telegraph between Melbourne and Belvoir, via Kilmore, Seymour, and Beechworth. The tenders in each case to state—

1st. The rate per mile for posts, insulators, and wires.

2nd. The rate per set for instruments.

3rd. A gross sum for the supply of a stated number of cells of battery, and a quantity of insulated copper wire, binding, screws, &c.

Plan and specification may be seen at the Office of the Superintendent of the Electric Telegraph, Melbourne.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for constructing a line of Electric Telegraph between Melbourne and Belvoir," and addressed (if by post prepaid) to the Commissioner of Public Works, Melbourne.

The Government will not necessarily accept the lowest or any tender.

L. PASLEY, Commissioner of Public Works.

NEW ZEALAND STEAM MAIL SERVICE.— Tenders will be received by the New Zealand Government from persons desirous of contracting to convey the mails by steam vessels by the following routes, viz.:—

Joint Inter-Colonial and Inter-Provincial Service.

First Route (once a fortnight).

From Sydney to Manukau
" Manukau to New Plymouth
" New Plymouth to Nelson
" Nelson to Wellington
" Wellington to Lyttelton
" Lyttelton to Otago
" Otago to Sydney.

And from Sydney to Otago
" Otago to Lyttelton
" Lyttelton to Wellington
" Wellington to Nelson
" Nelson to New Plymouth
" New Plymouth to Manukau
" Manukau to Sydney.

The vessels running the above route to call first at Manukau and Otago alternately (say one vessel to leave Sydney on the 1st, and another on the 15th of each month).

The mails brought by the European and Australian Royal Mail Company's vessels to be conveyed to New Zealand by the vessel leaving for Manukau, which is to start from Sydney within six hours after the arrival there of the English mail steamer.

Second Route (once a month).

From Sydney to Manukau
" Manukau to New Plymouth
" New Plymouth to Nelson
" Nelson to Wellington
" Wellington to Lyttelton
" Lyttelton to Otago
" Otago to Lyttelton
" Lyttelton to Wellington
" Wellington to Nelson
" Nelson to New Plymouth
" New Plymouth to Manukau
" Manukau to Sydney.

The mails brought by the European and Australian Royal Mail Company's vessels to be conveyed by each vessel running this route, which is to start from Sydney within six hours after the arrival there of the English mail steamers.

The vessels by either of the above routes to remain (weather permitting at New Plymouth) not less than twelve hours at any New Zealand port, of which at least six hours must be between sunrise and sunset.

Parties tendering to state if they are willing that Melbourne, instead of Sydney, should be the Australian port of arrival and departure, or that the vessels should call both at Sydney and Melbourne, and if so, what difference in the subsidy would be required in either case.

Tenders will be received for the joint intercolonial and interprovincial service by any other route.

Interprovincial Service (once a month).

From Manukau to Otago and back, calling going and returning at New Plymouth, Nelson, Wellington, and Lyttelton; the vessels to remain each time of calling in the port of Manukau not less than seventy-two hours, and at every other port (weather permitting at New Plymouth) not less than twelve hours, of which six hours at least to be between sunrise and sunset.

The first-named joint intercolonial and interprovincial service will be preferred, especially if the vessels call both at Melbourne and Sydney, to either of the other services, and an eligible tender will be accepted if within the amount available for the purpose.

The other joint intercolonial and interprovincial service will be preferred to the interprovincial one only, and an eligible tender for it will be accepted if the tenders for the first-named service exceed the amount available for it.

If no eligible tender for either of the first-named services be received, an eligible tender for the provincial service only will be accepted.

General Conditions for all the above Services.

1. The vessels employed to be efficient in all respects; to be not less than 150 tons register tonnage, under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, with full steam power; to be class A1 for not less than five years at the date of the commencement of the contract, and to have accommodation for not less than twenty cabin passengers (including six ladies) and twenty steerage passengers.

2. At each of the ports or places to, or at which the vessels shall touch, all such of her Majesty's mails, or other letters as shall be delivered or received thereat, to be conveyed free of charge for gratuities to the masters of the said vessels or others.

3. The mails to be delivered at and taken from some place on shore (to be designated by the Government) by the contractors, as near as possible to the usual landing-place, except at New Plymouth, where they are to be delivered and received on board.

4. The Government to have the preference as to passengers on giving notice to the agent 36 hours before the departure of the vessel at Auckland, and at any other place within two hours after its arrival. The passage money of military passengers travelling on the public service not to be required to be prepaid.

5. The contract to commence from the date of the first vessel arriving at Manukau, and to continue for two years. The subsidy to be paid quarterly at the Colonial Treasury, one month's subsidy to be kept back at each time of payment, so that the Government will always have at least the amount of one month's subsidy in hand.

6. The tenders to specify the tonnage, power, and description of vessels, and the number of days proposed for each trip.

7. Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned on or before THURSDAY, the twelfth (12th) day of March proximo, who will decide upon them, unless circumstances should render it desirable that the tenders should be referred to the Government of New Zealand for its decision.

WILLIS, MERRY, and CO.

Botts' Wharf, Sydney, February 10th, 1857.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT.—The following are the regularly appointed agents, from whom the genuine medicines may be obtained.

MELBOURNE—Mr. J. J. Walsh, Bookseller, 239, Elizabeth-street
SYDNEY—Mr. Cleary, King-street East; Mrs. Brown, Market-street West; Mr. J. Musgrave, Miller's Point; Mr. Larter, South Head Road; Mr. G. Baxter, Chemist, George-street South
ALBURY—Messrs. T. H. Mate and Co., Storekeepers
ARMIDALE—Messrs. Mather and Gilchrist, Storekeepers
BALMAIN—Mr. J. J. Glassop, schoolmaster
BOWENFELS—Mr. John M'Lennon, Storekeeper
BATHURST—Mr. Joseph Parker, Chemist
BERRIMA—Mr. James Powell, Storekeeper
BRAIDWOOD—Mr. Williams, Postmaster
BOMBALA—Mr. Solomon, Storekeeper
BUNGENDORE—Mr. S. Moss, Storekeeper
BURROWA—Messrs. Godfrey and Co., Storekeepers
BENDLONG—Messrs. Godfrey and Co., Storekeepers
CAMPERDOWN—Mr. Dole, Chemist
CANTERBURY—Mr. B. Hawthorne, Sugar Works
CASTLEREAGH—Mrs. S. Gorman, Storekeeper
CASSILIS—Mr. B. Stimpson, and Mr. Emanuel Crabb, Storekeepers
COOK'S RIVER—Mr. William Mills, Chemist
CAMPBELLTOWN—Mr. Fowler, Storekeeper; and Messrs. E. and W. Fieldhouse
CAMDEN—Mr. T. Barrett, Storekeeper
CASSILIS—Mr. Robert Byfield, Storekeeper
DUNGOG—Mr. Richard Cook, Storekeeper
DUBBO—J. B. Serisier, Storekeeper
DRAYTON—Mr. Lord, Storekeeper
GUYONG—Mr. Rew, Postmaster
GUNNING—Mr. H. Selby, Storekeeper
GOULBURN—Mr. Emanuel, and Mr. Jacob, Storekeepers
GUNDAGAI—Mr. Coyle, Storekeeper
GRAFTON—Mr. Hawthorne, Shoemaker
GAYNDAH—Mr. M. Power
GREENHILLS, SHOALHAVEN—Mr. R. H. Kemp
HARTLEY—Mr. Finn, and Mr. Jarvis, Storekeepers
KIAMA—Mr. J. Pike, Storekeeper
KEMPSEY—Mr. Thomas Bradbury, Storekeeper
LIVERPOOL—Mr. E. Goetz, Storekeeper
MOLONG—Mr. W. J. Bloomfield, and Mr. J. Murray, Storekeepers
MANNING—Mr. Montague, Storekeeper
MORPETH—Mr. O'Keefe, Storekeeper
MAITLAND—Mr. James Brady, and Mr. John Pattison, Storekeepers
MURRURUNDI—Mr. James Jenkaw, Storekeeper
MANNING RIVER—Mr. J. Newby, Storekeeper
NEWTOWN—Mr. J. B. Mummery, Chemist
NEWCASTLE—Mr. William Graves, Storekeeper
ORANGE—Mr. John Woodward
OPHIR—Mr. George Hawke, Storekeeper
OAKEY CREEK, TURON—Mr. S. Taylor, Storekeeper
PARRAMATTA—Mr. William Walker, Chemist
PENRITH—Mr. J. Robertson, and Mr. William Mathews, Storekeepers
PICTON—Mr. Molloy, Postmaster
PATERSON—Mr. William Gonner, Storekeeper
PORT MACQUARIE—Mr. M. Spence, Storekeeper
RICHMOND—Mr. J. Decker, Storekeeper
RYLSTONE—Mr. William Walton, Storekeeper
RAYMOND TERRACE—Mr. E. Doherty, Storekeeper
RICHMOND RIVER—Mr. C. Biggs, Storekeeper
SHOALHAVEN—Mr. Bailey, Storekeeper
SINGLETON—Mr. W. C. Lesley, Chemist
SCONE—Mr. Asser, Postmaster
TAMBAROORA CREEK—Mr. Long, Storekeeper
TURON—Mr. Richard Nugent, Storekeeper
TARCUTTA—Mr. James Ford, Storekeeper
WINDSOR—Mr. Richard Seymour, Saddler
WELLINGTON—Messrs. J. Drew and Co., Storekeepers
WOLLONGONG—Messrs. Hewlett and Co., Storekeepers
WAGGA WAGGA—Messrs. F. A. Tompson and Co., Storekeepers
WIDE BAY—Mr. Palmer
YASS—Messrs. Godfrey and Co.

Sold wholesale by the agent, JOHN BIRRELL, 47, King-street, Sydney.

ESTABLISHED 1840.—W. G. and A. MOORE, Auctioneers, Commission Agents, and Brokers.—Cash advanced on deeds, plate, jewellery, books, articles of vertu, and portable property of all descriptions, from 1s. to £1000. Boxes stored at 1s. a month per box, for two years, and a printed receipt given for the same. An auction held every day for the disposal of all description of portable property, and cash advanced on the same if required. Private communications strictly attended to.

DEAN'S FURNITURE WAREHOUSE, City Theatre, Market-street.—W. DEAN invites all parties furnishing either for town or country, to inspect his stock of household furniture, bedsteads, bedding, &c. ☞ DEAN'S Furniture House, City Theatre, Market-street. ☞ Goods delivered free, and fixed.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, 266, George-street.

JOHN C. HOPKINS having succeeded to the tailoring business carried on for many years by Messrs. Stone and Holle, begs to solicit a continuance of favours from patrons of the late firm, assuring them that no effort shall be wanting to secure that satisfaction in the execution of commands which has hitherto characterised the establishment.

Possessing testimonials from the first London houses, and having been favoured with highly gratifying encomiums from many gentlemen he had the pleasure of waiting upon during the four years he was foreman in the well-known house of Messrs. David Jonesand Co., J. C. H. feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in such a manner as will meet with the approbation of his patrons.

Arrangements have been made with the first houses in the west of England for a constant supply of the best cloths and doeskins, and with Scotch houses for tweeds and angolas, which J. C. H. pledges himself shall be of the best qualities and embrace every variety manufactured.

The sole agency for Nicoll's goods has been secured, and shipments of their well-known paletots will be regularly received.

Under such favourable circumstances, and by close application to business, moderate charges, and the strictest observance of punctuality, J. C. H. hopes to merit the support of those who may favour him with their patronage, and maintain for the establishment the celebrity it has always enjoyed.

266, George-street, late Stone and Holle's.

MESSRS. GILFILLAN and CO., 18, Macquarie-place (agents for Messrs. Smith, Elder, and Co., 65, Cornhill, London), beg to inform clergymen, members of the legal profession, bankers, merchants, and others, that by means of the European Mail steamers they are now in a position to deliver books, stationery, and fancy articles of all kinds, and all articles within a certain size which can be made or purchased in London, within five months from the date of the order in Sydney, at London wholesale prices, with net charges of transit. Also, reviews, magazines, &c., in two months from the date of publication. Messrs. GILFILLAN and CO. have also made arrangements with Messrs. Smith, Elder, and Co., which enable them to forward small parcels to any part of Great Britain at the lowest possible rates. Catalogues of Stationery, &c., may be had at 18, Macquarie-place.

J. COX and CO. wish to call the attention of the Legal Profession to the following works, just received:—
Archbold's Practice of the Court of Queen's Bench
Abbott on the Law of Merchant Ships and Seamen
Ayckbourne's Chancery Forms and Orders
Bayley on Bills of Exchange
Braithwaite's Epitome of Chancery Practice
Bissett on the Law of Partnership
Harrison's Digest, 2 vols.
Jarman and Bythewood's Conveyancing, &c.
Jarman's New Practice of the Court of Chancery
May's Parliamentary Practice
Shelford on the Law of Bankruptcy
——— of Insolvency
Smith's Mercantile Law
Sugden on the Law of Property
Sweet on the late Limited Liability Act
Watson on Arbitration and Awards
Williams on the Law of Executors and Administrators, new edition.

Also, a variety of standard legal works, which, with the above, are the latest editions.

J. COX and CO., Importers, 111, George-street.

J. COX and CO. beg to call the attention of the Medical Profession to the following works, ex Catherine Adamson:—
Beale on Diseases of the Liver
Barlow's Practice of Medicine
Carpenter's Manual of Physiology
——— on the Microscope
Churchill's Theory and Practice of Midwifery
Druitt's Surgeon's Vade Mecum
Erasmus Wilson on Healthy Skin
Fergusson's Practical Surgery
Fownes's Manual of Chemistry
Golding Bird's Natural Philosophy
Kirkes's Handbook of Physiology, 3rd edition
Knox's Manual of Anatomy
Quain's Anatomy, new edition, 3 vols.
Royle's Manual of Materia Medica
Symes' Principles of Surgery
Taylor's Medical Jurisprudence
Wilson's Anatomists' Vade Mecum
Williams' Principles of Medicine.

J. COX and CO., importers, 111, George-street.

J. COX and CO., Wholesale Stationers, have just received a complete assortment of Whatman's Drawing Papers, consisting of the following sizes—
Demy
Royal
Imperial
Elephant
Double imperial
Double elephant
Antiquarian

Also, a large quantity of cartoon or continuous drawing paper, and a selection of the various sizes of Dowse's patent vellum cloth.

J. COX and CO., 111, George-street.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS.—A large selection of Children's Books, instructive and amusing, printed on linen cloth, coloured and plain. Also, a choice selection of books for young persons. J. COX and CO., 111, George-street.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED, Two Speeches on the subject of Education in New South Wales, delivered in the Legislative Assembly on the 2nd and 12th December, by the Hon. Thomas Holt, Esq., M.P., on submitting his resolutions to ensure (as far as it may be practicable) the education of every child in the colony. Price sixpence; per post, eightpence. J. COX and CO., publishers, 111, George-street.

COLONIAL PUBLICATIONS.— Sydney Post Office Directory, price 21s.; per post, 22s.
The Australian Almanac, price, 7s. 6d.; ditto 8s.
Mercantile Sheet Almanac, price 1s.; ditto, 1s. 1d.
Education, by Hon. T. Holt, price 6d.; ditto, 8d.
The Deposits of Gold in Australia, by William Gardiner
The Australian Medical Journal, price per annum, 20s.

J. COX and CO., publishers, 111, George-street.

J. COX and CO. beg to call the attention of Architects and Surveyors to the following works—
Nicholson's Carpenter and Joiner
——— Builders' and Workmen's New Director
——— Practical Builder, 3 vols.
Bridge's Practical Miners' Guide
Hood on Warming Buildings
Nicholson's Principles of Architecture
——— Operative Mechanic

And a variety of architectural and engineering works.

J. COX and CO., importers, 111, George-street.

J. COX and CO. have received the following Works ex Istamboul, Catherine Adamson, &c.
Dr. Kane's Arctic Explorations, 2 vols.
M'Clure's Discovery of the North-West Passage
Yachts and Yacht-building, by a writer in BELL'S LIFE, with illustrations
Kate Coventry, a novel, by the author of Digby Grand
The Court Album, 1857
The Keepsake, by Miss Power, 1857
Hypatia, by the Rev. Charles Kingsley
Alton Locke; cheap edition
North and South, by Mrs. Gaskell
Mary Barton, by the author of North and South
Dr. Antonio; cheap edition
Coventry Patmore's Poems
Page's Advanced Text Book of Geology
Potter's Physical Optics
Professor Wilson's Works, vol. 6
Barnard's Landscape Painting
Cuzco and Lima, a visit to Peru, by George Markham
A Manual of Sea Anemones
London's Supplement to Encyclopædia of Plants
——— Works, complete
The Life of Gainsborough, by Fulcher
The Eighteenth Century, by A. Andrews, being Illustrations of the Life and Manners of our Grandfathers
The War, 1855 and 56, by W. H. Russell
Homes and Haunts of Poets and Statesmen
Nanon, or Women's War, by Dumas
The Hunchback, by Victor Hugo

Also, the standard and cheap editions of the following authors always on hand:—
Carlyle's Works, complete
Dickens' ditto, ditto
Charles Lever's ditto, ditto
Thackeray's ditto, ditto
Douglas Jerrold's ditto, ditto, &c., &c.

J. COX and CO., Importers, 111, George-street.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—HANKS and LLOYD regret exceedingly their inability of late to supply to the full extent the demands of their customers and the trade generally with the true and unrivalled Turkey Coffee, their peculiar process for concentrating its various properties having won for them such immense success. They will, however, in a few days be able to execute orders to any extent, as they are erecting their No. 2 engine, of great power, which will enable them to overcome all difficulties. In the meantime, trust the above may be deemed a sufficient apology for the non-execution of many orders now on their books. Australian Tea Mart, Sydney, February 9.

S. DARTON and CO. beg to direct attention to their superior Teas, Coffees, and other Groceries, which may be relied on as of the very first quality.
Finest Manila coffee, fresh ground, and roasted daily
Black and green teas of the best selection, and of every variety
Cheese—North Wilts and Port Cooper, &c.
Hill and Ledger's bottled fruits
Ditto salad oil
Ditto sauces
Carolina and Patna rice, &c., &c.

244, George-street, next Bank of New South Wales.

CARRIAGES ON SALE.—A very superior assortment of the above, consisting of
Two-wheeled drags
Four-wheeled ditto
Mail phaetons
Cab phaetons

Just landed, direct from the well-known manufactory of Messrs. George Hearsley and Co., of York, Ripon, and Manchester. C. B. ROBINSON and CO., Macquarie-place.

WOLLONGONG, WOLLONGONG, WOLLONGONG!!!—The Brighton Hotel, Wollongong, offers to visitors the advantage of sitting and bed rooms opening on to a lawn immediately fronting the sea, with an uninterrupted view of the ocean and surrounding scenery—close proximity to the wharf; choice wines, spirits, and beers; clean and cool beds; moderate charges, and the use of a bathing machine, by which a sea bath may at any hour be enjoyed in security and privacy. A carriage awaits the arrival of the steamers to convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. E. JOHNSON (late of Barrack-street, Sydney) proprietor.

N.B.—Good stabling, saddle horses, and carriages for hire.

TASMANIAN SEED WAREHOUSE, Hobart Town.— Mr. C. F. CRESWELL, having purchased of Mr. H. Lipscombe the above old-established business, is prepared to supply the trade and others with Agricultural, Garden, and Flower Seeds; also, Fruit Trees, Ornamental shrubs, &c., &c., upon the most reasonable terms. Murray-street, near the Custom-house, Hobart Town.

IN THE INTESTATE ESTATE of the late WILLIAM JOINER, merchant tailor, deceased.—The administrator of the above Estate begs to notify that twelve months having nearly elapsed since the date of his appointment, he is constrained to insist upon the payment of all outstanding debts on or before the last day of this present month. Mr. JOHN CROWLEY HOPKINS has succeeded to the business, and is duly authorised to receive payment of all moneys due to the estate on the premises, No. 166 (late Stone and Holle), George-street, Sydney.

THOMAS BROUGHTON, Administrator.

February 6th, 1857.

FAMILY OUTFITS at REDUCED PRICES.—Mrs. MAY begs to remind Ladies that she has every article required for families for long sea voyages, and that, on comparison, her prices will be found lower than most other houses.

Outfits amounting to £50 and over, a discount of 10 per cent. allowed

Ditto ditto ditto £30 ditto ditto, ditto ditto 5 per cent.

Ditto ditto ditto £5 ditto ditto, ditto ditto 2½ ditto.

N.B.—Orders by post from all parts of the country promptly attended to.

Address Mrs. MAY, Outfitting and Baby Linen Warehouse, 34, Hunter-street, four doors from Pitt-street.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!! SELLING OFF!!! C. KINGSBOROUGH begs to acquaint his customers that he will commence THIS DAY, 10th February, 1857, to Clear Out the whole of his present stock of drapery, hosiery, and ready-made clothing, &c., &c., belonging to his old establishment, 226, George-street, the lease of which will expire in a few weeks.

All the goods will be marked in plain figures at less than English prices.

The business will be carried on as usual at his new establishment, 230, George-street.

JUST OPENED a case of children's and ladies' underclothing, in chemises, night dresses, petticoats, drawers, and flannels, in good style and workmanship, at W. READING'S, Berlin House, 234, George-street.

WAX FLOWERS and FRUIT, raised needlework in wool, bead work and embroidery. Lessons given in these accomplishments daily, at W. READING'S, Berlin House, 234, George-street.

RICE STRAW BONNETS now on SALE— GREGORY, CUBITT, and CO., 3, Wynyard-street.

FOR SALE by the undersigned—
Taylor's porter
Ind and Coope's strong Romford ale
Champagne, various brands
Hunt's single and double diamond port wine
Cave brandy, pale cognac
Lowndes' old tom
Swaine, Boord, and Co.'s old tom
St. Arine candles
Turkey and Patna opium
Jamaica and African ginger
Starch—Berger's, and Coleman's
Blue—Coleman's
Pickles, Weybrow's, pints and quarts
Bottled fruits
American and Mid-Kent hops
Split peas
N. W. and Cheshire cheese
Moir's preserved salmon
Manila cigars, No. 3, duty paid
Wedge axes
Blasting powder
Lead piping, half-inch
Crown window glass, assorted sizes, 10 x 8 to 20 x 14
Three-bushel bags
Navy canvas, Nos. 2 to 6
Tent duck, 27-inch
Canvas tents
Horsehair
CART, DOG-CART, and OMNIBUS WHEELS

INVOICES of boots and shoes, moleskin trousers, doeskin and alpaca clothing, pilot jackets and trousers, blue serge shirts, saddlers' serge ribbons, book muslins, cotton pocket handkerchiefs, Turkey red cottons, Nevill and Co.'s cotton hosiery assorted, robes de Paris, ⅞ furniture chintz, 9-8 prints and shirtings, linen ticks, quilts and toilet covers, white and grey drills, carpetings and druggets, Louis Bonner's hats and caps, Christy's black Paris, drab beaver, and merino hats, packing papers, wine corks, French's gold watches, &c.

GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., Counting-house, 213, George-street.

EASTERN PREMIUM STOVES.—The true American baking stoves, for any sort of fuel. Also, chairs, in packages; tubs, nests; buckets, and other American goods. Country storekeepers and others will find their orders promptly executed. SAMUEL HEBBLEWHITE, 100, York-street.

PATENT CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER adapted for sea voyages, the country, and for general use in hot climates, where cooling draughts are matters of necessity. Sold in bottles, price 2s. each. Also, the Syrups of Lemon and Raspberries, free from the usual impurities. GEORGE HEATH, pharmaceutical chemist, 157, George-street, Sydney.

WOOLLOOMOOLOO TEA WAREHOUSE, 53, William-street.
Prime Bacon 1s. 3d., per lb.
Cheese, 1s. 6d. per lb.
Butter, 1s. 3d., per lb.

ANDREW FAIRFAX.

PORT WINE.—On SALE, ex Rodney and Primula, Page's port wine, bottled in Oporto, in one dozen cases. E. C. WEEKES and CO., George-street.

CAPE BARLEY and Seed Oats, field peas and horse beans, on SALE at FERRIS' Stores, Pitt-street.

TIMBER YARD, ALBION WHARF, MARKET-STREET—
50,000 feet pitch pine T and G boards, 1, 1½ inch
50,000 feet Baltic joists
20,000 feet rough Baltic boards
30,000 feet white pine T and G flooring boards
1,000 posts and rails, 6 feet palings
20,000 feet rough and planed one side, 1⅛ inch
30,000 feet Baltic deals, 1½, 2, 2½, and 3 inches
20,000 feet battens, 50,000 colonial and H. T. shingles
Doors and sashes in great variety, and colonial timber of every description
30,000 Bangor slates, best quality.

BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER.

COALS, COALS.—A. A. and Murpeth Coals. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

COALS!—Best Newcastle A. A. Company's Coals, at J. SHOOBERT'S, Maitland Wharf, Sussex-street.

ENGLISH COALS. A Parcel on SALE. Apply to BRIERLEY, DEAN and CO., 178, George-street.

SCOTT and JOLLY'S TIMBER WHARF, Bathurst-street.—The above have always on hand an assortment of the undermentioned Timber, &c., which they are prepared to sell at the lowest market rates, and in lots to suit purchasers.
T. and G. pine flooring boards
Deals—Baltic and others, assorted
Hobart Town timber, sizes
Ditto ditto laths
Ditto ditto shingles
Forest oak ditto
Ironbark ditto
Posts, rails, and palings—ironbark
Doors and sashes
Slates—best Bangor
Cement—Portland and Roman
Fire bricks—English
Galvanised iron
Circular saws—a large assortment
Treenails, spokes, stock felloes, dray poles, shafts, dray planks, &c.

To CONTRACTORS and others.—Hardwood supplied from their Steam Saw Mills at Cabramatta, consisting of beams, joists, studs, rafters, weather-boards, battens, &c., in any quantity, and at the shortest possible notice.

TO BUILDERS, &c.—Lean can be had at Tennant's yard, near Metropolitan Hotel, Pitt-street.

TIMBER YARD, CIRCULAR QUAY.— 50,000 feet T. and G. flooring boards
20,000 ditto clear pine, ⅝, ¾, and 1 in.
50,000 ditto Baltic and Oregon deals
40,000 ditto cedar and hard pine, all thicknesses
100,000 ditto colonial joists, scantling, shingles, and paling
100,000 ditto colonial and American laths and pickets
30,000 Hobart Town shingles, palings, and battens
1,000 doors, sashes, and French casements.

W. H. ROLFE, Timber Yard, Circular Quay.

PITCH PINE FLOORING BOARDS, now landing, ex Robert Treat, for SALE. W. H. ROLFE, Timber Yard, Circular Quay.

LIME.—Best kiln-burned screened Lime, at 1s. 9d. per bushel. BLAXLAND'S, Albion Wharf.

FIREWOOD.—Cut Firewood, in short billets, at 20s. per ton. BLAXLAND'S, Albion Wharf.

A SINGLE CYLINDER PRINTING MACHINE (Napier's) is for SALE at the HERALD Office. It is in good order, and fit for work forthwith, either by steam or flywheel.

ALLSOPP'S No. 3 BURTON ALE, on SALE by the undersigned, in quantities to suit purchasers. PATTRICK, BROTHERS, Commercial Wharf.

TENNENT'S Single and Double Strong ALE and Double-brown STOUT.—The undersigned Agents of Messrs. J. and R. TENNENT, of Glasgow, beg to call the attention of the trade to the advantages which this ale possesses over other importations.

It is acknowledged by all who have given it an unprejudiced trial, to be at least equal in quality to any imported.

It is scarcely possible to injure it by land or water carriage, or by lengthened storage. (See Muspratt's Chemistry of Arts and Manufactures). It fines quickly, and as nothing but the best materials are used in its manufacture, it possesses all the wholesome qualities, for which medical men have recommended its use. (Certificates from the most eminent chemists to this effect are in our possession.)

These qualities have gained for it the first position and the highest prices in the Melbourne and San Francisco markets, and as arrangements have been made to keep a constant supply on hand in Sydney, it is hoped that those here who have not hitherto given it a fair trial will now do so. HOW, WALKER, and CO.

EX ETHEREAL.—Now landing, 100 Barrels of Portland Cement of the best quality, and on SALE at W. PATTEN'S Australian Marble Works, 213, Pitt-street, Sydney.

FLAGGING, FLAGGING, FLAGGING.—Every description of colonial and Yorkshire flagging, large or small quantities, and laid down if required. W. SUGDEN, Whittell's Wharf, Bathurst-street.

RECEIVED, ex Claremont, a small invoice of Cottage Pianos, by Murphy (late of Collard and Collard). These are direct from the maker, and worthy the attention of purchasers. JAMES DEAN, Macquarie-place.

GRAFFTEY'S TINTURA POMPEIANA, or Liquid Hair-dye; And Bilma Pompeiana, on SALE at E. DEEPROSE'S, hairdresser, 153, George-street.

COUNTRY GENERAL STORE, doing a considerable and lucrative business, in a populous district, to be DISPOSED OF. For particulars apply to Messrs. CAMERON, and CO., Harrington-street.

ALLOTMENTS at MORT'S DOCK, BALMAIN, the Depôt of the European and Australian Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company.—For SALE or LEASE, with option of purchase, at any time during seven years. A portion of the Allotments, which as sites for business premises or private residences are not to be surpassed; will be disposed of on highly favourable terms.

Full particulars may be obtained at the rooms of MORT and CO., Pitt-street; or, from Captain ROUNTREE, at the Dock.

N B.—The ferry steamers leave the Dock at the half-hours, and the Phoenix Wharf at the half-hours, during the day.

DISTRICT OF NEW ENGLAND.—For SALE, that valuable pastoral property, SAUMAREZ STATION, in first-rate working order, with
20,000 SHEEP, and
2,000 HEAD of CATTLE.

For terms, which are liberal, and further particulars, apply to MORT and CO.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.—Choice Pastoral Property —For SALE,
8000 (more or less) sheep
1600 (ditto) cattle
130 (ditto) horse stock,
together with that really first-class station TAROOM, in the BURNETT DISTRICT. ☞ For full particulars of this property, which is, without exception, one of the best stations in the Northern districts, apply to MORT and CO., the Rooms, Pitt-street.

TEMPE, COOK'S RIVER.—FOR SALE, Allotment No. 24 of section 19
Ditto 4 " 10
Ditto 1 " 1

The last is a corner allotment, opposite Henery's Hotel, fronting the main road. Apply to MORT and CO.

CHEAP and CONVENIENTLY Situated BUILDING Allotments on long credit—KINGSTON ESTATE, near Newtown Railway Station, title unquestionable! Apply to MORT and CO., Pitt-street. *,* Mr. RICHARDSON (Messrs. Mort and Co.'s agent), who resides on the estate, will be glad to give every information and point out the unsold allotments.

TO FAMILY HOTEL or BOARDING - HOUSE KEEPERS, or parties desirous to establish a Young Ladies' Academy.—For SALE, Orcliffe House and Grounds, beautifully situated on South Head, containing fourteen rooms, spacious hall, kitchen, scullery, &c.; with plentiful supply of water, stables, &c., &c. From the celebrated salubrity and beauty of the position of this commodious Family Residence it has been a favourite resort of invalids and others seeking change of air. For particulars apply to Mr. ROBERT THOMSON, Australian Mutual Provident Society, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street, Sydney.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, the valuable Estate of Birchgrove, subdivided into choice building allotments with water frontages, commanding superb views of the principal harbour, from the Lighthouse to Pulpit Point, up the Parramatta River, and from the bays in the Balmain Shore to the head of Darling Harbour. Large plans and lithographs to be seen at the City Mart. Terms very liberal. Apply to BOWDEN and THRELKELD.

TO BE DISPOSED OF, the unexpired lease of Five Years' Lease of Skinner's Hotel, in consequence of the proprietor returning to England. For further particulars apply to Mr. JOHN TURNER, corner George and Hunter streets.

FOR SALE by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the well-known station Glenelg, in the district of Darling Downs, together with about 350 head of cattle and between 11,000 and 12,000 sheep. The cattle are a mixed herd of 250 head, more or less, with about an average proportion of each; the greater part of the cows are broken in to the bail. The sheep consist of—

Ages. Ewes.	No.	Ages. Wethers.	No.
4 years 5 and upwards	1680	3 and 4 years old......	[illegible]
3 ditto......	1715	2½ ditto ditto	[illegible]
2 ditto......	1200	Hoggets	[illegible]
Hoggets......	850	Ditto weaners	[illegible]
Ditto weaners	872		
Ewes	6297		
Wethers	4948		
Rams	32		
	11,277		

Warranted sound, never to have been diseased.

The station is situated about 40 miles from Warwick and about 30 miles from the Talgai run, and is capable of depasturing 22,000 sheep, and 600 to 800 head of cattle; it is well grassed, and abundantly supplied with water, and is second to none in this district for its qualities, as a healthy wool-growing country.

The improvements on the head station are:—
A good substantial four-roomed cottage
A good shingled store, with two rooms attached
A kitchen and garden
A good substantial wool-shed, with every convenience for shearing 25,000 sheep
A stockyard, and two good horse-paddocks
Two men's huts.
On the outstations are 10 sheep station huts, with yards, and about 300 hurdles
Also 1 good horse dray with tackling complete, and 1 ditto bullock ditto ditto ditto.

If not sold privately before the 20th MARCH, to be sold by auction on that day.

For terms and further particulars, apply on the station, to Mr. JAMES G. ROSSITER, and Mr. SAMUEL H. BURGOYNE; or to AGARS and STABLER, 8, Bent-street North, Sydney.

THE Valuable Estates of LEIGH and ROSLYN, on the banks of the Hunter and Williams Rivers, for SALE privately.

The magnificent Leigh Estate comprises 760 acres of splendid land, having a frontage of nearly two miles to the Williams River, and is situate less than half a mile distant from the rising and interesting town of Raymond Terrace, which, from the renowned salubrity of its air, and enchanting River Scenery, ever diversified and enlivened by the frequent passing of the Sydney and Morpeth steamers, and the innumerable sailing craft engaged in transmitting the rich produce of this fertile district to the markets of Sydney and Melbourne, is becoming rapidly a place of increasing importance.

450 acres are in cultivation, and at the present time yield a yearly rental of £300, although considerably under, according to present value of small farms, the rental paid having been fixed previous to the gold discovery.

The whole of the land is fenced, and has upon it a weatherboard cottage, a barn, and every requirement for farming accommodation.

The supply of water is inexhaustible, and the geological indications of the estate are so strongly marked as scarcely to leave a doubt of the existence of coal under the whole.

Also the mansion and estate of Roslyn, occupying a site of surpassing loveliness, at the confluence of the two noble rivers, the Hunter and the Williams, comprising 150 acres of excellent land, nearly the whole of which is cleared.

The Mansion, built of brick, contains ten spacious rooms, cellars, &c., at present unfinished, and let at a nominal annual rental. A trifling outlay would be sufficient to complete the building, and render it one of the best and most agreeable country residences for a genteel family in the colony.

It is so very rare for properties of this character to be placed in the market for sale that the auctioneers, in reply to the astonishment of those who will peruse this startling announcement, have to state, with much regret, that the declining state of health of the proprietor is the sole cause of this advantageous opportunity for investing capital being submitted to the public. In order to give some idea of the value of land in this locality, it is only necessary to state that ADJOINING LAND sold very lately at £300 per acre.

Should it appear desirable to any parties, the Leigh Estate can be divided into two parts, of 380 acres each, with equal frontage to the river and proportion of cultivation. If not sold, these properties will be cut up into farms and submitted to public competition on a future day.

Mr. Edmund Doherty, of Raymond Terrace, will show the premises to intending purchasers.

Terms:—Half cash; the balance to be secured on the property for a term of years, at 8 per cent. per annum.

Apply to DODDS and CO., auctioneers, East Maitland.

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COUNTRY COMMENTS ON PASSING EVENTS.

By Peter 'Possum.

Morbid palates quiver ecstatically beneath the unctuous titillation of the *pâté de fois gras*—find an ambrosial flavour in the diseased livers of geese real. My *mental* taste being, I fear, depraved, the diseased brains of geese metaphorical furnish me with an analagous delight. I rejoiced, therefore, as one who hath found great spoil, over the indignantly patriotic, most sensitively virtuous, brilliantly witty, and richly humorous eloquence of the Opposition, evoked by the great Cow Question and its adjuncts, in the late Sydney Domain Debate. Absurdity from such a source, it may be said, is too ordinary a di h to be correctly called a dainty—treats should be rare, like peas and asparagus in winter. Oratorical "bosh" from that side of the House *has* certainly been one of the most plentiful delicacies, or indelicacies of the session; still, for spooneyism pure, *neat* nonsense, the speeches to which I refer stand unrivalled, and justify, I think, my greedy gratulation.

Like schoolboy picking out his plums, and masticating them one by one, lest he should be defrauded of a fraction of individual relish by conglomerate deglutition, let us enjoy their periods *immo haud serio, sed seriatim*.

Mr. Scott, after an exordium, expressing how "oppressed he felt by the weighty matter of his motion," proceeded to relieve himself by the aperient of speech, and thus laid down his thesis: "He thought no reason *but that of expediency* would be urged for the continuance of a system so objectionable as allowing the Domain to be used either for the purpose of grazing cattle, for holding flower-shows, exhibiting fireworks, *or any object whatever*." The last clause is rather ambiguous. Does Mr. Scott wish the Domain to become "a fountain sealed, a garden shut up"—to be used for no object whatever? If, on the other hand, no object is to be *exhibi ed* in it, ought not all the trees to be cut down, and ugly people rigidly excluded? Perhaps, however, this is hyper-critical; but what are we to make of the "no reason but that of expediency"? To borrow a retort, courteous and logical, from Archbishop Whately, would Mr. Scott have the Government do what is *inexpedient*?

Horticultural societies and pyrotechnists get up flower and firework shows at considerable expense. To suffer them to be paid—frequently only in part—for their trouble is, says Mr. Scott, a piece of "favouritism" on the part of the Governor towards the "fashionable few" who can afford to disburse—stupendous sum!—a shilling, "to the exclusion of the masses," to whom the shining bob is as inaccessible as the Georgium Sidus: it being, at the same time, an artful dodge "*to secure popularity*"—with whom?—the "excluded masses?" If the masses were *really* excluded, for the sake of the fashionable twelvepenny cap talists—whether few or many—there might be some ground for the objection to the Domain being granted for quasi-private purposes; but the fact is that the masses require the stimulus of having something to pay (coupled, of course, with something worth paying for to see) to induce them to visit the Domain, so that those who would deprive them of the sights—(Sydney not being, thank God! Imperial Rome, or Paris, a city swopping liberty for *panem et circenses*; and it being rather unreasonable to expect private individuals to get up gratuitous entertainments for their fellow cits, and there being no other place suitable for paying ones—law bless me! what a long parenthesis!) *these* gentlemen, I say, are the real exclusionists.

Mr. Scott informed the House that he did not bring forward his motion with "religious ideas." It would be "ridiculous" to suppose so. And yet this gentleman, whom it would be ridiculous to imagine religious, preached a long sermon on the "immoralities" attending displays of fireworks *at night* in the Domain. Flower-shows, being held by day, might be got over; but to let off fireworks *by night*—oh, horrible!—why not have them, too, by day? The consequent bright mounting of our moral fame would fully compensate for the slightly diminished lustre of the rockets. The crackers might be less funny, but the kisses would be less fearful. The Roman candles would no longer be suggestive of penance, the squib of the *anguis latens in herbâ*. If I thought that these immoralities *did* take place to anything like the extent insinuated, I would not joke about them; but I believe the demoralising tendency of Mr. Scott's moonlight promenades to be pure moonshine. People don't go into a crowd to commit wickedness of *that* kind. How on earth, moreover, does the "extorted" shilling egg them on to iniquity? Would they be more moral if they had nothing to pay? This, certainly, is reversing the doctrine held at other resorts of the "fashionable few," the proprietary chapels, to wit. *There* it is only at the poor wretches in the free seats that the millefleured and bejewelled Mr. Honeyman glances, when he talks of "miserable sinners."

The Government having granted a portion of the Domain for the late cricket match, Mr. Scott has no doubt that the "whole of it will be allotted to the different cricket clubs." Nature having allotted a portion of the face to the organs of vision, I have no doubt that my visage will soon be "all my eye." This and *Jemmy* Martin, oh! appears to me to be about the force of Mr. Scott's most cogent reasoning.

One word anent the former gentleman, before I come to the cows.

A recent writer on metaphysics somewhat superciliously remarks:—"The best way of attaining to correct opinions on most metaphysical subjects is by finding out what has been said on any given point by the psychologists, and then by saying the very opposite." Without any superciliousness, it may be said that the surest way of talking common sense on any topic is to contradict the deliverances of the hon. member for Cook and Westmoreland on the same subject. "Why did they pay a botanist £300 a year?" he exclaimed. "Why did they collect plants from all parts of the world? Why did they cause lectures on botany to be delivered in the Garden?"—if the public were not to be admitted gratis to flower-shows, the expense of which the Government does not defray? Is not this very much like saying, Why does a man secure a tutor for his son? Why does he buy him books? Why does he see that the tutor does his duty, if Mr. Dyer won't let his boy have novels from the School of Arts library, unless he pays his quarterly subscription? Mr. Martin is very indignant because certain gentlemen get medals for their vegetables at these exhibitions; was Mr. Martin's last specimen of *brassica* returned without a premium?

And now for the cows. Mr. Scott is sure, from their appearance, that the cows permitted to graze in the Domain are *rich* men's cows. The appearance of a cow may indicate the richness of the pasture, but how it can give a hint of the wealth of the owner I am at a loss to discover. What is the distinctive zoological sign of a cow? Is it only those with a "crumpled horn" that are associated, in the prose of real life, as well as the poetry of legendary fiction, with men "all tattered and torn?" It turns out, however, that certain of the cows that save the expense of mowing the Domain belong to Mr. Plunkett; and instantly the Opposition yell forth their execration. Hasn't he got the Presidentship of the Upper Hou e (without a salary), and shall he be suffered to keep a dairy at the expense of the public? Doesn't he tout for orders in the Council? Haven't we all seen a placard hanging from his gate, in Macquarie-street, thus inscribed:—

> Best Domain Butter,
> 1s. 6d. per lb.
> A reduction to those
> who take a quantity.

Shades of the Gracchi! What infamous agrarian corruption!

Mr. T. G. Rusden, fresh from the study of Joe Miller, followed in the facetious line. Of this eccentric gentleman I will only say, that should he ever be doomed, like Tiresias, to change his sex, for the nonsense he has uttered, and, like Nebuchadnezzar, for his presumption, to take to grazing, I hope he will be turned out in the Domain, that the invalids in the neighbouring Infirmary may enjoy a regular supply of a strengthening beverage much recommended by the faculty.

Although—perhaps, *because*—my organ of veneration has been at sundry times enlarged to the size of a dumpling by their truncheons, I have not the profoundest of respects for the Police Force. Still, although very willing to roast them figuratively, I have no wish to grill them literally; and, therefore, am pleased to see that the *Herald* has come forward as their champion in the matter of costume. Their dress verily is a most absurd one. They radiate heat like a hot cannon ball, when one passes them on a summer's day in George-street. One expects every minute to see them drop upon the pavement, melancholy heaps of singed broadcloth, molten pewter, and official oil. They always remind me of Minos' crusher, Talos, that man of brass (you see he was a regular policeman), who used to make himself red hot, and then effect captures by stifling wrong-doers in his warm embrace. Why should the peeler be the only man not allowed to peel? Maggots and bluebottles are, I know, inseparable; but it certainly is the most irrational of whims to fancy that a constable can only do his duty when half done brown himself.

Had I lived in her times, I am afraid that I should frequently have incurred the frown of the old lady in David Copperfield, who was such a fog to all "meandering." It is a failing of mine to wander in that fashion from subject to subject—to fly off at very queer tangents, from one topic to another—butterfly-like, now to sip the sweet sagacity of a Rusden, anon to mirror in my wings the blushing modesty of a Martin, and then off again to drink nepenthe in the somniferous eloquence of a, or rather J., Campbell. Reluctantly leaving the lily, rose, and poppy, I light upon a nettle—the New Caledonian massacre No doubt, it is very horrible; but isn't there just a little humbug in the way in which we speak of it? Is the history of our very Christian nation pure from treachery? Doesn't the massacre of Glencoe blot one page like a great blood-stain? Have the civilised French, in quite modern times, been innocent of barbarous cruelty? Didn't they roast a tribe of Arabs whole in a cavern of Algeria? The French are intruders in New Caledonia. The natives look upon them as impudent vermin, and want to get rid of them. To accomplish this, they adopt what appears to them the most effectual means—deceit; just as we cut bread-and-butter and make arsenic sandwiches for rats, or pepper meat with strychnine for the dingo. It seems to me a very natural proceeding. Mind, I'm not reflecting on the French for appropriating the island. An English censor on territorial annexation lives verily in a glass house. A great part of the empire on which the sun never sets is held, I am aware, on the most precarious titles—so far as justice is concerned. I see, too, that in the long run it is well that uncivilised should succumb to civilised races; and, therefore, I don't regret the subjugation of the former by the latter. But since the *right* of these to subdue them is so manifestly merely *might*, I don't think they should complain when their argument is turned against them. It looks queer to see them, sword in hand, quoting moral philosophy and the New Testament when they happen to get the worst of it.

February 9th, 1857.

WOOL SALES.

Sale of 597 bales by Mr. H. P. Hughes, November 24th.

Ex Richard and William: W&RD, 4 at 25½d, 5 at 25d, 4 at 24½d, 1 at 24d; D in diamond, part locks, damaged, 1 at 24d, 1 at 20d, pieces, 2 at 18½d; DD 6 at 25d, 6 at 24d, 3 at 23½d; I, 15 at 21½d; MD, 17 at 22½d, 5 at 22d; W, 5 at 23d, 1 at 22d, part black, 1 at 9½d; X, 3 at 21d; T, 1 at 21d; O, 1 at 21½d; Fulton, 1 at 22½d; J. King, 1 at 8½d.

Ex David M'Iver: R. J., 2nd clothing, 8 at 25½d, 8 at 25d, 1st clothing, 64 at 24½d; 16 at 23½d, 5 at 23d, 1 at 18½d, 1 at 12½d; QV, 16 at 24d, 9 at 23½d, 1 at 23d; FR, 28 at 23½d, damaged, 3 at 22½d; BD&Co. over A, 4 at 29½d, 3 at 28½d, 3 at 27½d, 2 at 26½d; BD & Co over C, 3 at 28d, 2 at 27½d; damaged, 1 at 23½d; P under, 1 at 27½d; 1st quality, 4 at 26d, 2 at 23½d; J. under, 3 at 28d, 3 at 27d, 1 at 23½d; B under, 3 at 25d, 2 at 23½d; BD & Co., two sorts, 6 at 27½d, 5 at 26½d, 6 at 26d, 3 at 23½d; IL, 6 at 25d, 5 at 24½d; handwashed pieces, 1 at 22d; JD, 3 at 23½d, 3 at 23d; damaged, 2 at 22½d; D over R/R, 16 at 23½d, 2 at 22½d; GR, 8 at 23d; NN, 6 at 22½d, 1 at 23d; JW over B, 3 at 23½d, 5 at 23d; damaged, 2 at 22½d; P, 1 at 21½d; damaged, 1 at 21d; JM, 1 at 18½d; D, handwashed, 2 at 19d, 1 at 17d; LK, handwashed, 1 at 20½d, BK, 1 at 21½d; FS, 1 at 21d; VCBN, 15 at 24d, 4 at 23½d; damaged, 1 at 23d; WK over P, 4 at 23½d, 1 at 23d; WP, 8 at 20½d, 8 at 20d, 14 at 19½d; damaged, 5 at 19d, W&RD, 12 at 27d, 2 at 26d; PF, 2 at 25d, 9 at 24d, 10 at 23½d, 1 at 18½d; WD over New England, 3 at 24d, 9 at 23d, 1 at 19 d, broken, 2 at 22d; circle, scoured, 1 at 21d; JB, broken, two sorts, 9 at 18½d; TC, 2 at 20½d.

Sale of 560 bales, by Messrs. Charles Balme and Co., November 25th.

Ex Maitland: M'Lean, 6 at 25d, damaged, 4 at 23½d, 2 at 20½d; H&D in diamond, 5 at 20d, 5 at 18d.

Ex Moultan: MJ, 4 at 23½d, 1 at 21d, pieces 1 at 18d, grease, 1 at 12½d.

Ex David M'Iver: C&D, 6 at 25d, 9 at 24½d, 1 at 23½d; A&J, 10 at 23d, damaged 2 at 22d; B in diamond, 9 at 24½d; 4 at 24d, 2 at 23 d, 1 at 15½d; JA over G, 9 at 24d, 1 at 17½d, pieces damaged 1 at 13d; TF, 8 at 23d, 2 at 24½d; DT, 6 at 22½d, damaged 1 at 21d; JR over B, 1 at 22d; GLG, 1 at 25d, scoured 3 at 22½d, skin and pieces 2 at 18½d; MD, 1 at 25½d; PB&D, 5 at 25½d, 6 at 25 d, 4 at 24d, 4 at 23¼, 1 at 19½d; HH, 1 at 17d, 1 at 15d; WLJ, 3 at 20d; PB, 1 at 23d; JML, 10 at 22½d, 1 at 21d; B under, 6 at 16d; J ROSS, 5 at 23½d, 10 at 23d, 3 at 22½d.

Ex Star of Peace: RB, 21 at 25d, 7 at 24½d, 4 at 24d, 4 at 23½d; PB&O, 3 at 27½d, 24 at 26d, 8 at 25½d, 2 at 25½d, 12 at 24d, 1 at 23½d, 1 at 20½d; WB, 5 at 24½d, 1 at 27d; PC, handwashed, 1 at 22½d, 1 at 21½d; DRM, pieces, 1 at 19d; C in triangle, slipe 8 at 20d, damaged 1 at 10d.

Ex Prince of the Seas: W&E over O, 3 at 28½d; DR over New England, 7 at 26½d; Bell, 6 at 22½d; RYC, 1 at 24d; C&B, 21 at 24d; PRL over MC in diamond, 2 at 15½d, H, 7 at 13d; Burnett, 5 at 24½d; GL, 1 at 18½d; T&Co. over O, 3 at 17d.

Ex Oliver Cromwell: TH, 8 at 27d; MMcM, 5 at 26d; C over McK in diamond, 3 at 26d; H, 1 at 22½d.

Ex Kate: Talgai, 6 at 24½d, 2 at 24d; PWLeslie, 2 at 25d; Darby & Goldfinch, 5 at 26d.

Ex Catherine Adamson: SAD in diamond, 1 at 28d, 5 at 20d; Burmina, pieces 1 at 17d; M & D 7 at 27½d, 8 at 27d, 9 at 26½d; St. Clair, 5 at 27½d; EA, 8 at 24d, 7 at 23½d; LUC, lamb 4 at 27d; D, 1 at 10d.

Ex Europa: EVR, 5 at 26d, 13 at 25½d; JB, 5 at 25d; HL over Y, pieces, 2 at 16d.

Sale of 560 bales by Messrs. J. T. Simes and Co., November 26th:—

Ex Star of Peace CY, scoured 3 at 32d, 18 at 29½d, 8 at 29d, 13 at 28½d, 7 at 28d, 9 at 27½d, 26 at 27d, 3 at 24d; AB, 15 at 31d, 5 at 30½d, 5 at 30d, 4 at 28d, 2 at 27½d, 1 at 25d, 2 at 23½d; FS, 4 at 23d, 11 at 22½d, 1 at 20½d, damaged locks, 1 at 14d, skin 1 at 9d; Gorah, 36 at 23d, 8 at 22½d, 1 at 22d, 1 at 15½d; D R over New England, 11 at 27d, 49 at 26½d, 6 at 26d, 2 at 24d; D R over PC, 7 at 25½d, 1 at 21½d; R M, 4 at 23½d, 3 at 21d, 6 at 22½d, 1 at 20½d; J and C over Walcha, 10 at 25½d; MT over diamond, 11 at 27d, 5 at 26½d, 2 at 25½d; EC in diamond, 5 at 23½d, 1 at 17d; WKR, 4 at 26d, 6 at 24½d, 2 at 19d.

Ex Moultan: FS 4 at 26½d, 5 at 25d, 5 at 23½d, 1 at 19d; W under, 14 at 24d, 1 at 23½d; Ditmas, 6 at 23d; GD in diamond, 2 at 29d, 9 at 28d, 20 at 27d, 5 at 26½d; 3 at 25d, 4 at 25½d, 5 at 21½d; pickings, 1 at 8½d.

Ex Maitland: Ditmas, 4 at 24d, 4 at 23½d, 1 at 16d; LH over H, 7 at 23½d, 1 at 12d, 8 at 11d; PJ Pigott, 14 at 25d, 3 at 23d, 7 at 22d, 3 at 19d; CO over AA, 6 at 32½d, 6 at 31d, 3 at 28½d, 5 at 27½d.

Ex David M'Iver: RX, 4 at 26d, damaged, 2 at 24½d, Gorah, 24 at 23d, 7 at 22d, 1 at 21½d, 2 at 15½d; EC in diamond, 3 at 21d, 1 a 19½d.

Ex Kate: SW, 9 at 25½d.

Ex Cæsar Godeffroy: A 8, at 20½d; O reversed, 6 at 25d; L over HO, over W, 1 at 22d.

Sale of 1831 bales, by Messrs. Chas. Jacomb and Son, November 27:—

Ex Richard and William: MA, 6 at 26½d, 4 at 26d, 6 at 25½d; McD over Burnett, 8 at 24½d, 14 at 24d; CLMD, 6 at 24d, 4 at 23d; DR over M, 30 at 24½d, 1 at 24d, locks 1 at 16½d, damaged 1 at 14½d; DMK, 7 at 24d, 1 at 22d; MC, 1 at 14½d; JD over S, 1 at 18d; C in triangle, 2 at 22½d.

Ex Walter Hood: MFT over Callandoon, 14 at 26d, 35 at 25½d, 46 at 25d, 8 at 24d; GnGn, 10 at 22½d; T over C, 4 at 26d, 6 at 25d; JY, 18 at 22½d, 2 at 14d; WL, 8 at 23½d, 20 at 23d; V in diamond, 21 at 24½d; S & W over Wombo, 14 at 25d, 9 at 24½d, damaged 2 at 21½d; E reversed H, 3 at 22d, 1 at 21d; F reversed M, 10 at 27d, 8 at 26½d, 5 at 26d, 1 at 24d; WR, 23 at 22½d, 1 at 18d; WL, 1 at 15d; C&G, 1 at 16d; H over — 10 at 25d½, 8 at 26d, 7 at 24d, 1 at 21d, 1 at 16d. Sheepskins, at per skin, 1 at 32d, 1 at 7½d; A. Bell, 1 at 26½d, 3 at 21½d, 1 at 18d; CPL, 8 at 25d, 8 at 24½d; H&FI, 14 at 24d, 6 at 23½d, 2 at 18½d, 1 at 18d, 1 at 17d; CC, 8 at 22½d; HxH, 10 at 25d; AT, 7 at 23d; YY over FP, 16 at 25d, 6 at 24½d, 8 at 23½d; HM over FP, 14 at 22½d; GOG, 8 at 21½d, 1 at 21d; JS over FS, 8 at 21½d, 1 at 21d; FP, 6 at 25½d, 7 at 23½d; T & Co over CDF, 21 at 24d, 1 at 22½d, 1 at 21d.

Ex Joshua: I Field, 7 at 26½d, 6 at 25½d, 1 at 25d, 1 at 24½d.

Ex La Hogue: FP over P over RY 7 at 26½d, 21 at 26d; Burmina, under, 3 at 26½d, 3 at 25½d; I Field under, 9 at 26d.

Ex Catherine Adamson: EV over FP, 28 at 23d; CS, 14 at 23½d, 2 at 21½d, 1 at 15d; JMA, 8 at 25d; Mango, 8 at 24½d; H, 1 at 25d; AA, 8 at 22½d, 9 at 22d; MM over H, 4 at 24½d.

Ex Star of Peace: HxD, 14 at 24d, 7 at 23½d, 2 at 24d; JCP, 4 at 22½d; FJ, 8 at 23d; C&F, 1 at 18d; C, 1 at 23½d; HxH, 3 at 25d, 1 at 20d; AT, 3 at 23d; CPL, 6 at 26d, 7 at 25½d, 8 at 25d, 2 at 24½d, 1 at 18½d; H&FI, 6 at 24½d, 1 at 21d; Gn Gn, 8 at 21½d; L over Wyaga, 7 at 24d, 7 at 23½d, 5 at 23d, 5 at 18d, 1 at 11½d; Wn, 7 at 21½d, 1 at 15½d; C&F, 15 at 23d, 1 at 18 d; HV, 7 at 24½d, 14 at 24d; C, 11 at 24d, 1 at 23½d; CrG, 1 at 21½d, 2 at 17d, 2 at 16½d; T over C, 15 at 25d, 1 at 24d, 1 at 15½d; Crest, 2 at 21d; MFT over Callandoon, 8 at 23½d, 6 at 22d; T over C, 13 at 25½d, 33 at 25d, 8 at 23½d, 1 at 22d, 9 at 21d, 1 at 19½d; MET over Travier's Creek, 15 at 23½d, 21 at 23d, 13 at 22½d, 3 at 21½d; MFE over Callandoon, 1 at 24d; Caliguel, 8 at 24d, 11 at 23½d, 1 at 21½d, 1 at 19½d; MT, 8 at 24½d, 7 at 23½d, 2 at 21½d; C, 4 at 24d, 1 at 20d, 1 at 18d, 1 at 15½d; JCP, 3 at 24d, 1 at 17½d, 2 at 15½d; JMC, 14 at 23½d, 6 at 23½d; Darby & Goldfinch, 4 at 26½d, 2 at 16½d; MP in circle, 7 at 25d, 14 at 24½d, 7 at 24d, 2 at 18½d; AT over OHO, 2 at 13½d; MFT over Callandoon, 16 at 25½d, 3 at 24½d, 2 at 24d, 1 at 10d; AH, 7 at 24½d, 2 at 24d; FFB, 2 at 24d, 1 at 21 d; F reversed HL, 7 at 23½d, 4 at 23d, 1 at 19 d, 1 at 21½d; MFT, 6 at 22½d, 11 at 22d, 1 at 21d, 2 at 16½d; GD, 16 at 24d; BT, 8 at 22d; Caliguel, 3 at 25½d, 1 at 20½d, 4 at 10d; C, 3 at 24½d; TP, 3 at 23½, 1 at 22d; WK over P, 8 at 23½d, 2 at 23d, 1 at 16½d; Gin Gin, 1 at 25½d, 1 at 22½d; W in diamond, 4 at 23d; GSL, 2 at 22½d; G in diamond, 3 at 23½d; KC over C, 1 at 23d; A, 1 at 25d; C, 1 at 23½d; S in diamond, 1 at 21d; H, 7 at 17½d; Tenterden, 5 at 25d, 3 at 24½d, 3 at 20d, 1 at 18½d.

Ex David M'Iver: GD in diamond, 1 at 29d, 23 at 26½d, 22 at 26d, 2 at 21½d, 1 at 20½d, 1 at 20d; FS, 3 at 23½d, 6 at 22d, 1 at 16½d; SC, 10 at 23d; JT, 1 at 19d; T, 4 at 20½d, 1 at 13d; AM over heart, 9 at 22d, 2 at 20½d; WW over New England, 10 at 24½d, 8 at 24d, 7 at 23½d, 2 at 19½d; HG, 9 at 25½d, 11 at 25d; C over McK in diamond, 7 at 24½d, 9 at 24d, 1 at 16d; JM, 3 at 26d, 2 at 19d; GT over M, 1 at 22d; GL, 9 at 25d, 1 at 19½d; MC, 3 at 24½d, 2 at 24d; W in circle, 1 at 15½d; HI, at 29d; HO, 1 at 14½d; O over B, 3 at 21½d, 2 at 21d; SS, 4 at 23½d; WD, 1 at 16d, 1 at 24d; WW, 2 at 70d; Wy, 1 at 22d, 1 at 15d; AB, 1 at 20½d, 1 at 20d; AS, 12 at 24d, 1 at 19d; OHO, 5 at 24d, 11 at 23½d, 3 at 23d, 1 at 18½d; GTP over A, 9 at 22½d.

Ex Maitland: LR over C in diamond, 8 at 25d, 21 at 23½d; O—ਚ over O—ਚ in oblong, 11 at 23 d; LH over H, 3 at 21d; BA, 1 at 21d, 2 at 20d, 1 at 14½d; DHC, 9 at 24d; diamond, 5 at 14d, 6 at 13½d; A&RL, 6 at 29½d, 2 at 26d, 4 at 26d, 1 at 14d; ER, 5 at 23d, 5 at 21d; RR, 5 at 26d, 4 at 25½d, 1 at 18½d; Inver, 2 at 21d, 2 at 29d; Talgai, 2 at 30½d, 1 at 27½d; P, 3 at 24½d, 1 at 22½d, 5 at 21½d; MP, 8 at 24d, 9 at 23d, 1 at 16½d; JT, 2 at 21d; ED, 3 at 15d, 1 at 13d; V in diamond, 1 at 25d, 1 at 24½d, 2 at 24d, 1 at 23½d, 2 at 18½d; I Field, 2 at 28½d, 4 at 26d, 2 at 24d; B&C, 6 at 16½d; J in diamond, 4 at 24d; PB, 1 at 24d, 1 at 22d, 1 at 15½d; IM, 1 at 22½d; A&J, 1 at 10d; FBO, 4 at 25d; PR over F, 6 at 25½d; 6 at 25d; ISH, 8 at 23d.

Ex Moultan: CS, 1 at 23d, 9 at 22½d, 9 at 22d, 1 at 21d, 3 at 19d; O, 3 at 24d; S in diamond over J, 3 at 26d, 8 at 24½d, 10 at 24d, 2 at 21½d, 2 at 21d, 2 at 18d, 2 at 10d; S in diamond, 1 at 25d, 1 at 24½d; S, 3 at 24d.

Sale of 507 bales by Mr. H. P. Hughes, November 28th.

Ex Star of Peace: OB over X, 4 at 30d, 5 at 29½d, 13 at 27½d, 7 at 27d., 22 at 26½d, 8 at 26d; DMJ, 10 at 26½d, 6 at 26d, 3 at 23d, 1 at 17½d; JHB, 30 at 24½d, 3 0 at 23d; TN, 11 at 25½d, 6 at 25d, 1 at 24d; JWF, 13 at 24d, 6 at 23½d, JM in triangle, 6 at 24d, 5 at 23d, 1 at 22d, 9 at 21d, 1 at 20d; JM, 10 at 23½d; RC, 6 at 28½d; TAM, 11 at 30½d, 1 at 29d, 4 at 28½d, 1 at 20½d; F&U, 1 at 25d; MT over diamond, 9 at 25d, 8 at 24½d, 1 at 21½d; BD&Co, 6 at 26½d, 14 at 26d, 2 at 23½d, 3 at 23d.; D under, 6 at 27d, 4 at 26½d, 2 at 23½d; CD, 42 at 19d, 1 at 18½d, 1 at 7½d, Maitland, OB, over X, 1 at 30d, 11 at 28½d, 4 at 26d, 10 at 25½d, 21 at 25d 1 at 19½d, 3 at 18½d.

Ex David M'Iver: J&WB, 16 at 24d, 1 at 15d; WM, 1 at 22d, 2 at 20½d; B in square, 5 at 23d, 1 at 22½d; M over, 4 at 22½d, 4 at 22d, 1 at 20½d; H over, 5 at 22d; SD, 1 at 22d; SH, 1 at 15½d; IL, 1 at 20½d, 1 at 14½d; GL over anchor, 16 at 24½d, 17 at 24d, 3 at 22d, 1 at 17d, 2 at 15d.

Sale of 10 bales by Messrs. S. B. Edensborough and Co., November 29:

Ex Star of Peace: LH over H, 3 at 31d, 4 at 30d; EM&Co in diamond, 1 at 29d; EM&Co., 1 at 25½d, 1 at 10d.

SUPREME COURT.—HOBART TOWN.

5th February.

THE KINGSTON MURDER.

Before his Honor Sir Valentine Fleming, Knight, Chief Justice.

George Nixon was placed at the bar, charged with having, on the 12th November, 1856, assaulted and murdered Henry Chamberlayne.

The Attorney-General prosecuted; Mr. Macdowell appeared for the prisoner, and handed in to his Honor a document, in which the prisoner prayed to be tried on the north side of the island, on account of the strong public feeling existing on this side.

His Honor said he did not feel justified in reading the paper to the jury, but that when they were empanelled either he himself or Mr. Macdowell, who had kindly undertaken to defend the prisoner, might entreat the jury to dismiss all prejudice from their minds.

The Attorney-General addressed the jury, and said that the circumstances of the case had created such excitement throughout the community, that, before he entered upon the evidence he would venture to remind them of the awful nature of the duties they had to perform. It was possible that most of them had read and heard as much of the case as he had; some of them might have formed opinions; some might have a bias against the prisoner; and others might be influenced by what they had read of the case in the public papers. He felt it his duty, openly, and most emphatically to condemn the tone and spirit with which the articles which appeared in some of the daily papers were written. It was subversive of the ends of justice, and was worse in its effects than the operation of the Vigilance Committee of California. The Attorney-General, in a most serious and feeling manner, entreated the jury to forget all they had read and heard, and to remember that, having been sworn upon the Holy Gospel, they were bound before God to judge the prisoner only in accordance with the evidence that would be laid before them. The circumstances of the case were briefly these. The prisoner was charged with the murder of a young lad, named Henry Chamberlayne, whose father resided at Blackman's Bay. The lad had been in the habit of attending Mr. Oldfield's school at Brown's River. On Thursday, the 13th November, the lad was found lying in the scrub near Brown's River, murdered. On the day preceding he should have been at school at nine o'clock, but was not, and, upon failing to return to his father's residence at the usual hour, an alarm was raised and a search ensued, which resulted in the discovery of the body. The prisoner was apprehended on suspicion. That which led to his being suspected was, that being a carter in the employment of Mr. Fisher, he was absent from his employer's residence at nine o'clock of the day on which the murder was committed, and did not return till the afternoon. A post mortem examination had been made of the poor lad's body, and it was found that beside the crime of murder one more revolting still had also been committed. The Attorney-General went on to state what remarks and tracks were found in the bush in the vicinity of the place where the body was found, and pointed out how some of them were found to correspond with the boots worn by the prisoner. A plan of the ground was also exhibited to the jury, in which the Attorney-General pointed out the spot where the body was found, the tracks, and the waterhole at which a person had been to wash himself. The prisoner was well acquainted with deceased, and with his habits. Prisoner was a carter in Mr. Fisher's employment, and had charge of the cart horses, and used to sleep in the harness-room along with another man named Harris. On the morning of the murder prisoner's duty was to have gone for stone. He slept in the harness-room on the previous night as usual, and got up at six o'clock in the morning. Harris said there was no blood upon prisoner when he got up, nor any scratches, save one upon the nose. The prisoner had a Dover knife, which since the murder has not been found. Harris said that when the prisoner got up in the morning that knife was upon the stool by prisoner's bedside. Prisoner was absent from seven o'clock in the morning till the afternoon. In the afternoon prisoner was seen by a man named Knight, who was standing at the church door, in the bush, approaching the church. This man stated that the prisoner's face was covered with scratches. Prisoner told Knight, who asked him where he had been, that he did not like to go home, as he had been sleeping in the bush all night. Subsequently, he told others that he had been sleeping in Mr. Fisher's bush paddock, which was quite in an opposite direction to that from which he was seen approaching by Knight. When Knight spoke to prisoner, he observed to him that his face was scratched. Prisoner did not seem to be aware of it, and asked where he could go to wash himself. Knight pointed out a pool in the churchyard. In the afternoon, prisoner went to work as usual, and on his way to the quarry met a man named Haggit, to whom he voluntarily and several times that afternoon related that he (the prisoner) had been drunk and asleep in the bush paddock. Haggit stated that prisoner all the afternoon seemed in a deep study, and repeatedly described what he had been doing in the morning. The Attorney-General said that he was bound to state that there was a circumstance in prisoner's favour. Haggit did not see, during the whole afternoon, any blood upon prisoner's shirt, although it was the same he had on in the morning, and was open sufficiently to allow Haggit to see blood if there had been any. There was no evidence to show that prisoner had been drunk that morning, but he was absent the whole of it, and was seen coming from the direction in which the murder was committed. On the knee of prisoner's trousers were found spots of blood, as if spurted. This blood corresponded to that found in the scrub. On the shirt, also, was blood, and one sleeve of it appeared to have been washed—the wristband was wet. Where the body was found was a mark like a knee mark, and also another, as if made by a man's toe. The prisoner was taken to the spot, and, after refusing a good deal to do so, was made to kneel down. The marks found exactly corresponded with the knee and toe of the prisoner. Upon this circumstance the Attorney-General cautioned the jury not to lay too much stress, as the length of marks made on the ground by a knee and toe would vary in length, as the toe was inclined backwards or forwards. Prisoner was asked by constable Vickers where he had spent the Wednesday morning, and whether he had been in the bush towards Blackman's Bay. Prisoner at first said "No;" but afterwards said he had been there, looking for Mr. Fisher's horses. This could not have been so, because the horses were in the stable. Then, respecting the knife,—the prisoner's answer, when asked where it was, the Attorney-General said, was in his favour, for he replied that he had left it on the bench by the bedside. This fact was confirmed by the man Harris, but still it was a suspicious circumstance that the knife, from the day of the murder, had never been found. These were the main facts of the case, and the Attorney-General said there was no direct evidence to show that the prisoner had committed the murder. Yet the circumstances which connected the prisoner with the crime committed were so strong as to point to him and no other man.

The learned counsel then proceeded to call the witnesses.

Mr. A. F. Smith, surveyor, proved the plan of part of the suburbs of Kingston made on actual survey from measurement.

William Cooper, a deaf man, in the service of Captain Chamberlayne, Blackman's Bay, deposed that he knew the boy Henry Chamberlayne, and last saw him alive on Wednesday morning, the 12th, when he left the kitchen to go to school about eight o'clock. On Wednesday evening Captain Chamberlayne told him to go and look for the boy; he found him on Thursday, about eleven o'clock, in the bush on Mr. Manley's ground, near the foot track leading to school. (Witness described the state in which he found deceased.)

William Smith, fellow servant to the last witness, gave similar evidence, and also proved the removal of the body to Fisher's.

Dr. Smith (of Kingston) and Dr. Crooke gave medical evidence as to the deceased's appearance on the *post mortem* examination,—the throat cut, bruises, scratches, and small contusions on the face, loins, and buttocks, caused by finger nails. A greater portion of the doctors' other evidence is unfit for publication, as proving that a nameless offence had been perpetrated on the deceased, attended with great violence, previous to his death.

Augustus Oldfield, late schoolmaster at Kingston, proved that the deceased did not attend school as usual on the Wednesday in question.

District Constable Berresford, Constable Vickers, Messrs. Fisher, Harris, and Hackett, were then examined for the prosecution, and their evidence brought home the crime charged irresistibly to the prisoner.

At this stage of the proceedings, the Court was adjourned till next day at ten o'clock, the jury being given into custody.

Friday, 6th February.

The trial was resumed at ten o'clock, the court being, as on the previous day, excessively crowded.

The prisoner being brought into court, and placed in the dock, the jurors' names were called over.

Mr. Macdowell then addressed the jury for the defence, which occupied nearly two hours. The great question, he said, which the jury had to try was by whom was Henry Chamberlayne murdered. Dr. Crooke's evidence he contended established the prisoner's innocence. He commented on this evidence and that of the other medical gentlemen at much length, and on a portion of Dr. Crooke's with much severity. He also noticed the evidence of district constable Beresford, constable Vickers, and the other witnesses, and spoke most forcibly on the subject of circumstantial evidence. He concluded by a solemn and powerful appeal to the jury, to divest their minds of prejudice, and to give a verdict consistent with justice.

District constable Beresford having been recalled by the Judge, and re-examined as to some portions of his evidence respecting the toe marks, nature of the soil, and other particulars.

The Attorney-General replied, expressing his concurrence in many of the remarks of his learned friend. While the Attorney-General was commenting on the evidence respecting the footmarks, the prisoner made a remark to the effect that the comparison of his boot with the marks was unfair, and that the boot was put there first, and the mark made by the constable. Prisoner was checked by the Judge for interrupting, when he said, "Why did'nt they put a halter round my neck before they brought me here. You can't make me guilty, if you try me for a month."

The prisoner desired that his written statement might be read, which, after a brief discussion, was permitted by the learned Judge.

The statement was then read by Mr. Watkins, clerk of the court, explaining the suspicious parts of his conduct, and the appearance of blood on his person and clothes, and submitting that he had fully accounted for every circumstance, and that he ought not to be made a victim of the scurrilous newspapers. He begged the jury to beware of circumstantial evidence.

Constable Berresford was here again called, at the request of the foreman of the jury, Mr. Wetton, and asked some questions respecting the sole of the prisoner's boot, which Mr. Berresford deposed was in the same state as when he took it from the prisoner.

The Attorney-General resumed his observations, remarking on the nature and force of circumstantial evidence, repeating some of his opening statements, and commenting on the written document put in by the prisoner. Mr. Macdowell, in the meantime, had retired from court, in consequence of the document having been put in contrary to his advice, the prisoner thereby repudiating his advocacy.

At the conclusion of the Attorney-General's reply, the prisoner asked to be allowed to speak; but

His Honor said the rules of practice compelled him to refuse permission; the prisoner had had more than the usual latitude allowed him.

The learned Judge commenced his summing up at twenty minutes past two o'clock. After severely commenting on the conduct of a certain portion of the Tasmanian Press, with reference to this case, his Lordship remarked that the main piece of evidence against the prisoner was that of the man Hackett, the stonemason, who went with him to the stone quarry, who said the prisoner volunteered a statement, which he repeated over and over again, that he had been drunk, went to the bush paddock to sleep, intending to get away without Mr. Fisher seeing him, but that Mr. Fisher had seen him from the tap door. That statement was partly true, but there was no evidence to confirm the other parts of it. His Honor recapitulated the chief points of the evidence, the absence of the prisoner, the knife being missed, the toe mark, the knee mark, and the prisoner being seen on the hill by Tracey, his conduct, his conversation with Hackett, his statements to account for the blood, his apprehension and his statements; all these points were to be considered, not as isolated facts, but as one connected chain of evidence. The conclusion from those facts must be the jury's, for it was their province to deal with them. His Honor concluded his charge by quoting the language of an eminent judge of the present day, who said a jury should attach more importance to a single fact inconsistent with the prisoner's guilt than with the whole chain of evidence, and that they must be satisfied the facts were such as to be inconsistent with the prisoner's innocence, if they found him guilty. His Honor's able address occupied nearly three hours and a quarter.

The jury retired at twenty-five minutes past five, and in about three quarters of an hour sent a message to the Court. The Attorney-General having explained, the jury were ushered into their box, and the prisoner, who had been permitted to retire, was again placed at the bar.

His Honor understood they had been making enquiry as to how it was that some holes had been cut into part of the shirt produced by the prisoner. He understood that the pieces had been cut out by order of the Attorney-General, and submitted to Dr. Bedford for microscopical examination. They must, however, recollect that no evidence had been laid before them with respect to such examination. The jury also made an enquiry as to the position of Captain Chamberlayne's house, which was pointed out by Mr. A. F. Smith, and his Honor reminded them that it was at Blackman's Bay. The jury again withdrew, taking the plan, as drawn by Mr. Smith, with them.

In about three-quarters of an hour they returned into the Court and recorded a verdict of "Guilty" against the prisoner.

The clerk of the Court having asked in the usual terms whether the prisoner had anything to say why judgment should not be passed upon him according to law,

The prisoner remarked, "I do not say so out of hardness or braveness, but I have nothing to say except that I'm innocent."

His Honor, who but imperfectly heard the prisoner, made a further enquiry. The prisoner repeated the statement.

The Chief Justice: "Have you anything further to say?"

The prisoner: "No, sir!"

The Chief Justice, addressing the prisoner, said: George Nixon, after a most anxious, careful, patient, and impartial trial of almost two days' duration, you have been found guilty by a jury of your fellow countrymen of the dreadful crime of wilful murder. You have, at my instigation, had the benefit of the professional assistance of a very eloquent, intelligent, and experienced counsel, who has on your behalf made an able and ingenious defence. You have, however, been convicted by the jury of the crime with which you were charged, and it is needless for me to say that I must express my concurrence in that verdict. Under ordinary circumstances I do not usually pass sentence upon a prisoner immediately after he has been declared guilty. I am always anxious to weigh well the whole circumstances of the case, and to consider the prisoner's previous history, if it be available to me, before passing the final sentence of the law. But in a case like yours, where to the crime of murder you have added another of the most atrocious enormity, I have determined to make an exception, in justice to the public, and in order to show that the law marks such guilt as yours by punishment following immediately upon conviction. Your previous history proves that you were transported in 1841 for manslaughter. You were tried, convicted, and transported from England for pushing a man into a well, by which he lost his life. (The prisoner here observed that it was not so, he was sent out for pushing a man under a wheel.) His Honor—Don't interrupt me now, sir. You arrived here in pursuance of the sentence passed upon you in 1841, and up to the year 1852, when you obtained, as it were, the first step to comparative freedom, your ticket-of-leave, which has since been revoked, I find that your course has been marked by numerous offences, some bearing particular evidence of a mind irreclaimably diseased by crime. I find that you have absconded times without number. (His Honor also stated that the prisoner had once been tried under circumstances which left no doubt he had committed a nameless offence with a fellow-prisoner at Port Arthur). To thus steadily pursuing a course of unchecked crime, you at last owe your present position, and you, the strong, able, thinking man, have ruthlessly deprived a poor, helpl ss, defenceless, innocent youth of fourteen of his life, in the opening prime and brightness of his days, and that under circumstances of the most inhuman and revolting nature. The very heart sickens at the contemplation of your atrocity. Language is powerless to describe the enormity and the barbarity of the deed—a deed unparalleled in the annals of crime. Mercy! it would be a mockery to use the word. You showed no mercy to that defenceless, helpless boy, and yet the law, which demands the expiation of the outrage you have committed, will be more merciful to you than you to your unhappy victim. A brief period will be allotted to you to make your peace with that God whom you have offended—to lead you, it may be, even at the last hour, after reflection upon the crimes of your past life, possibly to repentance. You will not, like your unhappy and defenceless victim, be denied the consolations of religion, and I beseech you, as you are on the brink of eternity, to make the best use of the opportunity. You will be attended by a minister of the faith to which you profess to belong, who may assist and guide you to ask forgiveness at that Throne where the truly penitent and repentant sinner never asks in vain. I have no wish to dwell longer on the nature of your crime. The task is painful in the extreme. But, I implore you, lose not the opportunity of seeking consolation in those religious influences which, if they had been brought to bear upon the earlier portion of your life, would have prevented you ever being placed in such an awful position. Do not encourage the hope that you will meet with mercy; there is not the shadow of a hope that mercy will be extended to you in this world. Let me again entreat you to lose no time in making your last earthly appeal to that dread tribunal before which you must very shortly appear. Seek, I conjure you, for mercy where alone it can be expected to be found. George Nixon, the sentence of the Court is, that you be taken hence to the place from whence you came, and thence to a place of execution, and there be hanged by the neck until your body be dead, and afterwards that your body be given over for dissection. And may the Lord God have mercy upon your soul!

The convict, who had shed a tear or two during the address of the learned Judge, nearly fainted when he left the dock. Upwards of 2000 persons were assembled outside to see the prisoner escorted to gaol, who had to be supported by two men.

MR. JOHN ROBERTSON: A FANCY PICTURE.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Sir,—I have a weakness for light reading: a kind friend, wishing to *correct* this unhealthy taste, sends me occasionally the *Empire*.

In its issue of the 5th instant I find, under the head of "Glimpses of the House by an Occasional Visitor," a sketch of the hon. member for Phillip, Bligh, and Brisbane.

Who is this visitor, and where does he come from? Is it the ghost of Mr. George Robins playing truant from the Purgatory of Puffers? Surely no other scribe could idealise so gorgeously. None but a flatterer rendered reckless by the certainty of punishment—in for a penny, in for a pound—would dare to manufacture "cracks" so stupendous, with such cucumbral coolness.

Even those of us who considered our representative "a good un to go," always regarded him as "rum un to look at;" but what says "Visitor" of the hon. gentleman's *physique*?

> "A gentleman of middle height—slim as a ball-room subaltern—or a Puseyite minister of the Anglican Church—with a small, finely shaped head, such as Fra Angelico loved to put upon a good monk's shoulders—thin small hands, delicate enough for the rather fastidious taste in this respect of Ali Pacha in Byron's time—and a face (courageously upturned when the owner is addressing the House) in which every feature is exquisitely chiselled—broad high forehead, aquiline nose, short upper lip, the chin hidden by a patriarchal beard."

Hooray, "Visitor!" What's your charge for "portraits in this style?" The "patriarchal beard" I recognize, and if *I* had been called upon to limn the Robertsonian phiz, I should have characterised the countenance as decidedly capricornal. As to the rest—

> My member—methinks I see my member!
> Oh! where, my lord?
> In a *visitor's* eye, Horatio!

And now for the old gentleman's *morale*!—

> "Our hero is just the sort of man one would not mind having for a father-in-law; or if one wanted a bill discounted, he would prefer him as a bank director to Buckley or Holt by a long way."

"Our hero"—honest "Jake" a *hero*—guys is riz! *Does* "Visitor" want him for a father-in-law? *Has* he a bill to be discounted? All I can say is—that I wish him luck!

Most eloquently doth "Visitor" describe his "hero's" eloquence:—

> "Robertson at last gets an opportunity of speaking, leaps rather than walks to the table, smiles triumphantly all round the House, tweaks his beard thrice, then puts his thumbs behind the armholes of his vest, balances himself on the toes of his right foot, and begins. He speaks boldly, clearly, and well, notwithstanding he labours under considerable difficulty of utterance. With a keen sense of the ludicrous he combines a profound shrewdness, which is in his case a more distinctive quality than in that of any other member of the Assembly. And then his boundless jollity of nature—his laugh overflowing with intense joy, and musical as a people's *Te Deum* after victory. A sort of man, who, no doubt, will die laughing, and making other people laugh."

Whether Mr. Robertson will or will not *die* making people laugh, I cannot say; but this I know that, when I heard him all alive upon the hustings, *I* almost died of laughing—*at* him. By the bye, I see that our hirsute M.P., although sometime caught, is not yet quite tamed: "*Leans* to the table" pleasantly suggestive that of the rural districts with their kangaroo! Well may Mr. Martin grin. The figure, however, that "Visitor" employs to depict the grim merriment of the member for Cook and Westmoreland lies beyond the range of my readings in mythology:—

> "The spectacle is fine. Prometheus over grilled bones and coffee with the
> —— ποντιων τε κυματων
> ανηριθμον γελασμα,
> reflected in his rebellious face."

Grilled bones, I should say, were rather bad for a liver-complaint; but, perhaps, it was the vulture's bones Prometheus grilled—devilled eagle. And did the soft-hearted Hephæstus bring him a cup of coffee, with a dash of nectar in it, on the sly? No wonder the waves laughed if they saw the grimy god stumping up the mountain with the tray.

Having inserted his eminently pertinent scrap of Æschylus, may I venture to hint to "Visitor" that, unlike the majority of those with which he so plentifully peppers his page, quotations should illustrate something more than the fact that their citer has read the authors from whom he quotes? Ill-natured people may even feel disposed to doubt *that*, when the elegant extracts are old acquaintences often met with knocking about literature, like fast men about town. The mottoes at the heads of chapters, &c., &c., supply a copious stock of ready-made learning—erudition cut and dried.

May I insinuate, moreover, that flattery, to be effective, should not be fulsome?

Certain savages besmear their idols with rank butter. Even a wooden head, I should imagine, would prefer French-polish.

I remain, Sir, your obedient servant,

A HATER OF HUMBUG.

P.S.—At the close of what I am constrained to call his very emetical production, "Visitor" observes:—

> We have no doubt, by the way, that at the general resurrection Robertson will be seen scampering, in his shroud, up and down the Valley of Jehosaphat (the supposed *locus in quo* of final judgment), and looking closely after the salvation of the electors of Phillip, Brisbane, and Bligh.

The electors of Phillip, Brisbane, and Bligh feel very much obliged to Mr. Robertson, but they hope to work out their own salvation. If they thought that this depended, in the slightest degree, upon their representative, it would be indeed with fear and trembling.

Poo-poo Poo-poo, Phillip, Bligh, *or* Brisbane,
February 10th, 1857.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Sir,—There was an inquest held near this, yesterday, upon the body of a man named Broad. I was sent for to see him on Tuesday, about 2 p.m.—he had been ill from Sunday, and was constantly vomiting. Judging from his appearance that he might have diseased liver, I asked him if he had any pain in his side; he said yes, and upon my examining him I found a large tumour or rather bubo under the axilla, the glands along the inside of the arm swollen, and the vessels turgid. I then examined his hand, upon which a bluish purple vesicle existed. I questioned him as to whether he had been near or doing anything with a diseased animal. He had not. I prescribed for him and gave an unfavourable opinion of his case: he died at midnight, and I have no doubt but that the infection was conveyed from some dead animal. Decomposition set in at once, rendering the body so disagreeable that no one could remain with it any time.

This case is, I think, similar to that of the late Mr. Oakes.

I will be obliged if you will take notice of this peculiar disease, in any form you may choose, so as to attract the attention of others more particularly to it.

This is the fourth case of this sort I have attended, two of which recovered; those two were, however, attended to immediately after infection.

I am, Sir, your obedient,

W. RAMSAY.

Camden, 13th February, 1856.

MAITLAND.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Sir,—I beg respectfully to solicit your attention to an article which appeared in the issue of the *Maitland Mercury* of the 7th instant, and of which I enclose you a copy. The article refers to a proposed extension of the township of West Maitland, and includes an area of above 100 acres. As many persons interested in the progress of this township reside in distant parts of the colony, throughout which your journal enjoys such an extensive circulation, I have to request your kind assistance as a favour to myself and fellow-townsmen in giving it publication in the columns of the *Herald*, at your convenience.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM NICHOLSON.

West Maitland, February 12.

It has been for some time past known in Maitland that a large extension of West Maitland was about to be provided for, by a survey and subdivision of the race-course. Partly induced by the magnitude of the addition to the town—the land includes above 160 acres; partly by the rumour of cathedral and museum and other reserves, squares, &c., leading to the expectation of great architectural features being ultimately found in this direction; and partly by the tantalising and curiosity-provoking hints as to the "to be and not to be" of the railway terminus—we applied to Mr. W. Nicholson, the owner of the land, for information as to his real intentions, and the intentions of the railway commissioners. On the latter point, we find Mr. Nicholson can keep a secret as well as a surveyor; as to his own intentions he has shown us a very fine plan of the land, as laid out by the surveyor, Mr. De Courcy Nagle, of the firm of White and Nagle.

Although both gentlemen professed their inability to give any precise r ilway information, we believe our other informants—to the effect that the railway line will run through this property, and that the railway terminus will be somewhere on it. In this faith we proceed to give a fuller description of the proposed addition to the town than would otherwise be justifiable in this part of the *Mercury*; since many of our townsmen will be curious to know what appearance the railway portion will present.

With considerable skill, Mr. Nagle has first provided the thoroughfare outlets, in continuation of existing streets, which Mr. Nicholson and all of us see to be a leading defect of West Maitland at present. The problem presented being—Given, properties joining and running into each other at every conceivable angle—how to provide wide streets, joining present streets, and yet give right-angled allotments to build upon. The outlets provided, by which thoroughfares from High-street through Maitland South are secured, connect with no less than seven existing streets—Elgin-street, Bourke-street, Catherine-street, Victoria-street, Albert-street, Devonshire-street, and Melbourne-street. Of these the leading feature promises to be Victoria-street, and its continuation, Great Albert-street. This street, which opens on High-street opposite the *Mercury* Office, and runs 40 feet wide through Mr. Mitchell's land, becomes 56 feet wide through a portion of Maitland South, and turning off at an easy angle, it runs then southerly at the same breadth under the name of Great Albert-street. Albert-street runs into this street; and further down Devonshire-street and Melbourne-street also join it. The other streets running southerly are Maitland Parade, Catherine-street, and Great Bourke-street; all commencing at top from a street named Denison-place, which serves as the meeting place, on the other side, of the other existing streets now running from High-street. Thus, Denison-place is likely to be a leading feature also of the new town extension. Below Denison-place occur two other cross streets, Speed-street and Terminus-street; and above it, and lying at a rather different angle, are three cross streets, William-street, Nagle-street, and Nicholson-street, the latter being the first cross street arrived at after passing Mr. Mitchell's ground. All these new streets are 56 feet wide—the very least width that henceforth should be permitted in a rapidly growing town like this. None of the cross streets present the advantage of a long thoroughfare, but if the railway line should run near any, we shall then gain the great advantage of another thoroughfare running through the town; to relieve High-street from what will soon become an inconvenient amount of traffic of all kinds. It would be a great advantage to the town if some of the neighbouring proprietors of land would bear this in mind, and connect streets on to some one of those now formed.

Mr. Nicholson has for so many years permitted the inhabitants of Maitland to recreate themselves, and gain health and strength, by freely walking over the racecourse at all times, that it will surprise few to learn that he has set aside reserves now. Not indeed any for that exact purpose, but one large one, of nearly three acres, fronting Great Albert-street, marked for a Botanic Garden, will somewhat answer it. There are six other reserved pieces, one for a cathedral, adjoining the Botanic Ground; one for a Maitland Lyceum, and another for a Hall of Commerce, at the junction of Maitland Parade, and Speed-street; one for a market, at the junction of William-street, Denison-place, and Great Albert-street; one for a museum, at the angle of Victoria and Great Albert streets; and one for a national school, at the junction of Bourke-street, Catherine-street, and Denison-place, Mr. Nagle, by the bye, has we see christened the existing Bourke-street, Little Bourke-street, to distinguish it, we suppose from the broader one he has now laid out beyond, and nearly in continuation of it, styled Great Bourke-street.

We are glad to see that Mr. Nicholson has adopted the course followed in laying out Bourke land and Mr. Skinner's land, and in laying out for sale a large piece of ground, has not cooped people up with miserable little allotments. The allotments here look all large enough for good houses and yards with back entrances into lanes. But it would be an excellent thing for the town if the law would permit of an absolute restriction on any one building dwelling-houses fronting these lanes. The example of the Bourke-land lanes, laid out by Mr. Goodall with similar thoughtful care, shows how ready people are to increase the chance of dreadful epidemic diseases ravaging the town, by its being too closely built on.

Altogether the people of West Maitland may we think congratulate themselves on having a really well laid out town added to our present somewhat confined limits.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Sir,—In the lines on Master George Oakes, which appeared in your paper yesterday morning, there is a trifling inaccuracy which I shall feel obliged if you will correct. In the fourth verse, instead of

> "He feared not death, his peace was made,"

the line should be

> "He feared not death, his peace with God was made."

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

W. WOOLLS.

Parramatta, February 13, 1857.

IMPOUNDINGS.

Gresford.—4th February. Red and white cow, cock horns, C with o in centre on milking side, aged; one red and white bull calf at foot, unbranded. Red heifer, apparently ML conjoined over 2 near rump, 15 months old. Brindle heifer, H near ribs. Blue bullock, H near ribs. To be sold on 3rd March.

Bathurst.—9th February. Bay horse, PM over JD over 2 near shoulder, aged, 15 hands high. Strawberry, bullock, DC over D off rump. Red and white bullock, cock horns, 8 near thigh, P+P (the first P reversed) over TC off rump, JS off ribs. White steer, JO or JC both rumps. To be sold on March 5th.

Prospect.—2nd February. Chestnut mare, white stripe down the face, snip, off fore and hind legs white, 3 years old, about 14 hands high, no brands legible. Also, on 7th February:—Bay horse, saddle-marked, black points, star, docked tail, TC on the neck, M over like C on the shoulder, both near side. Bay mare, black points, star, like CT off shoulder, about 14 hands high. To be sold on 9th March.

Merton.—2nd February. Bay entire colt, black points, JO near shoulder, 2 or 3 years. Brown mare, black points, M near ribs. Brown filly, black points, unbranded, about 3 years old. Bay filly, black points, unbranded, about 2 years old. To be sold on 4th March.

According to a Roman Journal, there are now in Rome not fewer than 244 painters of both sexes, 105 sculptors, and 144 engravers—all natives of the city, or Italians long resident there. As to foreign artists in Rome, the number, we are told, "exceeds all belief."

The first snowstorm in the United States this year took place on the 31st ultimo. It visited Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington on the south, and extended westward as far as Oswego, where snow fell to the depth of one foot.

Candidates for Southampton. The list is now tolerably large, comprising Mr. Weguelin, Governor of the Bank of England; Mr. Edwin James, Mr. Chadwick, Sir J. Easthope, Mr. Serjeant Pigott, Sir Edward Butler, Mr. Bouverie, and Mr. Gambier. The election will not take place until after the meeting of Parliament.

The Great Ichthyosaurus at Whitby.—Mr. Charlesworth was at Whitby, on Friday, examining this fossil remain, of whose discovery a notice appeared some time back in the York papers. He pronounces it to be the largest known connected skel ton of the ichthyosaurus tribe which geological researches have yet brought to light in any part of the world. Unfortunately the terminations of the tail and snout are wanting, the deficient portions probably reducing the length of the fossil by about 3 feet 6 inches. The bony sclerotic plates of the eyes are also absent. These defects greatly diminish the value of the specimen, which, nevertheless, must be regarded as one of the most remarkable fossils ever brought to light in this country.—*Yorkshire Gazette*, November 22.

Serious Decrease in the Yield of Salt.—On Saturday evening Mr. Samuel Bracegirdle, salt proprietor and shipbuilder, of Northwich, called at the *Liverpool Albion* office, and made the following statement:—"The great salt district is composed of two divisions, the Winsford and the Northwich. I own and work a mine in the latter division. For some time past there has been a gradual decrease in the quantity of brine obtained throughout the district, but within the last few days the yield has decreased fully 50 per cent. The higher mines at Winsford have completely failed, and those of Anderton and Northwich have fallen off within a fortnight something like 50 per cent. My own mine has decreased to that extent, the brine having subsided to 18 yards from its previous height of 36 yards, and it is still on the decrease. The brine in Lord Stanley's mine, in the same division, within the last two days, has decreased 11 yards. It is not unusual for a decrease to take place gradually, owing to the gradual subsidence of land in the neighbourhood, but we never remember an instance of so great a change occurring within so brief a period. We account for it from the fact that the land at Dunkirk, which is about a mile distant from the mines, and which had been gradually 'settling' during the past few weeks, suddenly sank to the depth of a three-story building a day or two ago. This, we imagine, has altered the position of the strata, and has caused the brine, instead of flowing towards the sea, in which direction all the working shafts are now situated, to flow more inland. It is calculated that this decrease will take away fully one-half the present supply of salt which comes to Liverpool from that district. Mr. Firth, banker of Northwich, who has a salt mine at Winsford, stopped working yesterday (Friday). Dunkirk is high land, and it is supposed that the brine being withdrawn by the mines has caused the subsidence. The present export of salt from Liverpool, obtained from this district, is about 700,000 or 800,000 tons a-year, of which about three-fourths go to the United States."

A New Railway Project.—It is said that a committee of English and French capitalists is in course of formation to complete a direct railway communication from Paris, through Bale and Trieste, to Constantinople; and that the preliminary surveys have been made, and estimates furnished by French engineers. The line, with branches to Athens and Odessa, is almost of the gigantic character of the Russian scheme, but it has the merit, wanting in that case, of passing through regions where the existing traffic is great.—*Times.*

The Wellington Monument in Guildhall.—This monument has just been erected. The finishing touches, however, have not yet been given. It consists of a group of three colossal figures, representing the Duke between Peace and War, and a relievo, introduced below, of the Battle of Waterloo. It contains about twenty tons of white Italian marble, and has been executed in two years, at a cost to the City of £5000. Mr. Bell, from whose studio it proceeds, was on the Council of the Society of Arts during the two years prior to the Exhibition of 1851, when that scheme was agitating. At the request of the Society he also prepared its manuals of freehand outline, and he is now one of its Board of Examiners.—*Journal of the Society of Arts.*

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

February 16.—William IV. (s.), Captain Chatfield, from Merimbula 13th instant. Passengers—4 in the steerage. Master, agent.

February 16.—William, brigantine, 82 tons, Captain Snow, from Port Macquarie. Passengers—Mrs. Green, Miss Green, Miss M. Ogle, Miss K. Ogle, Mr. Becke, Mr. Wodehouse, Master Becke, Mr. Mosely, Mr. Lambert, and Mr. Osmand. E. Manning, agent.

February 16.—Ganges, American ship, 315 tons, Captain Nicholson, from the South Seas. Captain, agent.

DEPARTURES.

February 16.—William Alfred, for Wellington.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—Coleroon, for London; Gertrude, for Auckland; Susan, for a whaling voyage; Juanita, for Hongkong.

CLEARANCES.

February 16.—Gertrude, brig, 118 tons, Captain Dunning, for Auckland. Passengers—Mr. Crawford, Mr. Mrs. and Miss Grange.

February 16.—Coleroon, ship, 710 tons, Captain Wilson, for London. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Burns, Mr. and Mrs. Paisey, Mr. and Mrs. Burnham, Mr. and Mrs. Downs and family, Mr. and Mrs. Shaw, Miss Maud, Messrs. Say, J. Smith, Else, and Herbert.

COASTERS INWARDS.

February 16.—Williams (s.), from Morpeth, with 155 trusses hay and sundries; Fenella (s.), from Morpeth, with 322 trusses hay; Illalong (s.), from Morpeth, with 38 trusses hay, 12 bags potatoes, 120 sheep, 20 bags bran, 25 bags maize, 40 bags barley, 3 cases fruit, 2 cases fish, 1 iron wheel, and sundries; City of Melbourne (s.), from Morpeth, with 160 trusses hay, 6 pigs, 41 bags maize, 9 bags wheat, 6 bags barley, and sundries; Louisa Maria, Perseverance, Architect, and Scotia, from Newcastle, with 362 tons coals; Frederick, Griffiths, Cumberland, and Pegasus, from Morpeth, with 178 tons coal and 50 tons flour; Martha, and Norna, from the Manning River, with 12,000 bushels 22 bags maize, 3 bales wool, 23 hides, 210 horns, 2 bundles skins, 8 tins honey, and sundries; John Mitchell, from Pitt Water, with 600 baskets shells, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

February 16.—Louisa Maria, for Newcastle; John Mitchell, and Peacock, for Brisbane Water.

IMPORTS.

February 16.—Ganges, from the South Seas: 200 barrels sperm oil, order.

EXPORTS.

February 16.—Coleroon, for London: 1148 bales wool, 5 cases drapery, Montefiore, Graham, and Co.; 39 bales wool, 88 barrels gum, Joy and Co.; 164 bales wool, Vial D'Aram, Milliere, and Co.; 88 bales wool, Smith, Brothers, and Co.; 100 bales wool, Prince, Bray, and Ogg; 62 bales wool, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 10 bales wool, David Jones and Co.; 12 bales wool, G. S. Leathes; 14 bales wool, 17 casks, 27 sheets old copper, H. M. Joseph; 156 bales wool, 1080 hides, 49 casks tallow, 70 bags gum, 1 bale horns and hair, Campbell and Co.; 99 casks tallow, 354 hides, Frost, Kohler, and Co.; 12 casks cocoanut oil, W. M'Donald; 51 casks sperm oil, 11 casks 1 bag shells, J. Davis and Co.; 38 casks sperm oil, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 14 casks cocoanut oil, 90 hogsheads, D. Jones and Co.; 258 bags gum, Gilfillan and Co.; 1027 bags gum, W. Wright; 683 bags copper ore, J. Robertson; 1000 bags copper, English and Australian Copper Company; 18 packages metal, P. N. Russell and Co.; 10 tons bones, L. and S. Spyer and Co. Re-capitulation: 1793 bales wool, 1434 hides, 80 barrels 1355 bags gum, 16 casks cocoanut oil, 89 casks sperm oil, 11 casks 1 bag shells, 10 tons bones, 18 packages metal, 148 casks tallow, 7 casks 27 sheets old copper, 683 bags copper ore, 1000 bags copper, 1 bale horns and hair, 5 cases drapery, 90 hogsheads.

February 14.—Gertrude for Auckland: 5 cases lemon syrup, 35 chests tea, 4 cases cigars, 10 reams paper, 2 half-tierces tobacco, 54 mats sugar, 45 bags, 41 cases, and 7 casks groceries, A. Fairfax and Co.; 10 hogsheads brandy, 10 quarter-casks vinegar, R. Dacre; 40 boxes soap, 13 packages bags, 30,000 shingles, 10 bales bags, Gilfillan and Co.; 20 boxes tea, 2 hogsheads brandy, 6 hogsheads rum, 4 half-tierces tobacco, 1 hogshead 10 quarter-casks wine, 17 bars 1 bundle iron, 40 bags coke, 40 boxes candles, 11 boxes pepper, 36 bags maize, 20 cases ginger wine, 120 bags rice, 4 bundles, bags, Smith, Campbell, and Co.; 2 cases drapery, Young, Lark, and Bennet; 197 bags sugar, Brown and Co.; 69 cases gin, 30 cases wine, M. Bayley; 524 bags sugar, Colonial Sugar Refining Company; 3 half-tierces tobacco, W. Armstrong; 25 cases candles, Hogan and Caraher; 10 tierces beef, Acheson and Co.; 10 tierces beef, 4 barrels tar, 30 bags charcoal, Jobson; 18 tierces beef, 99 packages salt, H. Bell.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

For Auckland.—By the Gertrude, this day, at noon, if not underweigh.

For Hongkong.—By the Juanita, this day, at noon, if not underweigh.

For Port Cooper.—By the Eliezer, this day, at noon.

For Valparaiso.—By the Manuel Montt, this day, at noon.

For Melbourne and Eden.—By the City of Sydney, this day, at 2 p.m.

For Auckland.—By the William Denny, this day, at 4 p.m.

For New Caledonia.—By the Black Dog, this evening, at 6.

For Callao.—By the Pioneer, to-morrow evening, at 6.

TIME TABLE OF THE MAILS BETWEEN ENGLAND AND AUSTRALIA, BY THE EUROPEAN AND AUSTRALIAN ROYAL MAIL COMPANY.

OUTWARDS.		Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	1858. Jan.
SOUTHAMPTON ...	...Departure Noon.	Feb. 24	March 12	April 12	May 12	June 12	July 12	Aug. 12	Sept. 12	Oct. 12	Nov. 12	Dec. 12	Jan. 12
LONDON, via Marseilles ...	Departure Evening.	" 28	" 16	" 16	" 16	" 16	" 16	" 16	" 16	" 16	" 16	" 16	" 16
ALEXANDRIA... ...	...Arrival ...	March 8	" 24	" 24	" 24	" 24	" 24	" 24	" 24	" 24	" 24	" 24	" 24
SUEZ	...Departure	" 11	" 27	" 27	" 27	" 27	" 27	" 27	" 27	" 27	" 27	" 27	" 27
MELBOURNE	...Arrival ...	April 19	May 5	June 5	July 5	Aug. 5	Sept. 4	Oct. 5	Nov. 5	Dec. 5	1858. Jan. 5	1858. Feb. 4	March 7
	Stay	One day.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day and a half.	One day.
	Departure	" 20	" 6	" 6	" 6	" 6	" 5	" 6	" 6	" 6	" 6	" 5	" 8
SYDNEY	...Arrival ...	" 22	" 9	" 9	" 9	" 9	" 8	" 9	" 9	" 9	" 9	" 8	" 10
	Intervals for Replies...		48 hours.	48 hours.	48 hours.	48 hours.	72 hours.	48 hours.	48 hours.	48 hours.	48 hours.	72 hours.	12 hours.
HOMEWARDS.													
SYDNEY	...Departure Noon.	April 11	May 11	June 11	July 11	Aug. 11	Sept. 11	Oct. 11	Nov. 11	Dec. 11	1858. Jan. 11	Feb. 11	March 11
MELBOURNE	...Arrival ...	" 13	" 13	" 13	" 18	" 13	" 13	" 13	" 13	" 13	" 13	" 13	" 13
	Stay	Two days.	Two days.	Two days.	Two days.	Two days.	Two days.	Two days.	Two days.	Two days	Two days	One day.	Two days.
	Departure	" 15	" 15	" 15	" 15	" 15	" 15	" 15	" 15	" 15	" 15	" 14	" 15
SUEZ	...Arrival ...	May 23	June 22	July 23	Aug. 22	Sept. 2	Oct. 23	Nov. 22	Dec. 23	1858. Jan. 22	Feb. 22	March 24	April 22
ALEXANDRIA	...Departure	" 25	" 25	" 25	" 25	" 25	" 25	" 25	" 25	" 25	" 25	" 26	" 25
LONDON, via Marseilles	...Arrival ...	June 2	July 2	Aug. 2	Sept. 2	Oct. 2	Nov. 2	Dec. 2	1858. Jan. 2	Feb. 2	March 5	April 3	May 2
SOUTHAMPTON ...	...Arrival ... Midnight.	" 6	" 6	" 6	" 5	" 6	" 6	" 6	" 6	" 5	" 8	" 7	" 6

The cargo of the William, from Port Macquarie, consist of 30 tierces of cabin beef, 15 kegs ditto, 8 barrels ditto, 42,000 shingles, 800 beef staves, 200 tallow ditto, 1 log cedar, 17 bales wool, 27 hides, 100 sacks maize, 15 cases and bags sundries, a lot of furniture, 4 coops poultry.

The Ganges, of Nantuckett, which arrived last night, is out forty months, and brings 200 barrels of oil, having sent home a portion of her cargo. She has met with very indifferent success. Last Sunday she sighted a school of sperm whales, 70 miles N.E. of the Heads, but although the boats were lowered did not succeed in fastening. The whales were making away to the N.N.E. The following is the report of whalers spoken or reported by other vessels:—About Bouka Bay: December 27th: The ship Young Hector, Smith, of and 37 months from New Bedford, with 1750 barrels of sperm oil, bound to New Zealand. December 28th: Barque Winthrop, Akins, of and 17 months from Fairhaven, with 260 barrels of sperm oil and 80 barrels of whale. January 7th, 1857: General Scott, of Fairhaven, 900 barrels of whale, 330 barrles sperm oil. January 8th: Barque Cowlitz, Bushell, of and 6 months from London, with 75 barrels of sperm oil; all well. February 4th: In latitude 17.S., longitude 162·20 E., at 11 p.m., passed a merchant barque with painted boats, steering N., and near running one another down.—Ships touched at Lord Howe's Island:—December 26th: Edward Carry, Winslow, of and 31 months from Nantucket, 900 barrels of sperm oil; all well. December 29th: Barque Belle, of and 43 months from New Bedford, 2100 barrels, all told. Atlantic, Colman, of and 32 months from Nantucket, 1100 barrels of sperm oil. Sophia Thorten, Nichols, of and 19 months from New Bedford, 600 barrels sperm. Barque Awarshanks Toba, of and 26 months from Falmouth, 800 barrels of sperm oil. February 12th: Ship Susannah, Norton, of and 43½ months from New Bedford, 1100 barrels.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

February 14.—Hargreaves, schooner, 197 tons, Captain Anderson, from Hobart Town.

February 14.—Mary Grant, brig, 160 tons, Captain Bennett, from Sydney.

February 14.—Wanderer, brig, 235 tons, Captain Chalmers, from Melbourne.

February 16.—Yarra Yarra, steamer, from Sydney.

DEPARTURES.

February 14.—Waratah, steamer, for Wide Bay.

February 16.—Margaret, schooner, Captain Simmonds, for Geelong, with 200 tons coal.

The cargo of the William IV. consists of 135 bags of wheat, 35 hides, 500 sheepskins, and sundries.

Australian Club.—The first annual general meeting of the club, in accordance with Rule 15, will be held to-morrow, Wednesday, the 18th instant, at 12 o'clock noon.—Adv.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

February.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water. Foren.	High Water. Aftern.
17 Tuesday.	5 42	6 46	0 48	1 12

Moon: New, 17th instant, 1 m. 43 s. past 12 p.m.

SYDNEY RAILWAY.

SYDNEY STATION.—Down Trains.

Dist.	Stations.	Mixed Train. a.m.	Mixed Train. a.m.	Goods a.m.	Mixed Trains. p.m.	Mixed Trains. p.m.	Mixed Trains. p.m.
Miles.	Leave—						
0	Sydney	6 0	10 0	11 0	1 30	4 25	5 45
1	Newtown	6 7	10 7	11 13	1 37	4 31	5 52
5	Ashfield	6 17	10 17	11 30	1 47	4 42	6 2
6½	Burwood	6 22	10 22	11 41	1 52	4 47	6 7
7½	Homebush	6 27	10 27	11 50	1 57	4 52	6 12
13	Parramatta	6 48	10 48	12 23	2 18	5 13	6 33
17½	Fairfield	7 1	11 1	12 42	2 31	5 26	6 46
22	Liverpool	7 12	11 12	1 0	2 42	5 37	6 57

LIVERPOOL STATION.—Up Trains.

Dist.	Stations.	Mixed Trains. a.m.	Mixed Trains. a.m.	Mixed Trains. a.m.	Goods p.m.	Mixed Train. p.m.	Mixed Train. p.m.
Miles.	Leave—						
0	Liverpool	6 0	7 40	11 30	1 20	3 30	5 45
4½	Fairfield	6 13	7 53	11 43	1 41	3 43	5 58
8½	Parramatta	6 31	8 11	12 1	2 5	4 1	6 16
14½	Homebush	6 45	8 25	12 15	2 35	4 15	6 30
15½	Burwood	6 49	8 29	12 19	2 44	4 19	6 34
17	Ashfield	6 54	8 34	12 24	2 54	4 24	6 39
20	Newtown	7 7	8 47	12 37	3 12	4 37	6 52
22	Sydney	7 12	8 52	12 42	3 20	4 42	6 57

The Sunday Trains leave Sydney for Parramatta and Liverpool at 9·30 a.m., 2·45 p.m., and 5·30 p.m. Leave Liverpool for Sydney at 9·15 a.m., 2·30 p.m., and 5·15 p.m.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1857.

The preface of a volume is generally neglected, but we hope the Assembly will not overlook the introduction to the report on the City Commission. We find that on Tuesday, the 12th August, 1856, Mr. Martin moved—

That a Select Committee be appointed to inquire into, and report upon, the proceedings of the Commissioners for the city of Sydney from the period of their appointment.

That such Committee consist of the following members:—Mr. Cowper, Mr. Parkes, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Wilshire, Mr. Jones, Mr. Flood, Mr. Weekes, Mr. Gordon, Mr. Oakes, and Mr. Martin.

The greater portion of these names represent the feeling most hostile to the Government and the Commissioners. Considering the nature of the report presented by the most prominent of these gentlemen, and considering how baseless its accusations, it manifested considerable impudence to offer such names for the acceptance of an assembly of impartial men. The House finally accepted the proposition for the nomination of the committee by ballot, when the following persons were appointed, viz., Mr. Jones, Mr. Gordon, Mr. Hay, Mr. Parker, Mr. Scott, Mr. Lang, Mr. Oxley, Mr. Irving, Mr. Plunkett, and Mr. Wilshire. It will be found that these names represent as opponents of the Government Messrs. Jones, Gordon, Scott, Wilshire, perhaps Mr. Oxley; some of them, however, being rather moderate in their politics; Messrs. Parker, Hay, Lang, Irving, and Plunkett being supporters of the Government. This committee continued until Messrs. Parker and Hay vacated their seats upon the acceptance of office. We find that there were present on the 31st October Mr. Jones, Mr. Scott, Mr. Oxley, and Mr. Lang, and that the last mentioned gentleman proposed, as Mr. Parker and Mr. Hay had vacated their seats, that two other members should be appointed to take their places on the committee, and that the chairman should be requested to move "That Mr. Nichols and Mr. Flood be appointed members of this Committee in the room of Mr. Parker and Mr. Hay." This resolution was agreed to, but Messrs. Nichols and Flood declined to serve; and upon the motion of Mr. Jones in the Assembly, Mr. Robertson and Mr. Egan were appointed members of the committee. This changed the balance in favour of the Opposition to seven to three,—both the newly appointed members being in every sense less likely to be favourable to the Commissioners.

The Committee appear to have taken the utmost pains to preserve secrecy throughout their enquiry. We cannot gather—and we have been informed it was not the case—that any of the witnessess, or the Commissioners, or any persons likely to be implicated by the evidence—were at all aware of its purport. It is of great importance that this fact should be borne in mind. Were justice to be commonly administered on the same plan, our courts would be execrated. They would, however, scorn to present a part of the case as the whole, or to draw inferences from an imperfect knowledge of facts, which must lead to false conclusions. We see the danger of this not only in the rejected report, but also even in that bearing the name of Mr. Jones, when read in connexion with the facts brought out since the evidence closed. So far as the construction and present condition of the sewerage of the city is concerned, no doubt it would be possible to ascertain by this process, what are the opinions of competent persons. But when mixed questions arise relating to past transactions, and having reference to dates and the reasons which have guided the Commissioners, such secresy must prevent the full justification which might otherwise have been possible; we may, in illustration refer to the report. The continued employment of Mr. Mais after the absurd errors in his measurement were discovered is made a most serious charge, but it turns out that the strict Mr. Bell was morally responsible—that it was at his request and upon his advice that Mr. Mais remained for a short time in office.

We now call attention to the steps taken for the production of the report, and we request our readers to mark them diligently. On the 6th of January Mr. Egan moved

That the Chairman be requested to draft a series of resolutions for the consideration of the committee, which resolutions should, if agreed to, form the basis of their report, it being, at the same time reserved to the discretion of any member to submit for consideration such resolutions as he himself may think fit to frame.

The motion was agreed to. Mr. Egan was desirous of keeping clear his communications, and reserving a check upon the moderation of the Chairman. In accordance with this motion, a series of resolution were brought up by Mr. Jones. Taking the facts as stated, it would be deemed moderate and impartial. In adopting a report in some points adverse to the Commissioners, the committee would have acted with wisdom had they been contented with the general tenor of the draft. To one or two portions we should certainly have demurred, but they would have been fair topics of difference, and would have left no stigma upon the character of the Commissioners. These resolutions were transmitted to the printer with special instructions not to allow a single copy to escape his hands. We do not know precisely why this course was adopted, but we have strong suspicion that all such precautions are ineffectual. On the 21st January, the resolutions were brought up for consideration, and we find voting on that occasion the following gentlemen:—Mr. Plunkett, Mr. Scott, Mr. Gordon, Mr. Wilshire, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Egan, and Mr. Lang, with Mr. Jones as chairman. Of these six are members of the opposition, Mr. Robertson being very distinguished.

It will be well worth the while of hon. members of the House, intending to come to a fair conclusion in reference to this report, to watch the alterations in the various resolutions proposed. The first resolution states that the city improvements *have been satisfactorily executed;* Mr. Egan inserts the word "*generally*" after the word "been," implying that some parts of those works had *not* been satisfactorily completed, and in support of which implication there is not the slightest evidence in the report.

The fourth resolution says, "That the sewerage works in section No. 1 were not, in many respects, satisfactorily carried out by the engineer first appointed." Upon which Mr. Scott, (who all through displayed a puerile antagonism to the Commissioners) inserts the word "*important,*" making the resolution read that the sewerage works in section No. 1 were not in many *important* respects satisfactorily carried out. The seventh resolution says that either Mr. Murphy's or Mr. Farrelly's tender would have been more advantageous to the citizens. Mr. Plunkett raised a doubt as to the suitability of Mr. Farrelly's tender, but was beaten by a majority of five—*all* supporters of the Opposition. We find, however, on turning to the report as adopted, that the objection he raised has been admitted, and the Committee have acknowledged that there was some doubt about Mr. Farrelly's tender! A further effort was made by Mr. Plunkett, in which we find Mr. Wilshire voting for the amendment, which, however, was also defeated! The 10th draft resolution candidly says "That while there have been some errors in Mr. Mais' certificates, in regard to the character of the ground through which the sewers have been carried, involving some overpayments on account, these errors have not been of any serious magnitude." This was a moderate form of putting these errors, which though conspicuous were too absurd to be attributed to anything but highly blameable neglect. Mr. Scott, however, is not satisfied, he must insert "*several* errors" instead of "*some* errors in Mr. Mais' certificates." The resolution says with equal candour and justice that *the steps taken by the* Commissioners with respect to these errors have led to their being equitably rectified. The proof is absolute that the rectification of these errors was made by the Commissioners and their officers alone, and before these errors were even heard of in the late Committee. Yet Mr. Scott, in order to blister the wound, gets substituted for "the steps *taken by the Commissioners*" the words "forced on *the attention* of the Commissioners," thus to lead to the inference that they were unwilling to notice the errors referred to, and were only led to take steps by some compulsion external to their office. This is an utter untruth, and we regret to find that this mean amendment is supported by five out of the seven members of the Committee who were present at the time—all being, however, members of the Opposition. Mr. Scott proposed as an amendment on the 11th resolution, that the terms of the contract were negligently carried out. This was carried by a majority of 4 to 3. A further attempt at blistering is then made by Mr. Scott, in which he was beaten by a majority of one, namely, by attributing to the Commissioners a want of the "*most ordinary,*" instead of "a *proper and vigilant*" supervision. This we are happy to say was a little too strong, and was defeated by a majority of 4 to 3. Mr. Scott, being supported by Mr. Egan and Mr. Robertson.

Mr. Scott, however, makes one more effort and moved on the 13th clause being put: "That this resolution be amended by the omission of the words 'allow of the errors which had been committed being rectified *without any material cost,*' with a view to the insertion of the words *prevent serious loss* instead thereof," the object being to impute what the report of the committee is compelled to deny—namely, "that any loss has accrued to the city in *carrying* out the plans for the erection of the waterworks."

The resolutions thus exaggerated, and inflamed, passed through all their stages; the conditions asked for by Mr. Egan being fully complied with. Every alteration, made against the efforts of the minority, was carried for the purpose of adding some stigma, or denying some merit—all tending to place the Commissioners in a more unfavorable light. Such as it was, however, the document was completed, and every resolution thus amended adopted by the Committee, closed with the following decisive resolution: "That the purport of this resolution be embodied in the report." They then bind the chairman in drafting that report, so to word it as not *to be inconsistent with* the resolutions agreed to. Mr. Robertson himself moved the following resolution: "That the Chairman be requested forthwith to draw up a draft report for the consideration of the Committee, embodying the purport of the foregoing resolutions."

We have no doubt, the members of that Committee, more favorable to the Commissioners, considered their labours virtually at an end—that the Chairman would feel himself obliged to use such language as the resolutions would warrant. It was natural to think the conclusions to which the Committee had arrived—unsustained in some instances, as we believe them to be—would, at all events, be the extent of inculpation to which the Commissioners could be exposed.

In the meantime, however, Mr. Plunkett was removed to the Upper House, and we call the attention of our readers to the state of the last sittings (January 30). One member only, who could be considered as favourable to the existing administration, and hostile to the party whose political fame was involved in the last report, remained at the final meeting. The report was agreed to. It was then that Mr. Robertson inserted that damnatory clause which excited such universal disapprobation.

We have been told unceasingly, and we admit it as cordially as any persons who parade the doctrine—that office is not for the holders but for the public—that to say men are unfit is to say that they ought to be removed—that no considerations of friendship or of sympathy—that no regard for temporary inconvenience and loss, should turn aside the parties responsible for the administration of Government from the duty they have to perform in the removing of incapable men, and the finding of others fitted to occupy their places. Such must be the conclusion of this report. We however look upon the addition to the report after Mr. Plunkett—whose resistance would have been most strenuous—had retired, and during the absence of several members known to be adverse to its spirit,—as an act of political treachery. It deprives the report of all moral authority as an impartial document. That Mr. Robertson should propose, and Mr. Scott support such a resolution—that it should be sustained by Mr. Egan, will occasion no surprise, after the evidence has been perused; but we are certainly amazed that a man like the chairman, who does know what is due to the decencies of public life, should have permitted so scandalous an addition without the strongest disclaimer and protestation.

In turning to the questions in the course of examination in which Mr. Scott has appeared, it would be easy to produce a full justification of that suspicion which we have cast upon his fitness for the office of censor. To say nothing of the tone in which some of this gentleman's enquiries are presented, we give the following, as an example of his qualifications to judge of the City Commissioners. In the examination of Mr. Eliot, the following amusing questions and answers appear:—

6. In disposing of the Market stalls, what object have the Commissioners, or the Government, in letting them to the highest bidder—is it merely to raise the revenue? To raise the revenue—I do not quite understand your question.

7. I should have thought that the object of a public market would be to supply the poorer classes at the lowest possible rates, but now they have become little shops in the hands of persons who keep shops in other parts of the town. Is it an advantage to raise revenue to the loss of people who go to market to buy a good and cheap article? The rent of the stalls was suggested by the stallholders themselves.

8. Why did the Commissioners agree to that—they do it to have a monopoly? No; we did it to let the markets to the best advantage, and to accommodate the public as much as we could do.

9. I can hardly agree to the principle? It was to derive a revenue from it, and to accommodate the public.

Only imagine the Commissioners *had* agreed with Mr. Scott's principle!—that they had actually let the markets not to the highest bidder, but to the lowest—that instead of making revenue, as was their duty, they had made it their business to compete with shopkeepers!

We shall no doubt be told, when the subject comes on, that the systematic persecution of the Commissioners has been the cause of all their utility, and has obviated their defects—that, in short, to Mr. Weale, and his great disciple, we owe our escape from the labyrinth of rock and soil; from the spoliation of our Randles and our Champions.

By Mr. Martin we shall be told how that that gentle shepherd has preserved the sheep from the shears of these public robbers; but we shall not be told from the same quarter how much of the time of the Commissioners has been wasted by dancing attendance on inquisitors; how much of their energy has been destroyed; how much their homes have been embittered by a persecution which never ceased from the moment they entered office until now. We shall not be told how much disease and sickness will be incurred by delay of the works through the officious interruptions of men who were seeking in those dark depths the means of popularity. We shall not be informed how large a sum this country will lose by the departure of the boldest—the most enterprising, and the most useful man that ever entered into competition with the petty jobbers, or how much they will profit when they dread not the competition of his tenders. We shall not be informed how large a sum this country has sacrificed by the removal of hundreds of our labourers, who alone possess the kind of ability requisite for the prosecution of great works. We shall not be informed how much the advantage of Victoria over us will be increased by the encouragement it has offered to that very man whose name a few months ago, among our political charlatans, was made a by-word of chicanery, lying, and robbery; but we shall no doubt be comforted by retaining James Martin—chairman!

The majority of the public have neither time nor inclination to go carefully through the voluminous and confused evidences given before select committees, and it is for this reason that we have endeavoured to present to our readers the real result of the late inquiry into the City Commissioners' Department. Had the report been an accurate reflex of the evidence, we should have been content to let the matter rest; but as that report contained accusations wholly unwarranted, we have been forced, in the defence of men unjustly accused, to wade through the whole, and present in the briefest possible space the real bearing of the testimony adduced. It was impossible for us to fortify our assertion by quoting heavy extracts; we could but give the substance of the answers elicited. By this course, however, it seems to us that we may have done some injustice to Mr. Rider, whose professional reputation has been impugned. To a professional man his character is his income; to injure it is easy—to undo the injury not so easy. It is only fair, therefore, that we should, in conclusion, give his own evidence on those points in which his scientific judgment has been specially questioned. His defence and that of the Commissioners rest on different grounds. For the latter gentlemen it is sufficient to urge that they were bound to follow the advice of their engineer, except where common sense obviously told them to interfere. Mr. Rider must stand or fall by the judgment of those who are competent to form an opinion on the validity of his defence.

With respect to the substitution of tunnelling instead of open cutting in Pitt-street and other crowded thoroughfares. We have already shown cause why the Commissioners are to be considered justified in what they did. We add the reasons on which Rider grounded the advice he tendered to them.

Will you be kind enough to state to the committee the grounds, generally, on which you decided on tunnelling to so large an extent? The reasons for that, to a man practically acquainted with the work, are very obvious; but I will state them as generally as possible. In the first place, the Act specially provides, by clause VII., "That the Commissioners are empowered to construct sewers and drains as they, the Commissioners, shall think proper, with certain restrictions, the chief of which is, that they shall perform the work with as little damage as may be in the execution of the several powers granted to them." That is one reason that the inhabitants, who, I presume, have really to pay for this sewerage, should not be interrupted in their business in the narrow thoroughfares. Again, the water mains are entirely laid down in the centre of the streets, and open cutting would have interfered with them to a very great extent, as has been proved in the very short distances they are open cutting now in that portion of Castlereagh-street, where a small three-inch main is laid down in the centre of the street; it has been properly slung, and few accidents have occurred while it has been slung, but immediately after the filling in the earth the pipes have gone from the natural re-consolidation of the earth, which is not effected by ramming; in less than five hundred feet in Castlereagh-street the pipe has broken at least half a dozen times, and the inhabitants have been cut off from the water, for which no doubt they will demand compensation from the Commissioners. In Pitt-street there was a large open cutting and a nine-inch main, and though it was slung as fair as art could suggest, it went, and robbed the north end of the city of water until it was repaired. These are accidents that would continually occur if open-cutting were prosecuted, as the re-consolidation of the earth would be going on for a length of time, and it would not be possible to support the pipes, except by expensive means, so securely that would prevent them continually breaking. That is another reason. But the principal reason is this—I have been much guided by local circumstances. Pitt-street is the lowest level of all the streets in section number one, and all the streets through which sewers now run are parallel to it; there are a vast number of imperfect, ill-built drains, running transversely across the streets at extremely frequent distances to Pitt-street, or rather the Tank Stream, and if open cutting were adopted, these drains must be discharged into the sewers as they were being constructed, and render it almost impossible for the work to be carried on in a satisfactory manner—indeed the work could not be completed. That was one of the principal reasons why it was preferable to tunnel underneath the site of these drains. In works of this kind, you must give the contractor a clear course, but, independently, you can imagine the injury it would be to the work by these numberless drains, from one end of the street to the other, being discharged into a sewer during construction.

These are the principal grounds on which you recommended so large a proportion of tunnelling? Yes.

Could not effectual means have been taken to prevent the bursting of the pipes to which you have alluded, without any great cost? I do not know any effectual means; they were all old, extremely brittle, and nearly all corroded, and required support their whole length.

Could not these drains to which you allude have been stopped? At vast expense; means might have been devised to divert, but not to stop them, but it would have been more expensive.

Than the tunnelling? Yes; and again, the streets, from the depth to which we have gone, would not have held the material thrown up; it must have been carted away, or blocked the streets, to the detriment of the inhabitants. These are the practical reasons why so much tunnelling has been had recourse to in carrying out the works.

It has been stated to the committee, by professional men who have examined the work, that open cutting was preferable, with a view to secure good work in the sewers—that it enables you to secure thorough and good work? It naturally suggests itself that the facilities for constructing brickwork in open cutting must be greater than in tunnelling, but, on the other hand, it does not necessarily follow that the brickwork is to be done in such a way in a tunnel that it is not as good and perfect for the sewer as work that may be, and can be, constructed in open cutting.

It has also been represented to the committee that the cost of open cutting would have been considerably less in these sewerage works, which have been carried on under your charge, than the cost of tunnelling has been? On that point I believe it has been so represented, but I should be sorry to place much reliance on a man who could give such an unscrupulous opinion. Having been estranged from the works some time now, matters hardly present themselves to my memory. But there is another cogent reason why tunnelling is better than open cutting, the formation of streets and roads,—by open cutting you must destroy the principal and best part of the street, the crown or centre, and it will take years for the re-consolidation of a depth averaging from twelve to fifteen feet throughout these streets. The continual repairs will perpetuate an annual expense. Money might have been saved on one hand, but, looking to the ultimate expense, I am satisfied tunnelling will prove the most economical in the end. You cannot tell the amount that would be required annually to reform these streets, and bring the sides to the proper section. It is nearly eighteen months since the sewer in Elizabeth-street was made by open cutting, and that is not yet re-consolidated. A portion of Parramatta and George streets alone cost £40,000 to reform and metal.

By Mr. Lang: As the ground sinks they will have to refill it with metal? Not only so, but the ground sinking into its natural state, as it falls you must remove the blue metal and put on the crown, course after course, until nature has effected what art cannot. Therefore I say, from this and other reasons, that an opinion urged by any professional man that tunnelling is more expensive and objectionable than open cutting is unscrupulous.

By the Chairman: You dissent from the opinion expressed by professional men that open cutting to the depth of fifteen or eighteen feet is decidedly cheaper than tunnelling? Yes. What I mean to state is this, I say *emphatically* that the operation of tunnelling for these sewers will ultimately be cheaper than open cutting.

It will be seen from this that Mr. Rider does not admit that he gave wrong advice. From the tone of his answers, it is clear that even after all that has been said, he abides by his original judgment, and if the work were to be done again, would do it in the same way. If he is right in stating that tunnelling will prove in the long run to have been the cheapest process, the only remaining recommendation of open cutting is, that it gives better surety for good work and greater facility for supervision. But, as Mr. Rider says, it does not follow that the work should be inferior, simply because it might have been possible to make it so. And that no advantage has been taken of tunnelling to put in bad work is a fact testified to on all hands. On this point it will be sufficient to quote the evidence of Mr. Bell, because he of all the witnesses was the least likely to overpraise anything done under Mr. Rider's supervision. As one of the Government Commission appointed to inspect the sewers, he had already subscribed to a general commendation of the work, but that report being a joint affair, it might be said, perhaps, that his opinion was overborne by that of his associates. The testimony given, however before the Committee was his own personal and independent opinion, and no one has had better opportunities of knowing the truth, or would be more interested in pointing out defects.

I wish further to ask as to the general character of the works as they now stand, whether you think, on the whole, the quality of the material used has been good, the workmanship good, and the works as a whole sufficiently sound? I think, upon the whole, they are very substantial sewers. They are so substantial, that I do not put in any 14-inch brickwork. They are better than any sewers you meet in almost any place.

You consider that whatever errors may have occurred in the mode of carrying out the works, as now executed they are satisfactory, thoroughly substantial, and thoroughly sound? Yes, so far as they have gone.

Therefore, although more money may have been paid than would have been paid if the works had been under your own management, the character of the works is in no way to be complained of? I do not know of anything, after the errors I have mentioned have been corrected.

By Mr. Egan: Which you discovered when you took charge, on examining the character of the works? I consider that when we cover the crown of the Pitt-street sewer, where drains cross it, and complete the rendering of Pitt-street, they will be as perfect sewers as any city could desire to have. No doubt they are expensive, but that must be so where all labor is expensive. All I wish is, that as the soil is so moist, there had been sub-drains to carry off the water.

By the Chairman: Having examined the sewers thoroughly yourself, you are prepared to say that they have been constructed, as regards durability, the quality of materials, and the soundness of workmanship, in a thoroughly satisfactory way? Yes; excepting that I think a chase through the stone, and a pipe through the soil under the sewers, would tend to their durability; but I believe they will last almost for ever, or at least as long as the old masonry of Roman works, which we still find in a good state of preservation, while making excavations at the present day in England and other countries where their works abound.

With respect to the waterworks, Mr. Rider is blamed for proposing three stand-pipes, and for carrying the main feeder by the circuitous and undulating track of the high road. His justification is as follows:—

Do you feel satisfied that the stand-pipe you had decided upon erecting was not unnecessarily expensive, for I observe that Mr. Bell appears to consider that it was "wrong in principle and expensive in practice?" Of course that is a matter of opinion between professional men: but Mr. Bell may have yet to learn, when he trusts entirely for the supply of this city to mechanical agency alone, that it is better not to trust to one agent, but to have a reservation, where the expense is not much increased. I believe it is Mr. Bell's intention to have only one stand-pipe, and if that falls out of order, the supply must entirely be cut off, or he must have a very extensive reservoir in the city. My arrangement was to have a tripod of stand-pipes—I will not say it was my own arrangement, for it was originally carried out in America—so that a reserve of stand-pipes might be had. So it was with the engines, each could work alternately, and in case of accident there would be a reserve, I repeat, that as the city is to be supplied by mechanical agency, the less liability to accident the better, and in the end the cheapest.

One objection, as I understood, urged by Mr. Bell to your plan was, that under your plan you proposed to raise all the water to the height required to supply the highest portion of the city, thereby incurring a waste of power? That is a question of detail. Mr. Bell may prefer having two services; I think the better plan is to have one, because, as four-fifths of the city being considerably elevated, it is perpetuating a double expense to that which would be incurred in lifting the whole to the higher level.

Could you not find a straighter line than you would have by following the Botany Road? Possibly a straighter, but I do not think a more advantageous one.

What advantages did you assume you would gain by taking the high road? The high road, in all matters of sewerage and water supply, are pre-eminently adapted for fixed works of these kinds. In the first place it is always easy to get at the mains, and they do not interfere with private property. Another point with regard to bringing the mains along the Botany Road, is, that the ground is consolidated, and almost level from one end to the other. I think putting these heavy pipes through a sandy soil is a dangerous experiment; it would be difficult, if not impossible, to support them through a loose soil of that description, and if they once go there is an end to the supply. I think, therefore, for these reasons, and on account of the facility of getting at the pipes, that the road is the preferable route.

THE E. AND A. R M. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIP EUROPEAN.

The recent quick passage of the Simla, admitted to be the fastest screw steamship now afloat, had scarcely allowed the colonists to believe that her voyage would be equalled, as regarded time, by her successor, the European, a vessel of whose capacities we had scarcely heard any report. The result has proved, that even the far-famed Simla can be eclipsed, for after a run of sixty-two days, inclusive of a vexatious delay of four days at St. Vincent, and the ordinary detention at Melbourne, the European anchored in Port Jackson on the night of Saturday last. A few descriptive words in regard to this noble vessel will, we are assured, be read with interest.

The European, 2430 tons, new measurement, was built at Greenock in 1855, by Messrs. Scott and Co., expressly for the company to which she now belongs, then called the European and Columbia S. N. Company—now the European and Australian Royal Mail Company. Her engines and machinery are from the eminent firm of M'Nab and Clark, Greenock, who have fitted her with two inverted cylinders, direct action, and 530 horse power. She is 305 feet in length between perpendiculars, with 42 feet beam. She has a full poop, 65 feet long, with a capacious forecastle. On the main deck are hurricane houses for the accommodation of the officers, and here also are housed the *stock* in covered compartments, a new and excellent arrangement, by which there was scarcely a loss of any kind during the voyage.

The saloon is a handsome apartment, embracing the whole width of the ship, and ventilated according to the latest and most perfect system. It has ports on all sides, large skylights to the poop, and punkahs of the most approved Indian fashion. The sides are formed of solid maple panels, highly polished, with rosewood reliefs, and gilt cornices. In the panels are alternately placed paintings of classical design, and of high artistical merit; and large mirrors of plate glass. The furniture is in the same keeping; as is also the elegant *apanage* of the table. A fine cottage piano, by Collard and Collard, and a harp are most welcome additions to the luxuries of the saloon, whilst a brass band stationed on the poop, sends forth its enlivening strains, as dinner or dance engage the attention of the passengers. A retiring room for ladies, elegantly furnished, adjoins the saloon.

There is one great feature in the saloon to which we would invite especial attention. Down the centre is an open space, surrounded by a handsome rail, which, whilst it by no means detracts from the requirements of the saloon, affords the most effective assistance in the system of ventilation, which has been so carefully studied in every part of the ship. And this brings us to the commodious sleeping cabins below, which are arranged fore and aft the entire length of the ship, in four tiers; every cabin in two of these tiers having a port, whilst in the other two each cabin faces the open space already described. With the exception of a few cabins fitted expressly for families, no cabin will contain more than two berths. It is the intention of the Company to carry but *one class* of passengers, though at different rates. A distinction in price is made between the occupation of the cabins in the inner and all other tiers; but the occupants dine in the same saloon, and enjoy equal privileges. Bathing cabins and every other necessary of the bed and dressing room, are found in various parts of the deck appropriated to the sleeping cabins. And here we may observe that the high rates of passage to which we had recent occasion to advert, have been considerably reduced, according to advices received by Mr. Larmour per European, from the London board of directors, particulars of which will be found in our advertising columns.

One feature in the voyage of the European demands especial attention. She only consumed 1700 tons of coals, whilst the consumption of the Oneida was about 3000 tons. We are not inclined, however, to institute any invidious comparisons, and will merely express our belief that the three first pioneers of the E. and A. R. M. Company's steam fleet will satisfy both the Australian and British public that the company has not only the desire but the means to carry out their contracts in all its integrity. And we may state that Captain Parfitt has examined the plans of all the ships preparing for next year's service, and that he is of opinion that they ought, when completed, to form the finest fleet of steam passenger ships in the world. We need scarcely remind our readers that Captain Parfitt is the oldest officer in any steam company's employment who claims connection with the Australian mail service, and he has shewn his predilection for that service by leaving the P. and O. Company for one whose objects have exclusive reference to the Australian line.

And now a few words about the overland journey between Suez and Alexandria. This land interruption in the voyage from Australia to England, has been looked upon with some distrust by those who remember the unfavourable report of passengers who went that route when the P. and O. Company's boats were first placed on the Australian berth in 1852. They found upon their arrival at Suez that all the best land carriage accommodations were invariably reserved for the Indian passengers, and they were crowded in any sort of carriage which chance might provide. The case is entirely altered now. The E. and A. Company have made arrangements by which the passengers by their boats from Australia are to have the first choice of carriages; and it is to be believed that the same comforts on this interesting point of the route will be as available for ladies and the youngest children as have long been made available for passengers from India. We may observe, that between Suez and Cairo, the distance is performed by horse carriages—the horses are changed every seven miles. On this line there are three stations; at the first and last of which a rest of one hour is allowed; at the centre a rest of two hours. From Cairo to Alexandria the distance is performed by rail;—the carriages not being surpassed in sumptuousness, comfort, and speed by any railway carriages in Europe. And so far from the overland route being any longer a point of dread, it is now the most interesting part of the whole line.

The European will be received in Mort's Dry Dock this morning.

LAW.

SUPREME COURT.—Monday.

Sittings for the Trial of Causes.

Jury Court.

Before Mr. Justice Dickinson and a jury of four.

WILSON, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE, V. EVANS.

The plaintiff here sued as the official assignee of one Bailey, upon a promissory note for £236, payable on demand, alleged to have been made by defendant, in London, in the plaintiff's favour. Defendant pleaded specially a set of facts, shewing that there had been no consideration.

Mr. Lutwyche appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Isaacs and Mr. Martin for the defendant.

This was one of that class of cases wherein the finding of the jury was dependant upon which of the two parties they believed. The original plaintiff (Bailey) and the defendant had been joint-sureties for a brother of the latter, who had made a composition with his creditors, and plaintiff had received the note declared upon to secure him against loss. The question, therefore, was whether plaintiff *had* sustained loss, or whether the composition by defendant's brother having been paid, the defendant had been released from all further liability under this note. Upon this point the evidence was directly at issue.

The jury found a verdict for the defendant.

CLARK V. PERRY, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE, &c.

This was an action for money had and received, in which certain questions had been placed at issue by mutual arrangement. The defendant here was the official assignee of the estate of Harold S. Smith, surviving partner of the firm of Crawley and Smith, by whom the case was really contested.

Mr. Isaacs and Mr. Martin appeared for the plaintiff, and the Attorney-General and Mr. Stephen for the defendant.

There was a minor question as to a balance of accounts in reference to which defendant had consented to a verdict for £229 2s. 3d. But the main question here, and indeed the only one actually in contest, was as to which of the parties should bear a payment which had been for penalties under two charter parties. The amount at issue was limited by consent to £2808 6s. 3d. The dispute arose out of a speculation, or contemplated speculation in wheat and flour, wherein the plaintiff and another person had entered in the year 1855. By a contract between the plaintiff and Messrs. Crawley and Smith, the latter had agreed for a commission to charter vessels to the west coast of South America, and by the intervention of the correspondents in that country to import cargoes of wheat or flour. Two vessels—the "Rose Ellis" and the "Monsoon," were thus despatched, but returned in ballast. Defendants had consequently to pay to their owners the penalties which had been stipulated for in the charter parties in the event of such a contingency. The amount thus paid had been deducted from the sum which plaintiff had paid on account of the expected cargoes. But plaintiff disputed his liability to make any payment in the nature of compensation for loss of freight or for the services of the vessels which they had failed to bring cargoes; contending that this result was the consequence rather of gross negligence on the part of Crawley and Smith and those who acted for them, or of a want of credit on the part of that firm with its South American correspondents. On the other hand, it was not only averred that there had been no such want of diligence or of credit; but that the best interest of the plaintiff had been consulted by sending the vessels back in ballast, instead of procuring cargoes for them, for the high prices in Chili would have entailed a greater loss on the sale of the wheat or flour in Sydney, than the amount of penalties which had been stipulated for. Evidence was given to shew that at the time in question other vessels had procured cargoes, but it appeared also that for these cargoes such high prices had been paid as to entail heavy losses upon the importers. At this time, it was said, the crops had been exhausted, although in advising upon the matter before the speculation was entered upon, Mr. Smith had not contemplated such a result as possible. Evidence was likewise given to shew that the funds and credit of Crawley and Smith with their South American correspondents were quite sufficient to cover these orders. Also that when the demand of the shipowners for penalties was first made and discussed, plaintiff made no demand for the payment of these penalties by Crawley and Smith, instead of by himself. Many collateral points of law arose in this case, chiefly as to the reception of evidence, but, besides the dispute as to facts, of which an outline has already been given, the dispute as to liability may be briefly described thus: On the one hand it was contended that there had been such a total failure of consideration on the part of Crawley and Smith, as to disentitle them to any claim or deduction on account of the charter of these vessels. The importation of a cargo was indispensable to warrant any payment for freight, or in lieu of freight. On the other hand, it was urged that Crawley and Smith were mere agents or brokers in this matter, the speculation being that of the plaintiff himself, on whom the consequences of its failure should fall.

His Honor directed the jury that if Crawley and Smith chartered these vessels for the plaintiff, and not for himself, he would be entitled to retain this money, the plaintiff being left to his cross action against Smith for not exercising due diligence, if there was good ground for such an action. As to the contract in reference to the Rose Ellis—of which the written contract itself was the only evidence—his Honor ruled upon the construction of such contract that this ship *had* been chartered for the plaintiff, and consequently that Smith was entitled to retain so much of the sum in dispute as had been paid on her account. As to the engagement of the Monsoon, however, there was parol evidence in addition to the written contract, and from this his Honor left it to the jury to say whether she had been chartered by Smith on his own account or on that of plaintiff, for if the former he would not be entitled to retain the sum paid to her owners as a penalty.

The jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs, damages £1356, in addition to the £229 2s. 3d. already consented to.

Banco Court.

Before Mr. Justice Milford, and a jury of four.

DEAN V. GREEN.

This was an action for the price of a quantity of glass. The sum claimed was £42 8s. The defendant paid £32 into Court.

Mr. Wise appeared for the plaintiff, Mr. Isaacs and Mr. Dalley for the defendant.

There was no difference as to the price or quantity of the glass. The only question was as to whether there was an agreement for a customary allowance, and whether there was a customary allowance by which the contract was to be qualified. The plaintiff or his witnesses did not recollect a word said about any custom. The glass was bought, and the defendant gave a receipt for it, in which ther boxes of glass were sound. The defendant and another witness stated that there was an agreement for the trade allowance, and several witnesses stated that the custom of the trade was that the vendor should allow for all breakage over five per cent. The defendant stated the breakage to be 27 per cent.

The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff. Damages, £8 8s.

Causes for To-day.—Jury Court: Hibberson v. Russell, Bibo v. Muller, Callaghan v. Hannan, Byers v. Brown, Schroder v. Kain, Ede and another v. Greer.—Banco Court: Smith v. Egan, King v. Toogood, Redman v. Baker, Allett v. Beaver, Moss v. Lucas, Smith and another v. Hardiman.

Notice.—In consequence of the indisposition of his Honor the Primary Judge, there will no sitting of the Court in its Equitable Jurisdiction until Tuesday, the 24th instant.

Supreme Court Officials v. Reporters.—There is a reporters' box in the Banco Court; but although there is a witness box also, quite as conveniently situate, it is a practice, whenever Mr. Justice Milford sits for the trial of causes, to place the witnesses in the former, thus excluding any representative of the press who may be in attendance from the place which has been specially constructed for his accommodation. This is not the fault of the judge, but of his attendant officers. Both the clerk and the tipstaff of his Honor have been spoken to upon this matter, but without effect; and a remonstrance which was yesterday made by a gentleman connected with the Supreme Court establishment, was productive only of gross impertinence from one of the before-mentioned officials. The reporter, therefore, is compelled to take the present course—that of publicly mentioning the matter—in the hope that the judges will give the necessary order to save further annoyance.

INSOLVENCY.

Monday.

Surrender.—Thomas Pryor, of West Maitland, bootmaker. Liabilities, £109 13s. 5½d. Assets—value of personal property, £28 10s. Deficit, £81 3s. 5½d.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Tuesday, February 17.—Harold S. Smith, adjourned certificate, 10. Meyer L. Jonas, first, 11. Harold S. Smith, special, for proof of debts, 12. William Thomas Price, John Anderson, Nicholas Ormsby Scanlan, James Halero Robertson, Reuben William Hills, James Howarth, James Smith, certificates, 12.

Wednesday, 18.—Matthews and Poulton, special, for proof of debts, 10. Sawkins and Grenfell, special, for proof of debts, half-past 10. Walter Smith, adjourned single, 11. Robert C. Springett, second, half-past 11. Rishworth and Co., second, half-past 12. Joseph Dhanis, first, half-past 1. Abraham Cohen, special, for proof of debts, 2.

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Thursday, 19.—Jules Caily, single, half-past 10. George Brown, single, half-past 11. William Johnson, single, 12. Mary Eliza Robertson, single, half-past 12. John L. Horsey, single, 1. James Douglas, single, half-past 1. Thomas Clark, first, 2.

Friday, 20.—Thomas Miles, adjourned second, 10. Meyer L. Jonas, second, half-past 1.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE Mr. G. Hill, Mr. Weekes, Mr. Ronald, and Mr. Arkins.

A score of drunkards were sentenced to pay 20s. each, or to be imprisoned for twenty-four hours.

Ten women, all of them notorious characters, were brought before the bench charged as vagrants, and being convicted, were sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for one, two, or three months, according to the particular circumstances of each case.

Edward Thornton, thirteen years of age, Patrick M'Grath, eleven, William Holland, thirteen, and David Clarke, eleven, were brought before the bench on Saturday by Constable O'Keefe, who deposed that on the previous day he received information that a gold watch had been stolen from the residence of Mr. Dempsey, of Sussex-street; he made inquiry at the pawn offices, and learned from Mrs. Barnes that such an article had been offered to her by a boy, whom she described; he afterwards fell in with Thornton and five other boys in company; he took them into custody, and on searching Thornton found the watch produced, which has been identified by Mr. Dempsey as his property; M'Grath said that they all went to the house together, and that five waited outside while Holland committed the robbery, and that when Holland came out he gave the watch to Thornton to sell or pledge; the two boys not before the Court were of such tender years that the Inspector let them go about their business. Mr. Weekes being the only magistrate then (on Saturday) on the Bench,—and this case, under the Juvenile Offenders Act requiring either the presence of two magistrates, or a magistrate possessing the powers of a Police Magistrate—its adjudication was postponed until to-day, when the prisoners were called before Messrs. Hill and Weekes. The evidence taken on Saturday was read over, and Mr. Dempsey identified the watch produced as his property, worth £10, which was stolen from his front parlour between 11 and a quarter-past 11 o'clock on Friday forenoon. Holland, who has been many times already convicted of larceny, was found guilty of stealing, and sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for three calendar months; the others were found guilty as accessories, but not having obtained a notoriety equal to that of Holland, were offered an opportunity of avoiding imprisonment on their fathers entering into recognizances for their good behaviour for three months.

Henry Smith was charged with having stolen a clock, valued at 25s. This man was given into custody on Friday, and was brought before Mr. Weekes on Saturday, but, he having elected to be summarily tried instead of going before the Court of Quarter Sessions, it was necessary, from the absence of a Police Magistrate, and no second magistrate being then in the office, to remand him until to-day. Serjeant Brayne deposed, that he received prisoner into custody on Friday, on suspicion of having stolen the clock produced; prisoner said it was his own property. Henry Israel, auctioneer, deposed that on Friday prisoner offered for sale the clock produced; from his manner and his unsatisfactory replies to plain questions, he suspected the clock was stolen property, and gave prisoner into custody. Mrs. Warmoll identified the clock as her property; it was stolen from her house between breakfast and dinner time on Friday last. The prisoner said the clock was given him by a friend to dispose of, and that he did not know of its being stolen property. Their Worships offered to postpone their sentence if he wished to call his friend as a witness in answer to the charge—an offer which was declined by the prisoner. He was found guilty of the larceny, and sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for six calendar months.

Two persons, found guilty of having made use of threatening language, were required to give sureties to keep the peace for three months, or in default to be imprisoned until the Quarter Sessions.

WATER POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE the Water Police Magistrate, and Mr. M'Lean, J.P.

Henry Smith, a seaman belonging to the Munford, was convicted of disobedience, and sent to gaol for 14 days. Several other seamen, convicted of absence without leave, were sent on board their respective ships.

John Solomon, Catherine Clements, and Henry Lee, convicted of using obscene language, were each ordered to pay a fine of 40s., or be imprisoned for 14 days.

John Slater was convicted of killing a calf on his premises in George-street, in the city, such premises not being a licensed slaughterhouse, and fined £5, that being the penalty fixed by law.

Ann Farrell, convicted of using insulting language to John Farrell, was fined 20s. and costs 6s. 3d.

John Harris was, upon the information of the Inspector of Nuisances, convicted of keeping his yard in so filthy a state as to be an annoyance to his neighbours, he was fined 20s., and costs 6s. 8d.

Maurice Jewell convicted, of obstructing the carriage-way in George-street, by depositing building materials thereon, was fined 10s. and costs 4s. 6d.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

BUSINESS PROCEEDINGS THIS DAY.

OTHER BUSINESS—NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. ROBERTSON to move, That, in the opinion of this House, all deliberative bodies, entrusted with legislative functions in this colony, ought to be elected by the people in their primary assemblies.

Mr. COWPER to move, That an address be presented to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House a copy of all correspondence between the Governor-General and the Secretary of State, respecting the appointment of the Rev. W. Scott as Colonial Astronomer; also of any instructions given by the Colonial Government to the Colonial Astronomer since his arrival in the colony, and of all correspondence between the Colonial Government and the Colonial Architect, relative to the erection of buildings for the Observatory.

Mr. R. CAMPBELL to move, That an address be presented to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House,—1. A return showing the total number of licenses to occupy Crown lands outside the settled districts issued in each year, under her Majesty's Orders in Council, by the Crown, to individuals, from the 1st January, 1850, to the 1st January, 1857,—distinguishing the number of licenses in each county or district; the total number respectively of sheep and cattle assessed thereon by the commissioners, with the amount of assessment money received therefrom at the Treasury; the total number of fines reported by the Commissioners, and the amount received therefrom at the Treasury. 2. A return showing the total number of runs leased, by tender or otherwise, to individuals, upon which no assessments are received by the Crown; and the amount that would be received were such runs assessed. 3. A return showing the total area in acres of land so licensed or leased in each year.

Mr. WEEKES to move, That, as the system of Railways in this colony is to be carried out at the public cost, it becomes the duty of this House to exercise a strict control over undertakings of such vast magnitude and importance,—and this House therefore resolves,—1. That a select committee be appointed by ballot, to be called "The General Committee on Railways," to whom shall be referred the investigation into all completed and projected lines, whether railroads or tramroads, and that no work of this kind be contracted for until full particulars of such undertaking shall previously have been submitted to this committee, and its report thereon considered by this House. 2. That such committee be instructed to report from time to time, and have leave to send for persons, papers, and records.

5. Mr. JONES to move, That the report of the select committee on the City Commissioners' Department be now adopted.

6. Mr. HARGRAVE to move, That the petition presented by him on the 10th instant, from certain inhabitants of New England, praying that New England may not be included within the colony proposed to be erected by the separation of the northern districts from New South Wales, be printed.

Mr. GARLAND to move, That the Report of the select committee on the petition of Peter Rawlings be now adopted.

Mr. WEEKES to move, That there be laid upon the table of this House, a return of the total quantity of spirits imported and warehoused from 1840, to the date of the last stock taking,—distinguishing, for each bonded store respectively, the quantity received, the quantity on which duty has been paid, the quantity exported, and the quantity ascertained to be remaining on hand by the last stock taking.

Mr. NICHOLS to move, That an Address be presented to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to grant or proclaim, in terms of the Act of Council, 18 Vict., No. 33, all lands heretofore reserved or dedicated as parks or other places of public recreation, for the convenience, health, and enjoyment of the inhabitants of any city, town, or place in the colony.

Mr. FLOOD to move, That the petition presented by him on the 11th instant, in reference to the Newcastle Railway Terminus, be printed.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Richmond Bridge Company's Bill; second reading.
Titles to Land Bill; to be considered in committee.
Australian Mutual Provident Society's Bill; second reading.
Toll Duties' Act Amendment Bill; to be further considered in committee.
Time of Prescription Bill; second reading.

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—ORDER OF THE DAY.

Parramatta Domain Bill; second reading.

THE CONGREGATIONALISTS.—A conference of the ministers and delegates from the Churches of the Australian colonies is being held this week. Missionary meetings for the discussion of subjects affecting the spiritual wants and necessities of the colonies take place in the Congregational Church, Pitt-street, and evening public meetings are held as advertised.

THE CITY COMMISSIONERS.—In our advertising columns will be found a document signed by a large number of persons, carrying on business in Pitt-street and its vicinity, thanking the City Commissioners for having performed the construction of sewers down that important thoroughfare by tunnelling instead of by open cutting, and stating that an opposite course would have been productive of most serious loss. The subscribers to the document also express their satisfaction with the general management of civic affairs by the Commissioners. This document, while it does credit to the generosity of those who have thus come forward in defence of the accused, is but bare justice to the Commissioners, who have been abused for considering the interests of the citizens, and for abstaining from inflicting on them serious injury.

DINNER TO MR. MORT.—It will be seen upon reference to our advertising columns, that the dinner to this much respected colonist, upon his approaching departure for England, is to take place this evening, at the Lyceum Theatre, in York-street, at half-past seven o'clock, and that the dress circle has been reserved for ladies, and will be open at nine o'clock for their reception.

THE COUNTY OF ARGYLE.—A report reached Sydney yesterday that Mr. Deniehy had been returned for Argyle without opposition.

FINE ARTS EXHIBITION AT THE SCHOOL OF ARTS.—This interesting exhibition closed finally on Saturday last. As it was announced as positively the last day, a great many persons who had put off from day to day their visits made an effort to attend, and we are glad to learn that there were not less than 330 visitors. To-day the pictures will be distributed to their respective owners, to whom the members of the School of Arts, and the inhabitants of the city generally, are under a debt of gratitude for their liberality. We are glad to hear that during the whole time these valuable pictures have been on view, there had not the least injury been sustained by any of them, even from unavoidable accident. As to wilful injury which some suspicious natures have been known to suggest, the experience of years in the mother country shows that people may be trusted with the utmost confidence, and have never been found to abuse it. There is great reason to hope that the Exhibition just closed has given an impetus to the Fine Arts in this city. It is true that it has not been so extensively supported as might have been expected from the excellence of the collection, but it is satisfactory to learn that there will be no pecuniary loss to the Institution. This is perhaps as much as judicious persons would have expected in a first attempt in a colony where, as the *Giornali di Roma* states, "the Fine Arts are not appreciated."

WE are requested to direct particular attention to Mr. John G. Cohen's sale of fancy goods, at the Bank Auction Rooms, this day, at 11 o'clock precisely.—ADV.

WINE and Spirit Merchants, Hotelkeepers, Publicans, Timber Merchants, and others will do well to bear in mind that Messrs. W. Dean and Co. will sell by auction, this day, at 11 o'clock, at the stores of Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co., O'Connell-street, the whole of their choice stock of wines, beers, spirits, &c., all direct importations from London and Cadiz, and for positive sale; and at 3 o'clock, on the Patent Slip Wharf, full-cut Hobart Town timber, ex Tasmania, consisting of full-cut quartering, joists, shingles, laths, palings, &c. For further particulars see advertisements.—ADV.

CHATTO and HUGHES direct the attention of drapers and others to their usual Tuesday's drapery sale, at 11 o'clock, this day, as advertised.—ADV.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MESSRS. W. DEAN AND CO.—At the Stores of Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co., O'Connell-street, at 11 o'clock, Wines, Spirits, Beer, &c.; on the Patent Slip Wharf, at 3 o'clock, Full-cut Hobart Town Timber, Shingles, Laths, Palings, &c.

MESSRS. MARTYN AND SCHRODER.—At the Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Saddle and other Horses, Gigs, Harness, &c.

MESSRS. CHATTO AND HUGHES.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Doeskins, Broad Cloths, and General Drapery.

MESSRS. BOWDEN AND THRELKELD.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Groceries, Oilmen's Stores, Provisions, Fruits, and Fish.

MESSRS. MURIEL AND MILLER.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, New and Seasonable Drapery, Damaged Trimmings and Braids, Ribbons, Cloths, Alpacas, Mantles, Summer Robes, &c.

MR. R. PEEK.—At his Rooms, at half-past 10 o'clock, White and Red Lead, Paints, Dry Colours, Linseed Oil, Turpentine; at 11 o'clock, Herrings.

MR. JOHN G. COHEN.—At the Bank Auction Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Fancy Goods, Paintings, Envelopes, Account Books, Scrubbing Brushes; also, a Microthalamon, &c.

MESSRS. PURKIS AND LAMBERT.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Damaged Cheese, Dates, Molasses, Mauritius Counter Sugars, &c.

MR. JOHN TAYLOR.—At the Residence of John Purchase, Esq., near the Steamers' Wharf, Parramatta, at 11 o'clock, Timber, Panel Doors, Glass, Cement, Horses, Working Bullocks, Farming Implements, 50 Acres of Land, &c.

MESSRS. MORT AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, the Cattle and Sheep Property, situate in the Burnett District, known as Rose Hall and Currie Side.

MR. C. ADRAIN.—At the Commercial Wharf, at 11 o'clock, Boat, with Oars, Sails, &c.

MESSRS. MOORE.—At the Labour Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Furniture, Watches, Revolvers, Wearing Apparel, &c.

MR. S. WOOLLER.—At the Bull's Head Horse Repository, at 2 o'clock, Horses, Gigs, Carts, Harness, &c.

CARGO OF MAURITIUS SUGAR.—Purkis and Lambert beg to remind the grocery trade and others that they sell, this day, at the Mart, at 11 o'clock, 3035 bags fine Mauritius counter sugar; also, molasses, dates, wax vestas, &c.—ADV.

NOTICE.—A very large and varied assortment of drapery goods of a first-class character, comprising all the goods advertized, and a new parcel of sewn goods and gloves, will be sold this day (Tuesday), by Muriel and Miller, at their Rooms, No. 232, George-street. The trade, country buyers, and shippers should attend, as the entire shipment must be cleared off to the highest bidder.—ADV.

STOCK AND STATIONS.—Mort and Co. request us to direct the attention of squatters, capitalists, and others to the sale of that choice pastoral property, Rose Hall and Currieside, in the Burnett District, with 5000, more or less, sheep, and 1500, more or less, cattle, this day, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock.—ADV.

WINDSOR.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

POLICE OFFICE, Saturday.—Before Messrs. Ascough, G. Bowman, and Day, Justices of the Peace. There was a heavy calendar of cases for hearing to-day, and the Court was occupied from 10 till nearly 5 o'clock. Subjoined are the particulars of the most important cases.

COMMITTAL FOR HORSE-STEALING.—Thomas Carroll, alias Richardson, was placed in the dock, charged with stealing a mare, known as Georgiana, a racer, the property of Mr. William Hall, of Pitt Town. From the evidence, it appeared that the prisoner had sold or exchanged the mare some four years ago, with a man named Funnicliffe, of the district of Goulburn. He was fully committed for trial at the ensuing Criminal Sittings, Sydney. Bail was allowed, but as there were other charges said to be contemplated against the prisoner, the amount was fixed as high as £200, with two sureties in £100 each, which was tantamount to a refusal. Mr. Coley watched the case for the prisoner.

ROBBERY.—Job Wilson, of Kurrajong, stood charged with robbing a man named James White, on the Kurrajong Road, of the sum of one shilling and sixpence in silver, and a few coppers. From the evidence it appeared that the prisoner had been playing skittles near Lamrock's public-house, Kurrajong, and lost sixpence with another man. Having no money to pay, he followed the prosecutor White about a quarter of a mile on the road demanding his money, and being refused forcibly tore his pockets off, containing all he had, namely, the above amount. Prisoner then returned and settled his bet, and had, as was sworn, one shilling left. Mr. Walker, who watched the case for the prisoner, said that after the evidence that had been given he could say nothing in favour of the prisoner further than to ask their Worships to deal with him summarily, as it was scarcely worth while to put the country to the expense of a trial for the sum of 1s. 9d., when, under a late Act, they had the power of punishment equally effectively. The Bench found the prisoner guilty, and sentenced him to two months' imprisonment, with hard labour, in Parramatta Gaol.

THE VAGRANT ACT.—Five persons, for using obscene language at a row in Church-street, on Monday night last, were each fined ten shillings and costs of Court. Mr. Walker appeared for Mr. John Cunningham, the prosecutor, in three cases.

DEBATING SOCIETY.—Several meetings have recently taken place amongst the young men of this town and neighbourhood, with the view of establishing a debating society for assisting in developing their latent intellectual and elocutionary powers, and we are happy to state that on Wednesday last the *nucleus* of an association of the kind proposed was formed. Mr. James Ascough, J.P., was waited upon and requested to become president, to which he assented, and added a promise to deliver an opening address at the first meeting of the Society, on Monday next. The rules, as drawn up by Mr. James Curmeen, were approved of and adopted; and Mr. J. A. Walker was appointed secretary, and Mr. William Abraham treasurer of the society. We shall watch the progress of this praiseworthy undertaking with much interest.

COURT OF REQUESTS.—There have been sixty-two summonses taken out in the £10, and thirteen in the £30 jurisdiction, for trial at the ensuing sittings of this Court here, which commence on the 26th instant.

The weather has been extremely distressing of late, alternately very hot and then rainy. Notwithstanding the rain however the atmosphere remained close and muggy, and several nights it was a difficult matter to breathe. The river rose in the early part of the week half-bank high—though we had not above a day and a half's rain, showing that there must have been a great fall on the mountains. To-day the weather is cooler, and the sky cloudy. Vegetation is prodigious.

LOWER MURRUMBIDGEE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

7TH FEBRUARY.—THE MAIL ENDANGERED.—The man who was engaged by Mr. W. Graham, the contractor for the Balranald and Moorna mail, to carry the bags between those two places, has already been dismissed for drunkenness. It appears that he was coming up the river from Moorna, on the 20th ultimo, and had passed Euston all right, but the weather being hot, he fell into a meditation about the public-house at Euston, and after proceeding some five miles he by some means got turned round, and in a short time found himself comfortably seated in the public-house. Mr. Commissioner Cole, being much surprised, in the after part of the day, to see the mailman's horse standing in Euston, proceeded to the public-house to ascertain the cause. He found the mailman in such a state that he was no longer capable of taking care of her Majesty's mail, so he took possession of it, and had it forwarded to Balranald by the hands of a trooper. The landlord of the public-house was subsequently summoned to the Police Court, where Mr. Cole fined him £5 for allowing the postman to get drunk in his house. It is understood that a representation of these circumstances has been made to the Postmaster-General, and that the mailman will be disqualified from ever again running a mail in this district.

ACCIDENT.—About ten days ago, at Yangar, as a Mr. Bray, of Campbelltown, was riding after a horse which had run away with a cart, he ran against a tree and unfortunately broke his leg near the knee. He was taken into Balranald at once and attended by Dr. Packer, who set the broken limb. Mr. Bray by the last account was progressing very satisfactorily, but would not be able to get about again for five or six weeks.

GREAT CARELESSNESS.—On the 31st ultimo a party of men, who were proceeding down the river with a mob of cattle belonging to Mr. Bagot, camped near Nimmy; the next morning when they started they most carelessly left their camp fires burning, and a brisk wind springing up soon after, the dry inflammable surrounding grass soon ignited, and a serious bush fire might have taken place had not some showers of rain luckily fallen and extinguished the greater part of the conflagration.

DEATH FROM BITE OF A SNAKE.—A fortnight since, as a black gin at Canally was proceeding to the river to fetch a bucket of water, she felt something touch one of her feet; the sensation was similar to that caused by the prick of a needle. She looked to see what it was but could find nothing, but on proceeding to the camp she fell ill, and, lying down, was found lifeless in less than an hour afterwards. She had doubtlessly been bitten by a venomous snake, and the poison had with great rapidity caused her death.

CROSSING A RIVER.—Last week I witnessed the sight of a man crossing the Murrumbidgee in a rather extraordinary manner. He was seated in a small bark canoe, at the stern of which his horse was swimming, whilst he held the end of the reins in his mouth and used the paddle with his hands. The water was as smooth as glass, and the appearance presented by this scene, as witnessed from a high bank overhanging the river, was most novel and interesting.

THE WEATHER.—During the past fortnight, the weather has been extremely hot, the thermometer several times rising to 115 in the shade. On Sunday evening, there was a violent storm of thunder and lightning, and a little rain fell, but not sufficient to at all cool the air. A number of cattle died on the Saturday night and Sunday morning in the stockyard at Budgee Budgee, having been, as it is said, kept in the yard during the very hot weather for no less than sixty hours without water; who is to blame for this act of cruelty is not very easy to determine, as several different persons were interested in the cattle which were yarded.

POLICE MAGISTRATES.

TO JOHN ROBERTSON, ESQ., M.P.

(*Per favour of the Sydney Morning Herald.*)

SIR,—It is an unsound principle to interfere with any established system, without it can be clearly shown a better one can be devised. As I totally disagree with your proposed plan for the amalgamation of the office of police magistrate and clerk of petty sessions, I beg to offer a few remarks. If at any time you can convince me I am wrong, I shall at once admit my error, but from my experience as a magistrate for the last thirteen years, I'm afraid I shall never be convinced but that your frequently expressed opinions have been given without that consideration to which the matter at issue was entitled.

I will in the first place name a few of the duties of a clerk of petty sessions. He is registrar of the court of requests, has to take down all informations of complaint; fill up warrants, summonses, and subpœnas, to take all the evidences given before magistrates, and in all cases of committal and conviction send a copy of the proceedings to the Attorney-General; and is frequently called upon to give evidence touching the depositions in the Supreme Court, to make out a copy of all depositions and give them to the party interested, should he demand them; to make out, and send regularly to the Treasury, an account of all moneys received; to write all official letters to the various departments, keeping a copy of same; to send down all returns, and information constantly required by the Government—in most places to be in daily attendance at the Police Office, and to keep and be responsible for all records of the Court: these are only a few of the duties of a clerk of the Bench, and I ask you, Sir, whether you really think they could be performed by a police magistrate satisfactorily, in addition to his own duties? Do you think them compatible? or do you suppose it would be attended with dignity, or more satisfactory to the public? I say emphatically, no! For the sake of saving a few pounds we should indeed have miserable and tardy justice in country districts.

It has been argued that because the Judges take down all proceedings before them that a police magistrate can do the same. Very true, and so he could if the labour ended there, but there is no analogy between them—a judge merely takes the evidence for his own guide, as to subsequent reference, and to enable him to lay it properly before the jury. Moreover, the business of the Court is in no way impeded by his doing so—but very different with a magistrate (if he were his own clerk). In most cases he would have to make out warrants of committal and conviction of considerable length, make out forms of recognizance and bind witnesses to appear at a superior court, and be otherwise constantly interrupted during the sitting of the court with business that ought to be done by a clerk; in fact, such a system would tend to obstruct the calm administration of justice, and help to drive all unpaid magistrates from the bench. I cannot conceive upon what principles your proposed plan is founded; surely you do not mean to say it is preferable to the one now in existence. Is it to save the country the miserable pittance allowed to clerks? if so, it is glaringly manifest you are beginning with retrenchment in the wrong direction; it appears to me altogether an unsound proposition, without one shadow of reason being shown for its adoption. My idea is, let well alone—do not create confusion. It has also been said that depositions taken by magistrates are the best; if so, it is for this reason that a magistrate in his hurry will gather from the witness the substance of his remarks, and from his abbreviation it will read well, whereas clerks are compelled to take down the exact words used by witnesses, which is the correct way; and I will venture to add that, in nine cases out of every ten, where a magistrate has taken the depositions, he has had a clerk to do the fag-end of the work. And again, if a police magistrate were his own clerk, he would have the sole custody of every document in his office, and would not in reality be controlled by any person, either with regard to said documents or any sums of money he might receive. He would simply have occasionally to make a declaration before some unpaid magistrate, who, in all probability, would know nothing about it. I do not mean to say, and should be very sorry to suppose for one moment, that any magistrate would make a wrong declaration; but you must agree with me Sir, that no such power ought to be placed in the hands of any individual, more especially where there is no necessity for it. The present system carried on at the Police Offices in country districts, I believe, has worked well, and given general satisfaction. If the plan you propose to carry out was submitted for the consideration of different Benches throughout the colony, I feel assured it would be universally rejected—I trust we may never have to try it in this district. Before leaving this subject, I wish to say a few words with regard to Clerks of Petty Sessions: they have been denounced by one honorable member in the Assembly as persons only fit for parish schoolmasters, or some other such station; but I am convinced such opinion is only shared by the honorable member himself. Such remarks, directed against a body of gentlemen, they can afford to treat with contempt; my own opinion is they are the worst paid officers under the Government,—without intelligence, abilities, and a good education, they could not perform the duties of their office—but I imagine they are spoken of so slightingly, because they are paid so miserably.

With regard to police magistrates, (except in large towns where the court is required to open daily,) I think they are totally unnecessary, for where there are a sufficient number of unpaid magistrates, their attendance is always regular. If left to themselves, they have their regular court days, and know when to attend; but not so where there is a police magistrate. He opens his court at any time or hour to suit his convenience, consequently, is left to himself. My opinion is, that it is more satisfactory to the public and the ends of justice that cases should be decided before a full Bench of Magistrates than by one person, because he happens to be a P.M.; and I am at a loss to know why his opinion should have the same authority as a full Bench of unpaid magistrates. We all know the frailty of human nature. Do you think any one individual can be found in any country district, that has no partial leaning to particular individuals? I'm afraid such instances are rare, hence the necessity of leaving justice in the hands of a body of magistrates.

Before I conclude, perhaps you will pardon me for alluding to one more subject, I find by the papers that when the estimate for the pay of the constabulary in country districts was proposed, that you moved the sum should be reduced by £7728 17s. 6d., being the pay of fifty-two constables. When you proposed such a sweeping reduction, was it in consequence of information you had received from the various districts that such a reduction could take place without injury to the public service? If so, then I beg pardon for my presumption in asking such a question. However, I shall confine my remarks to Mudgee, and leave other districts to speak for themselves. The town of Mudgee is situate in the centre of the Western goldfields, and the population of the district is now thirty to one more than five years ago. Then we had four constables, and now we have six, and ought to have at least eight; but you proposed we should only have four. Besides the duty our six men have to do in the town and district, they are constantly on the march either on escort or other distant duty; in fact, it is difficult to find six men able to do the work. Therefore, presuming that other districts are similarly situated, I should like to know upon what principle this reduction was proposed; if it was solely for the sake of economy (regardless of consequences), you might just as well have moved at once that one-third be deducted from the gross amount of the Estimates for 1857.

As you represent part of this district, and I gave you my vote, I think it my duty thus to address you, feeling assured that one hundred persons could not be found in the colony who would agree with your proposal.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

N. P. BAYLY.

Mudgee, February 11.

SELF-GOVERNMENT IN THE COLONIES.

(*From the Times, December 1.*)

AMONG the great achievements of our century we are fond of recording that of colonization. During the 20 years which elapsed when the passing of the Reform Bill and the late war, while the continental nations were occupied in sowing or repressing revolutions, we were planting settlements in the forests of North America and the extreme south of Australasia. Nor were the labours of our emigrants bounded by the clearance of primæval forests, the tillage of virgin lands, or the discovery of unimagined mines. Another, and, it may be, a more difficult task, has been devolved upon them,—that of self-government. This is no new experiment in theory, for the earlier settlers of Massachusetts and other American provinces possessed, for local purposes, powers of administering their own local affairs which were nearly absolute. But for many years after the American war our colonies were ruled either by orders from home or by the dictation of their governors, unchecked and uncontrolled by councillors of an elective origin. The last 20 years have witnessed the extinction of this system and the institution of representative and responsible Government in the North American and Australian colonies. A similar concession has been made to another colony, less English in its original elements than the two others—the Cape; but the reason for this may be found in the fact that of late years such small emigration as has been directed to that dependency has been almost wholly English.

Of course, the expectations raised by the inauguration of the new scheme both in England and the dependencies affected by it were neither few nor modest. It was, in the first place, a great easement to the labours and anxieties of the Colonial Office. A department which was formerly kept with all its hands at work from ten in the morning to twelve at night by references and complaints, cross-references and replies, angry deputations, bullying colonies, and bullied governors, would find itself at liberty to shut its doors at six, and eat its collective dinner in repose. In the next place, it was a grand and sublime idea to invest some two million and a half of Englishmen in opposite parts of the world with the administration of possible empires or republics. It was, in an age of despotism, passports, anarchy, and barricades, a fine test of those strong, stern, and long-wearing qualities on which we pride ourselves, and the absence of which excites our contemptuous compassion for the generality of foreigners. If successful, it would vindicate the honour of our national character so long as constitutions and nations should endure; and unsuccessful it could not be.

Too short a time has passed already to enable us to arrive at any safe prediction as to the ultimate issue of the trial. Twenty years in the history of a nation or an institution are but as twenty days in the life of a single human being. Yet, as twenty days close and continuous attention to a boy's appetite, digestion, circulation, temperament, habits, and general symptoms would enable a skilful practitioner to indicate the peculiar maladies of the future man, and suggest the remedies peculiarly applicable to them, so the examination of these colonial institutions may enable us to point out their seeming weaknesses and their probable ailments. As far, then, as we may judge from two instances and a brief period,—viz., 20 years in Canada, and as many months in Australia,—we are inclined to suspect the existence of a weakness in both, which time will probably remove, but which, if it increase with years, may be fatal to the constitution of each.

Our readers will often have been puzzled by the accounts which they read from time to time of Ministerial or Parliamentary crises in Canada. For the most part—though, we admit, not always—the matter at issue has been a purely personal squabble. It has not been a discussion or a difference regarding any important public question so much as a division on the claims of some particular person to some particular office. And, even when the contest has turned ostensibly on the bearings of some public question, it has really arisen from local or personal antipathies. That which has so often been witnessed in Canada has been recently witnessed in New South Wales, and is menaced in South Australia. The first Ministry formed on a Parliamentary basis has been forced to resign almost immediately after its formation. It had hardly had time sufficient to propound a policy, much less to propose specific measures. As far as its policy was known, it represented the views and wishes of the colonial community. There was no great question which divided the Government from the people, or the people among themselves. There was no class of questions which could fairly arm a regular Opposition to the Administration. Yet an Opposition arose, because it was thought respectable and usual and Parliamentary to have an Opposition. So an Opposition was organized, and attacked the Government upon the very first question that came before the infant Parliament—that of administrative detail,—one which men in office were more likely to understand than men out of office. The majority rested with the Administration, but in their opinion was too slight to warrant a retention of office. So they resigned, not because they were decidedly beaten but because they were not decisively victorious; and their successors will be liable to meet the same fate.

This shows the mischief of fallacious analogies. Because the English Parliament has generally contained an Opposition—an Australian Parliament should also be supplied with one. Such is the reasoning of antipodean politicians. But they forget that for many years of its history the English Parliament was without an Opposition, that at sundry intervals the Opposition has been neutralized into silence or charmed into sympathy—that it has sometimes been in abeyance, and sometimes forgotten its "mission" to unite with Ministers. They forget that it was not a thing of premeditation and device, that it was not granted in a charter nor embodied in "a right," that it was not the conception of theorists nor the idol of dreamers, but that it was the natural creation of certain circumstances and certain wants; the most convenient instrument for certain purposes of discussion and legislation. They forget that, as its growth was slow and its powers great, so the exercise of the latter is tempered by discretion and the suggestion of prospective responsibility; that it is never successful for personal objects, except when those are complicated with a great public cause; and that ordinary prudence prevents it from wasting its strength on quixotic assaults and fictitious grievances. All these things the ardent politicians of a new colonial constitution too readily forgot, and, burning to emulate the metropolitan model in all respects, rush at once upon the tactics which the experience of 300 years has perfected, and the collisions of multifarious interests necessitate.

To say that this proves the failure of representative institutions or incapacity for using them is absurd. It only shows that they are new to the community which enjoys them. It is the first unsteady impetus of an untrained colt, which has blood, pace, and wind, but wants the art of putting them forth to advantage. But, as it is easy to pervert or neutralise the best qualities so it is easy to misuse and waste the best institutions. Let the colonies be jealous of their own honour and that of their mother country. To them and to her is committed the safe keeping of a precious gift. Few, rare, and scant among the nations of the earth are those which govern themselves by free speech and free thought. The majority of the sons of men are reined in, bridled up, saddled, spurred and bitted with ukases, edicts, arrêtés, police, gendarmes, passports, chains, and dungeons. Let those few who hold the precious gift be cautious how they use it, lest they make it, instead of a blessing to themselves, a scorn and laughing-stock to others. Let them remember that almost exclusively throughout the world the Anglo-Saxon race, in either of its branches, enjoys the sacred privilege of governing itself, and, remembering this, let them be on their guard not to give occasion to the foolish gibe of the despot or his parasite, by the inconsiderate obstruction of useful legislation, or by an ill-timed travestie of extreme expedients. If they bear this in mind, time will turn the peccant humours of their blood to health and strength.

THE REV. F. CLOSE.—Earl Fitzhardinge has contributed the sum of £25 towards the fund which has been raised for presenting a testimonial to the late incumbent of Cheltenham. His lordship's donation, which was forwarded to the Rev. Dr. A. M. Brown (of the Congregational Church), for payment, was accompanied by the following letter:—"German Cottage, Nov. 28, 1856.—My dear Dr. Morton Brown,—Will you do me the favour to pay the amount of the enclosed cheque to the fund for the testimonial to the Rev. Mr. Close; I have been his parishioner for so many years that I cannot see him quit the spot where he has laboured so zealously without offering a trifling tribute of respect at his departure—Most sincerely yours, FITZHARDINGE.—Rev. Dr. Brown, Oxford-street."

RE-OPENING OF ST. JAMES'S CHURCH.—On Sunday afternoon, Dr. Tait, the recently-appointed Bishop of London, preached his first episcopal sermon, on the occasion of the re-opening of St. James's Church, Piccadilly, after the recent alterations.

THE GOLDEN LECTURESHIP.—On Saturday, the election for the Golden Lectureship took place. The number of candidates was 38, many of whom are popular preachers. From the first it was considered that the election would virtually be between the Revs. R. Bickersteth, Daniel Moore, C. Molyneux, and Dr. Croly; and it was generally expected that Mr. Bickersteth would be the successful candidate. Fortunately, however, for Mr. Moore, Lord Palmerston appointed Mr. Bickersteth to the bishopric of Ripon, and that reverend gentleman immediately resigned in favour of Mr. Moore. The contest, nevertheless, was remarkably severe and close, the Rev. Daniel Moore being only returned by one vote, the Rev. C. Molyneux being second.

A second Daniel Lambert recently died at Debden in Essex—Mr. James Mansfield, who was nine feet in girth, and weighed 33 stone. He was not above the ordinary height. Mr. Mansfield was a butcher; he was of a sanguine and happy temperament; and he lived to the age of 82.

Some Whitstable fishermen have made a strange discovery and a handsome prize. They found a brigantine on the Girdler Sand; the corpse of the master was on the cabin-bed, with a piece of canvas over the face; no living being was on board. The fishermen got the vessel to Whitstable. It is Danish; and, with the cargo of wheat, is worth some £3000. It seems that the vessel was abandoned by the crew after it went ashore, during bad weather; the master was killed by a breaker dashing him against a ladder.

His Excellency the Ambassador of France and the Countess de Persigny recently paid a visit to the Earl and Countess of Derby at Knowsley, and also honoured Liverpool with their presence.

Miss Florence Nightingale and her family have taken up their residence near the town of Romsey, Hants, the inhabitants have presented the illustrious lady with a respectful address.

A gentleman of highly respectable exterior in a first-class railway carriage, the train having arrived at the terminus, and the guard demanding the passengers' tickets, by a slight mistake, arising from inadvertence, produces his Ticket of Leave.—*Punch.*

At the opening of the special winter assizes for South Lancashire at Liverpool, Mr. Baron Alderson delivered an unusual lengthy charge, in the course of which he condemned in strong terms the present ticket-of-leave system.

Judge Halliburton, author of "Sam Slick," has engaged to deliver an address on the 16th of November to the members of the Manchester Athenæum. This address is to be followed by subsequent ones during the winter from Lord Lyttelton, Sir Robert Peel, and Lord Stanley.

The Secretary of State for War, in answer to an application to construct works of defence for the port of Swansea and the adjoining coast of Glamorgan, states that it is his intention to propose a vote in the next year's estimates of his department, for the defences of commercial harbours. A committee has been ordered to assemble to determine upon the best sites and proper armament.

Our readers may remember the case of the army tailor who received £400 damages against the *Times* for reporting that he had been flogged in the Crimea. Not content with this, an action was commenced against the *Illustrated London News* for having copied the paragraph. After a little conversation it was arranged that a verdict should be given to the plaintiff, so as to carry costs, and that an apology should appear in the *Illustrated News.*

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

Monday Evening.

MESSRS. Frith and Payten sold to-day, by auction, a large invoice of English furniture at satisfactory prices.

We observe that Messrs. Purkis and Lambert will sell to-morrow (this day) the cargo of Mauritius counter sugars ex Mumford.

Messrs. W. Dean and Co. sold at their warehouse to-day (Monday) a very large assortment of boots and shoes, principally from the house of Bostock and Co.; and although the market has been heavily stocked with this article by late arrivals, the greater portion of these superior goods well maintained their price, especially those suitable for the season. The sale was of great magnitude, and was not concluded till six o'clock in the evening. The attendance of buyers were very numerous, and a brisk competition was manifest throughout the day. The same firm announce for this day, Tuesday, an important sale of wine, spirits, beers, &c., at the stores of Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co.

The following correspondence relating to Martell's brandy is a matter of so much importance to the colonies, that we readily give it insertion in our commercial columns.

London, November 22, 1856.

To the Hon. Commissioners H.M. Inland Revenue.

Honorable Sirs,—By 16th and 17th Victoria, chapter 107, section 185, (commonly called the Customs Warehousing Act,) it is clearly laid down that when wines or spirits are mixed in bond, all the original brands are to be erased, except when the mixture takes place of the same brand.

By the 11th and 12th Victoria, chapter 122, British spirits are allowed to be warehoused for exportation in a Customs warehouse, and should any mixture of spirits take place of a different brand the section quoted above would apply, and all original brands would be erased.

The case we are about to state evades the principle, though not perhaps the letter of this law, and we respectfully crave your Honors' attention to it.

A rectifier buys large quantities of empty brandy casks, bearing the brands of James Hennessy and Co., Cognac, and J. J. Martell, Cognac,—brands enjoying a high reputation, both here and in the colonies. These casks he fills with British brandy from his own stock, and sends them to the legal quays for exportation under drawback; the Customs authorities do not require the parties to warehouse it at all, (apparently in contravention of the law). The brandy is there gauged on the quay, a certificate is given, and the drawback is allowed; it is then exported to Antwerp or some neighbouring port; the rectifier's name is then obliterated, and the article is again brought here *in transit*,—the original brand of the Cognac house only remaining on the cask. The spirit is then exported to our colonies, and there passed off as the genuine article indicated by the brand; thus practising a deception on our colonists, most materially injuring the reputation of the foreign shippers, which the wisdom of Parliament has thought it the policy of the country to protect, and directly interfering with our interests as a trade engaged in supplying the demand for genuine cognac brandy in the various markets of the world.

By the 6th George IV., chapter 80, section 29, a rectifier is bound to "cut, paint, or brand his name on each end of every rolling cask sent out of his stock," and we think it may be fairly inferred that the law requires "his name only" to be on the casks, and that all other names should be erased. The revenue check would little avail if it were not so.

We therefore most respectfully beg your Honors will cause notice to be given to all your practical officers, "that all original brands should be erased before filling the casks, and that the rectifier's name only should appear.

We are, hon. sirs, your most obedient servants,

(Signed)

Twiss Brownings	William Dickson and Co.
John Wild and Sons	Frederick Parbury
Brown and Co.,	Buck, Fenwick, and Buck
James Searight	Lemon, Hart, and Son
Trower, Lawson, and Trower	John Gore and Co.
Black and Gayford	Matthew Clark and Sons.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, London, 1st December, 1856.

Gentlemen,—The Commissioners having considered the application which you and other spirit merchants addressed to them, on the 22nd ultimo, I am directed to observe that the law only requires, in cases such as those referred to, that the rectifier's name should appear on the cask; and beyond enforcing compliance with this provision, the Commissioners have no power to interfere in the matter. I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

(Signed) Thomas Dobson, Assistant Secretary.

Messrs. Twiss Brownings.

In the City article of the *Times* of the 8th of December it is stated that the directors of the London Chartered Bank of Australia will, at the approaching meeting, recommend a dividend of 2½ per cent. for the half-year ending the 30th of June. On Monday, the 8th December, the half-yearly general meeting of the Bank of Australasia was held, when it was resolved to continue the dividend and bonus at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum, free of income tax.

The *Times* of the 13th of December makes the following remarks respecting the returns of the Bank of France:—

The monthly return of the Bank of France, published to-day, is fully as favourable as had been anticipated, a large increase of bullion being accompanied by a considerable diminution of circulation, as well as of advances on stocks and shares, the latter having now been brought down to a comparatively insignificant amount. The augmentation in the stock of specie during the month has been £1,390,000, and the total held is £7,930,000. The circulation has diminished £491,000, but the wants of the commercial public appear not to have been pressing, the deposits of the public having experienced an increase of £541,000, although the discounts have undergone a reduction of £312,000. The prevailing rates must therefore have led to general economy in the use of capital, and also to a contraction of business as far as practicable. In the Treasury balances there has been an increase of £107,000. The advances to the Bourse show a further curtailment of £332,000 on stocks, and of £500,000 on railway shares. For the purchase of bullion during the month the premium paid has amounted to £17,300 against £25,400 in the previous return, and the total expended within the year in this manner has been £124,000.

From the *Home News* of the 12th December we extract the latest report of the manufacturing districts:

BIRMINGHAM.—The continued unsettled state of the metal market has an injurious effect upon the manufacturers. A further advance upon the recent rise has been declared in the price of copper, and many of the merchants decline to execute further orders, except subject to any future advance which may take place. By some another rise is confidently predicted. The demand for manufactured articles, however, notwithstanding the reductions of factors' discounts, is still moderately good, and the founders generally are fairly, if not actively, employed. The ironfounders of the town and neighbourhood have some good orders in hand, but they are chiefly under local contracts. Prospects are, however, improving.

The principal event of the week has been the annual show of cattle in Bingley Hall, and by which the manufacturers of agricultural implements have largely profited. Most of the leading establishments have been crowded with visitors, and a large trade in machines and every description of farming tools has been transacted.

Visitors to Birmingham speak favourably rather than otherwise of the state of trade in the various manufacturing towns of the neighbourhood. The chief exception to improvement is the wrought nail business, which continues considerably depressed. The cut nail trade is, however, pretty good, more especially for exportation. At Stourbridge and the neighbourhood the chain manufacture maintains its position. At Kidderminster there is little change in the carpet weaving trade. The handloom branch continues depressed, but not more so than it has been for the last few years, but steamloom weaving is moderately busy. It is satisfactory, however, to state that throughout the whole of the manufacturing districts in this neighbourhood employment generally is pretty good, and that pauperism, considering the increase of population, is upon the decline.

LEEDS.—There has been a little more activity in the Coloured cloth-hall lately, but there was no improvement in the White Cloth-hall. Generally there has not been much doing among merchants, and there is no improvement to notice in the warehouses. Indeed, so far as the home trade is concerned, it is not anticipated that there will be any improvement until after Christmas. The foreign trade shows more activity, and the shipping houses given out large orders in heavy goods for the American trade. These orders chiefly affect the Dewsbury manufacture, but generally throughout the district mills are pretty well employed. There is some slight improvement in the wool trade, and there is an increased demand for English wools, some descriptions of which, as bright-haired, have advanced a little in price. A general advance seems to be expected, which will have a tendency to check consumption, but at present the demand is in excess of production. Besides, as long as the existing high prices continue there is a disposition to work up inferior wools and shoddy, so that the quotations of the manufactured article may not be increased.

MANCHESTER.—The very considerable demand for cloths experienced in the early part of last week, suited to the colonial trade, has led to rather more business in other departments, and the prices of most descriptions of goods have been strengthened. The rise in water and mule yarns is now ⅛d to ¼d per lb. on the rate of last week, and on 40-inch shirtings 1½d to 3d per piece. There is rather more demand for extra hard twist for the Mediterranean, and also for T-cloths for the same quarter. There has been but a limited production lately of the lower qualities of T-cloths, and buyers have found some difficulty in supplying themselves, owing to an increased demand. Printing cloths are only in moderate request. There is a fair business in heavy domestics, such as are required for home consumption, and an improvement in the inquiry for 36-inch shirtings. The home demand for yarn has improved, and the twists suited to the Blackburn market are ⅛d per lb. higher, and in some cases have improved rather more than that. The relaxation in the rates of discount, and the breaking up of the frost, have tended to improve business, and the tone of the market has slowly but steadily improved since the advices by the overland mail, which gave the first impulse to business.

DUBLIN.—The Custom's receipts for the past week were £17,180, against £26,785 last week.

A communication has been addressed to the *Times* relative to the making of railways in Australia, and the expectation that English capital will be attracted by the Government guarantees of the several colonies. The *Times*, in reference to this subject, says—

The subjoined communication on Australian railways corroborates the expectation that the ultimate reliance for the execution of these works will be upon English capital, attracted by the guarantees of the several colonies. The writer, however, falls into the assumption, the fallacy of which has already been exposed, that a rate of interest far below that required by a colonial investor should be deemed sufficient by London shareholders. All that the colonies have a right to expect is that they should obtain the required capital at a sufficient reduction to render it worth while to take it from this side instead of raising it among themselves. If a couple of millions sterling could not be had in the colony for a less inducement than a guarantee of 7 per cent., the English capitalist should offer his money only at 6¼, or just such terms as in the state of the market would cause the colony to give him the preference. If the colonist refuses a moderate rate because he can "easily turn his money over to much greater advantage," the London capitalist, with the present facilities of commercial intercourse, has it in his power to make the same plea. Mercantile houses find no difficulty in instructing their agents to employ spare capital in the Australian markets, and the ordinary public attain the same end by investing in Australian banks. Until the delusion of estimating a local and comparatively unmarketable colonial stock by the standard value of an Imperial and home security shall have been dispelled there will be constant cause of dissatisfaction. If the colonists are forced to give the proper market rate they will fancy themselves the victims of extortion; and, on the other hand, if our people send forth their money on lower terms they will be met by a constantly increasing demand, which will be arrested only by the discovery on the part of the colonists that they have incurred obligations they cannot meet. It is not necessary to suppose that at the time of the money being taken there would be any dishonest intention. Among sanguine financiers, nationally and individually, there is never the slightest apprehension of difficulty or default, but when a crisis arrives, past intentions can have no effect in averting it. That under any circumstances the people of a British colony would ever deny or even attempt to compromise a public liability is a contingency not to be entertained, but we have no right to let ourselves become parties to a system which would at its breaking up leave no alternative except between disastrous sacrifices or indelible disgrace. The colonists may rely that their real friends on this side are those who would oppose by every means their being corrupted with cheap money, and stimulated to reckless extravagance:—

"Sir,—As the construction of railways in our Australian colonies is becoming a matter of interest to the British public, probably a few remarks thereon will not be unacceptable at the present time.

"In the absence of good roads throughout the settled districts, the construction of railways for the main highways of the country has been deemed a matter of necessity by the Governments and the colonists, especially in Victoria, where Government commission appointed, 'to inquire into the best modes for the internal communications of the colony' reported against the construction of macadamised roads, as they would cost as much as the 'permanent way' of a railway, besides double the expense of keeping in repair, and hence no important turnpike roads have been made."

"Having adopted this means of transit as a basis for Australian highways, the next question is, how can they be most economically and speedily constructed? On this head we have the experience of the colonists themselves, in their endeavours to substitute railways for common roads. In 1851 a company was formed at Sydney, and subsequently commenced to lay down a line of railway from that city to Parramatta, with a view to its extension towards Melbourne. After some feeble attempts to obtain sufficient capital, and the construction of a few miles, the company declared their inability to finish the line, and the whole affair was handed over to the Government. In 1852-3 there were three railway companies formed in Victoria,—viz., the Melbourne, Mount Alexander, and Murray River; the Geelong and Melbourne, and the Melbourne and Hobson's Bay. The first mentioned company like that of Sydney, has merged into the hands of the Government, the second has completed nine miles out of 40 of its permanent way; and the third is in operation. In South Australia several grand railway schemes have been from time to time projected, which have ended in smoke; while in Tasmania, Western Australia, and New Zealand something has been said, but nothing done.

"Here, then, the state of the case appears to be, that after five years' exertion on the part of the colonists and the local Governments, the only line, if I am not mistaken, completed and in operation is the Melbourne and Hobson Bay Railway, two miles long. This is certainly a very small result after such a lapse of time, during which the Victoria Road Commission reported that 'the charges for the carriage of most descriptions of produce and goods to and from many parts of the colony exceeded their first costs.'

"Although it may appear anomalous, considering the superabundant wealth of these gold-producing colonies, the chief cause of failure has been the difficulty of obtaining sufficient capital from local subscribers. The guaranteed interest of 5 per cent. offered by the Government is not a sufficient inducement to the colonist to invest his capital where he can easily turn it over to greater advantage. Moreover, the want of experience in railway matters among the colonists, and local jealousies which exist, have retarded the progress of such undertakings. Hence, both the Governments and communities look to the mother country for capital and experience to carry out the construction of their railways.

"In this light the subject presents itself to the British capitalist as a matter for his consideration. These colonies are an integral portion of the British empire, and surely they present as safe a security for investment in railway undertakings as any foreign State. In subscribing to an Austrian or Swedish railway the money sent away is a dead loss to the nation—it never comes back; whereas investments in our Australian lines increase the commerce of the country, mutually benefiting the home and colonial communities.

"During the approaching first session of the newly constituted Victoria Parliament, this matter is likely to be a matter of grave discussion between the elected members and the Government, and it would be a boon to the inexperienced colonists if some experienced and practical men in England would advise them on the subject, so as to avoid the errors that attended the railway mania in 1846.

"I am, your obedient servant,

"SAMUEL MOSSMAN.

"Tyndale-place, Islington."

The Countess of Ellesmere was in Worsley recently, when she saw an old woman, named Margaret Berry, who had been to the coal-pit for a barrowful of coals (about a hundred weight), and was then resting with her load. The countess, who is one of those truly noble women who delight in the "gentle luxury of doing good," stepped up to the poor woman, and, accosting her with the words "You seem rather fatigued—I will give you a lift," forthwith took up the barrow, and wheeled it a distance of at least 150 yards.

The stoppage of the Royal British Bank has turned out a fortunate thing for Mrs. Rumball, the widow of the police inspector. To assist her while her £90 is locked up in the bank, the public have already subscribed upwards of £134. Of this sum £15 have been subscribed by the Queen of Oude.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. JOHN WISHART, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of his late departed wife, Isabella. The procession to move from his residence, Clarence-street, between King and Market streets, THIS DAY, at half-past 3 o'clock p.m. precisely. REUBEN THOMAS, undertaker, No. 28, King-street West.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. G. FAYLER, of Balmain, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late departed Wife MARY ANN, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at a quarter past one o'clock. The procession to move from the Erskine-street Ferry at the above hour precisely. THOMAS DIXON, undertaker, South Head Road.

PORTRAIT of the LORD BISHOP OF SYDNEY.—In a few days will be published a highly-finished Engraving on steel, by G. B. Shaw, of the Lord Bishop of Sydney, from the half-length Portrait by O. R. Campbell, Esq. Intending Subscribers are reminded, in order to ensure good impressions, early application will be necessary. Apply, personally or by letter, to SAMUEL JEFFEREY, Esq., at the CHURCH OF ENGLAND CHRONICLE Office, Lyons'-buildings, George-street; or to the Artist, G. B. SHAW, Darling House, Lower Fort-street.

IMMIGRANTS per PLANTAGENET.—The married and single male immigrants for engagement by the above vessel, can be hired on board this vessel on WEDNESDAY next, the 18th instant, and following days, between the hours of one and four p.m.

Their trades and callings, and the number of such callings, are as follows, viz.:—

	Married.	Unmarried.
Sawyers	2	3
Stonemasons	4	2
Carpenters	7	12
Bricklayer	0	1
Blacksmiths	1	2
Farm labourers	31	33
Gardeners	4	3
Shepherd	1	0
Wheelwrights	1	2
Miners	2	0

The ship will be anchored at the usual anchorage, off Dawes' Point.

H. H. BROWNE, agent for immigration.

Immigration Office, Sydney, 17th February, 1857.

TO BUILDERS and MASONS.—Tenders are required for the erection of buildings at Villa Maria, Tarban Creek. Plans and specification may be seen on application to Mr. W. WEAVER, architect, 42, Pitt-street, between the hours of 10 and 4, and also after 5 o'clock p.m., by applying to Mr. WEAVER, at Ryde, Parramatta River.

Separate tenders will be received for the mason work, and must be forwarded to the architect, on or before SATURDAY next, the 21st instant, at 12 o'clock.

The lowest tender will not necessarily be accepted. 13th February, 1857.

TENDERS required for Fencing 5 or 10 acres of Land at the Head of Lane Cove, near the Crossing-place. Apply, by letter, stating price per rod for three-railed fence, to W. W., HERALD Office. Plenty of timber on the ground.

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders are required for the Carpenter and Joiner Work of a Building corner of Harris and John streets, Pyrmont. Plans and specifications to be seen by applying to JAMES PRATT, Land's End, Pyrmont, to whom tenders are to be sent on or before the 11th instant. The acceptance of the lowest tender will be optional. Security required for the due and proper performance of the work.

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders are required for the various Works in the erecting and completing of Three Dwelling-houses, to be built in Kent-street. The plans and specification can be seen any morning at the office of JAMES HUME, of 76, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, to whom tenders are to be sent, on or before the 28th instant. It will be optional as regards the acceptance of the lowest tender. Security will be required for the due and proper performance of the works. February 13th, 1857.

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders are invited for building a portion of the stone walls, and performing carpenters', joiners', and sundry works necessary for completing a store in Bridge-street. The plans and specification may be seen on application to Mr. JOHN BIBB, Macquarie-street, to whom tenders are to be delivered on the 25th February.

TO BUILDERS and others.—New Court-house, Wollongong.—Tenders will be received at the office of the Board of Works up to 10 o'clock on SATURDAY, the 7th March next, from persons willing to contract for the erection of a court-house at Wollongong. Plan and specification may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the Colonial Architect's Office, Sydney, or at the Police Office, Wollongong.

TENDERS for pulling down House and Store, in city. For particulars apply to JOHN GARSED, Glebe.

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders are required for putting on the Roof and Laying Floors to a House, at Coogee. Plans and specification to be seen on application to Mr. EDMUND T. BLACKET, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street, to whom tenders are to be addressed, on or before MONDAY, February 23rd.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1497443

HIGHLY IMPORTANT to the Moneyed Men, Capitalists, Trustees of Estates, and others interested in the purchase of valuable city property.—That well-known first-rate building allotment, situate at Hyde Park Corner, having a frontage of 33 feet to Liverpool-street, 60 feet to Elizabeth-street, with a side passage leading from Elizabeth-street to Castlereagh-street, and immediately opposite the properties of the late Mrs Raby and James Wright, Esq., is for SALE by private contract. The situation is without a parallel; no building can be erected to intercept the view of our magnificent Harbour, whilst the lovely promenade is daily thronged with the elite and fashion of the metropolis. For terms of sale apply to E. D. O'REILLY, Esq., solicitor, King-street; or to Dr. DUIGAN, Liverpool-street.

ESTATE at FIVE DOCK.—TO BE SOLD, by private contract, 8½ acres of land at Five Dock, on the great Northern Road, half way between the Parramatta Road and the Punt.
The land is securely fenced all round, and a large portion close-paled, and 7 acres are in a high state of cultivation.
The improvements consist of a weatherboard cottage, with shingle roof and verandah, in good order; slab hut, bark roof, and weatherboard kitchen.
For particulars apply to the owner, on the premises, or to TEALE and GARRETT, solicitors, 1, King-street, Sydney.

SALES BY AUCTION.

AUSTRALIAN HORSE BAZAAR.—Regular sale by auction, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock. The commission on sale is 2½ per cent. No fees charged on horses unsold. Livery and bait cheaper than any other yard in Sydney. Horses, &c., always on hire.
WATT and PEARSON.

CROWN LANDS' SALE. — At eleven o'clock of WEDNESDAY, the eleventh day of MARCH, 1857, the following Town Lots of Land will be offered for sale by public auction at the Land Sales' Room, Colonial Treasury, Macquarie-street, Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit, 10 per cent. Deed fee, £1 each lot.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND.

Lot.	Place.	Allotment. No.	Section. No.	Area. A.	R.	P.	Upset price. acre
	Town Lots.						
1	Town of St. Leonard's	1	23	0	2	0	£50
2	Same place	2	23	0	1	36	50
3	Same place	3	23	0	1	36	50
4	Same place	4	22	0	1	36	50
5	Same place	5	23	0	1	36	50
6	Same place	6	23	0	1	32	50
7	Same place	7	23	0	1	32	50
8	Same place	8	23	0	1	32	50
9	Same place	9	23	0	1	32	50
10	Same place	10	23	0	1	36	50
11	Same place	11	23	0	1	36	50
12	Same place	12	23	0	1	36	50
13	Same place	13	23	0	1	36	50
14	Same place	14	23	0	2	0	50
15	Same place	15	23	0	2	0	50
16	Same place	16	23	0	2	0	50
17	Town of Parramatta North	3	42	0	1	0	50
18	Same place	4	42	0	1	0	50
19	Same place	5	42	0	1	0	50
20	Same place	6	42	0	1	0	50
21	Same place	7	42	0	1	0	50
22	Same place	8	42	0	1	0	50
23	Same place	9	42	0	1	0	50
24	Same place	10	42	0	1	0	50
25	Same place	11	42	0	1	0	50
26	Same place	12	42	0	1	0	50
27	Same place	13	42	0	1	0	50
28	Same place	14	42	0	1	0	50
29	Same place	1	80	0	0	24	50
30	Same place	2	80	0	1	4	50
31	Same place	3	80	0	1	4	50
32	Same place	4	80	0	1	7	50
33	Same place	5	80	0	1	10	50
34	Same place	6	80	0	1	12	50
35	Same place	7	80	0	0	34	50
36	Same place	8	80	0	0	35	50
37	Same place	9	80	0	0	35	50
38	Same place	10	80	0	0	35	50
39	Same place	11	80	0	0	35	50
40	Same place	12	80	0	1	7	50
41	Same place	13	80	0	1	15	50
42	Same place	14	80	0	1	13	50
43	Same place	15	80	0	1	0½	50
44	Same place	16	80	0	1	0	50
45	Same place	17	80	0	1	7	50
46	Same place	18	80	0	1	27	50
47	Same place	19	80	0	1	14½	50
48	Same place	20	80	0	0	38½	50

STUART A. DONALDSON, Colonial Treasurer.

CROWN LANDS' SALE. — At eleven o'clock of THURSDAY, the twelfth day of MARCH, 1857, the following Suburban and Town Lots of Land will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Land Sales' Room, Colonial Treasury, Macquarie-street, Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit, 10 per cent. Deed fee, £1 each lot.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND.

Lot.	Place.	Allotment. No.	Section. No.	Area. A.	R.	P.	Upset price.
	Suburban Lots.						acre
1	Village of Balgowlah	...	36	5	1	24	50s.
2	Same place	...	37	5	1	24	50s.
3	Same place	...	40	5	1	24	50s.
4	Same place	...	41	5	1	24	50s.
5	Same place	...	44	1	33	2	£3
6	Same place	...	45	4	0	35	3
7	Same place	...	46	5	1	24	50s.
	Town Lots.						
8	Town of St. Leonard's	2	20	0	2	0	£50
9	Same place	3	20	0	2	0	50
10	Same place	4	20	0	2	0	50
11	Same place	5	20	0	2	0	50
12	Same place	6	29	0	2	0	50
13	Same place	7	29	0	2	0	50
14	Same place	8	29	0	2	0	50
15	Same place	14	20	0	2	0	50
16	Same place	15	29	0	2	0	50
17	Same place	16	29	0	2	0	50
18	Same place	17	20	0	2	0	50
19	Same place	18	20	0	2	0	50
20	Same place	19	29	0	2	0	50
21	Same place	20	20	0	2	0	50
22	Same place	21	20	0	2	0	50
23	Same place	22	29	0	2	0	50
24	Same place	3	33	0	2	0	50
							foot
25	Woolloomooloo, near jail	33		0	0	7	£5
26	At the Tank Stream	7	46A	0	0	2½	£30
	Suburban Lots.						acre
27	Parish of Manly Cove	...	...	20	0	0	£2
28	Same place	...	...	30	0	0	2
29	At Manly Beach	2	...	5	0	0	50s.

STUART A. DONALDSON, Colonial Treasurer.

Household Furniture
Gold Lever Watches
Colt's Revolvers
Wearing Apparel, &c.

THE MESSRS. MOORE will sell by auction, at the Mart, Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A small lot of household furniture, &c., viz.:—
Chests drawers, sofas, tables, chairs, washstands, bedsteads, bedding, stretchers, oil paintings, crockery and glassware, cooking utensils, &c., &c.; also,
Three splendid gold English lever watches
English and Geneva silver watches
1 superior Colt's, in case, with fitting, &c., complete
3 cases new and second-hand wearing apparel
Pistols, work boxes, and sundries.
Terms, cash.

Leasehold Property on the Botany Road, about a mile from the Toll-bar.

THE MESSRS. MOORE have been favored with instructions to sell by auction, at the Mart, Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 12 o'clock,
The unexpired lease of ground, at a nominal ground-rent, situate on the Botany Road, next Goldfinch allotment, about a mile from the toll-bar, with substantial weatherboard cottage, stable, and fowl-house built thereon; close paling fence all round.
The above, being an easy distance from town, would make a comfortable residence for a tradesman or any person employed in Sydney.
Terms at sale.

Horse Bazaar, 155, Pitt, and 134, Castlereagh streets, Sydney.
Established 1847.
Sale Days, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 11 o'clock.

BURT and CO. hold a regular sale by auction every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 11 o'clock.
Horses intended for either sales should arrive at the Bazaar, accompanied with instructions, one day previous, in order to be properly dressed, tried, and shown.
The usual cash advances on invoices of saddlery, gigs carriages, and other vehicles intended for unreserved sale for which there is ample room under cover.
The private livery stables adjoin the Castlereagh-street entrance, and are wholly distinct from the sale stables.

Berry's Shoalhaven Horses.

BURT and CO. will sell by auction, at their Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,
4 very capital saddle horses, arrived per last night's steamer, from Berry's noted Shoalhaven stud.

Horse, Dogcart, and Harness.

BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,
In one lot, or separately,
A very excellent gig and saddle horse
A London-built dogcart
And set of plated harness.
The above are the property of a gentleman leaving for England this week, and will be sold without reserve.

Berry's Shoalhaven Horses, Unbroken, in the Cattle Market Yards.

BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, in the Cattle Market Yards, in the course of the ensuing week,
A draft of 30 horses and mares, all young, and in fine condition, from the celebrated Shoalhaven stud of A. Berry, Esq., M.L.C.
☞ These are a picked lot, selected to meet the present demands for the Melbourne and Adelaide markets.

WEDNESDAY'S Horse Sale.

BURT and CO. will sell by auction, at their Bazaar, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, at 11 o'clock,
Several small lots of country horses
A few of Berry's noted Shoalhaven ditto
Some capital hackneys and gig horses
Heavy and light draught ditto
Various ditto.

Great American Auction Sale of Notions, Farming Implements, Clocks, Provisions, &c., &c.
The entire Cargo of the ROBERT TREAT from New York direct.
Three Days' Auction Sale.
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY, the 18th, 19th and 20th February.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and Co. have received instructions from the importers Messrs. M. Moss, Wilkinson, Brothers, and Co., and Flower, Salting, and Co., to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY, the 18th, 19th, and 20th February, beginning each day at prompt half-past 10 o'clock.
The entire cargo, ex Robert Treat, from New York, consisting of the following choice articles, selected expressly by a competent person for the requirements of this colony, viz.—

First Day's Sale, WEDNESDAY, 18th February.
PROVISIONS, &c.
Best prime mess pork
Ditto ditto ditto beef
English dairy cheese
Lobsters, in tins, 1 and 2 lb.
Oysters, ditto, ditto ditto
Fancy crackers, in tins
Biscuits, assorted
Soda, butter, water, sugar
Dried apples, in quarter and half kegs
Stroughton bitters
Lemon syrup
Raspberry ditto
Best English dairy cheese
Hops, 1856

Second Day's Sale, THURSDAY, 19th February.
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Eagle brand ploughs, A. B. C. D. and F., assorted with extra shares
Corn-shelling machines
Corn-cracking machines
Corn-grinding machines
Chaff-cutting machines
Winnowing machines
Wheat-grinding machines
Douglas pumps, double and single rod
Cylinder churns, assorted sizes
IRONMONGERY, &c.
Collins' best axes, handled
Ditto ditto, ditto
Hurd's axes, hickory turned axe handles
Collins' picks, assorted
Ditto D handle round-pointed shovels
Ditto long-handle ditto
Yankee medium axes
Ditto ditto picks
Simmons' Australian picks
Yankee broad hatchets
Ditto youths' ditto
Youths' axes, handled
Stable forks, potato ditto
Garden hoes, ladies' ditto
Wire rat-traps, mouse ditto
Steel ditto ditto
Carriage springs, assorted
Axle trees
Dray wheels
Stoves, assorted sizes
Grinding stones, assorted
Scythes, reaping hooks
Tailor's shears
Fancy wire brooms
Ditto carpet ditto
Fancy doormats
Wool mats
Rugs
Jute mats
Scrubbing brushes
Bannister ditto
Hair brooms
Iron bedsteads, in great variety
CARPENTERS' TOOLS, &c.
Jack planes
Smoothing ditto
Saws, assorted, tennon
Hand, ripping, &c., &c.
Spirit levels
Steel-faced hammers
Mallets
Gimlets and screw drivers
Nails, assorted
Tacks, ditto
Chisels, assorted sizes
Gouges, ditto ditto
Shingling hatchets
Price's lath hatchets
Rabiting tools, in great variety
Grooving ditto, ditto ditto
Bracing bits
Mayjole's superior hammers
Plane irons
Chisel handles
Morticing chisels
Adzes, assorted.

Third Day's Sale, FRIDAY, 20th February.
WOODWARE.
Tubs, painted, in sets
Buckets, 2 and 3 hoops
Well buckets
Cedar buckets, brass-bound
Milking pails, brass-bound
Garden buckets
Stable ditto
Toy pails
Wooden bowls
Knife trays
Knife boards
Keelers and pails
Sugar boxes
Washing boards
Zinc covered ditto
Brass-bound measures
Corn measures, assorted
Sieves
Nests of coolers
Clothes pins
Clothes baskets
Clothes baskets
Rolling pins
Paste boards
Butter prints
Twine reels
CHAIRS
Baltimore cane-seated chairs
Ditto wood-seated ditto
Lafayette seated arm chairs
Ellimore ditto ditto ditto
Rocking chairs, assorted
Easy chairs, stuffed backs
Garden cane chairs
Children's chairs in great variety, including table, parlour, arm, bedroom, dining, and fancy.

Buckeye bags, 2 bushels
Starke mill ditto, 3 ditto
Hair pillows
Pilot duck
A choice assortment of clocks, timepieces, &c.
This cargo having been selected with great care and judgment, is well worthy the attention of the trade, country storekeepers, and shippers to the adjoining colonies, who are assured that every article advertised will be sold on the days fixed; and to prevent any disappointment intending purchasers are requested to observe that not a package will be sold privately before the days of sale, but on those days the whole will positively be sold to the highest bidder.
Terms.—Under £100, cash; above £100 and under £200, 3 months; above £200, 3 and 4 months; above £500, 3, 4, and 5 months; above £1000, 3, 4, 5 and 6 months approved bills.
W. DEAN and CO., auctioneers.

Important Sale of Choice
Oilmen's Stores
Groceries
Fruit
Provisions, &c.
Ex Nourmahal, Walter Hood, Plantagenet, Star of Peace, &c.
At the Australian Auction Mart, WEDNESDAY, 18th February.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have been favoured with instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on WEDNESDAY, 18th February, at 11 o'clock,
Feast's salad oils, pints, half-pints, and quarts
Durham mustards, 1 lb. and ½ lb.
Bottled fruits, assorted
Feast's pint pickles
Jams, 1 lb. and 2 lb., assorted
Jellies, 1 lb., ditto
Assorted sauces
Coleman's blue, 28 and 56 lb. packages
Ditto starch, ditto ditto
Pearl barley
Split peas
Belmont candles, No. 1
Table vinegar
Cork rose butter
Blacking
I.N.E. matches
Wax vestas
Scotch oatmeal
York hams
Gloucester cheese
Patna rice
Prime Kent hops, 1856
Soft shell almonds
Muscatel raisins, in boxes
Ditto ditto, in fancy cartoons
Currants, in barrels
French figs, in ½ and ¼ boxes
Hysonskin tea, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Maccaroni, &c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Unreserved Auction Sale of really choice Wine, Spirit, Beer, &c.
THIS DAY, 17th February.
At the Stores of Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co., O'Connell-street.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co. to sell by auction, at their Stores, O'Connell-street, THIS DAY, the 17th February, at 11 o'clock.
The whole of their choice wines, consisting of sherry; port, in wood and bottle; champagne, claret, bottled ale and porter, draught ale and porter, case gin, case brandy; brandy, in wood; Martell's brandy; old tom, in bottle; whisky, &c., &c., &c., viz.—

WINES.
PORT.
Ex Wave of Life,
10 hogsheads Hunt, Roup, and Co's diamond port
10 quarter-casks ditto ditto ditto
12 hogsheads ditto double diamond ditto
15 quarter-casks ditto ditto ditto
14 hogsheads ditto treble diamond ditto
11 quarter-casks ditto ditto ditto
4 hogsheads ditto quadruple diamond ditto
3 quarter-casks ditto ditto ditto.
Ex Coleroon,
30 quarter-casks single diamond port
10 ditto ditto double ditto.
Ex Marchioness of Londonderry,
1 pipe port wine, four diamond
2 hogsheads ditto, ditto.
Ex Maitland,
3 pipes finest 1853 port
Ex Nourmahal,
P over S—
8 quarter-casks Sandeman's double diamond port
Ex Scotia,
30 cases, 1 dozen, superior old port wine.
SHERRY.
Ex Melbourne, direct from Cadiz,
BVERGARA—
Double diamond, G—
3 hogsheads very superior golden sherry
10 quarter-casks ditto ditto
BVERGARA—
Single grape, VP conjoined—
4 hogsheads superior fruity sherry
18 quarter-casks ditto ditto
BVEGARA—
SSS and VP conjoined—
3 hogsheads very pale dry sherry
17 quarter-casks ditto ditto
BVEGARA—
Double diamond over VP conjoined—
15 quarter-casks very superior pale sherry.
Ex Marchioness of Londonderry,
OPS over cluster—
6 quarter-casks sherry.
Ex Coleroon,
Single grape—
19 quarter-casks sherry
OS over SL—
20 ditto ditto ditto.
Ex Noe,
100 cases, each 1 dozen, superior sherry
Ex late arrivals,
113 cases Mousley's pale sherry, bottled in Spain
27 ditto, each 1 dozen, very superior sherry.
Ex Juanita,
400 cases claret.
Ex Ocean Queen,
200 cases superior claret.
Ex Coleroon,
WW—
100 cases champagne.
Ex Juste,
MG&Co—
9 cases champagne
Ex Steur au Pid,
40 cases champagne.
Bellatrix,
RF over D in heart—
45 cases hock.
Ex Lodowyk Antone,
RF over D in heart—
129 cases hock.
Ex Alice and Raymond,
MG&Co over MG—
9 cases liquers.
Ex late arrivals,
150 cases, each 1 dozen, Chateau Margeaux
180 cases champagne
10 ditto noyeau
10 ditto curaçoa
10 ditto vanille
10 ditto eau de Dantzic
40 ditto Stroughton bitters.
BEERS.
Ex Nourmahal,
18 hogsheads Truman's XX stout.
Ex Walter Hood,
10 hogsheads Bass' ale
70 cases ditto bottled ditto, quarts and pints.
Ex Coleroon,
50 hogsheads Bass' Burton ale.
Ex Light of the Age,
8 hogsheads Taylor's stout
13 ditto Charrington and Nicholl's ale
4 ditto ditto ditto porter.
Ex Lord Warriston,
500 casks Evans' bottled porter.
Ex Joshua,
165 casks Byass' bottled ale
85 ditto ditto ditto porter.
Ex Nourmahal,
200 cases, each 4 dozen, ale and porter, quarts and pints.
SPIRITS.
BRANDY.
Ex Nourmahal,
17 hogsheads Martell's dark brandy.
Ex Tropic,
25 quarter-casks Otard's pale brandy
55 octaves ditto ditto ditto.
300 cases brandy.
Ex Nourmahal,
50 cases, each 1 dozen, pale brandy.
Ex Arthur,
91 cases French brandy.
Ex York,
141 cases French brandy.
RUM.
Ex Walter Hood,
100 hogsheads rum.
Ex Maitland,
2 puncheons rum, W. I.
15 hogsheads ditto, ditto.
GIN.
Ex Europa,
380 cases JDKZ
40 half-ditto ditto
200 cases key brand.
Ex Thomas Royden,
50 cases Lowndes' old tom.
Ex Nourmahal,
50 cases, each 1 dozen, Burnett's old tom.
WHISKY.
Ex Alma,
5 hogsheads fine Scotch whisky
10 quarter-casks ditto ditto
50 cases best ditto ditto, each 2 dozen
&c., &c., &c., &c.
The whole of these goods are direct importations from London and Cadiz, as above, and, being of the very best quality, are well worthy the attention of the trade.
The whole will positively be sold without the least reserve.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

WOOLLOOMOOLOO.
Six good Dwelling-Houses, newly erected with stone and brick, and slated roofs, situated—three in Berwick-street, off Palmer-street; and three in Liverpool-street East.
For Absolute Sale, WEDNESDAY, 18th February, 1857.
Title good.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Martin Guest to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, at half-past 12 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 18th February, without a particle of reserve,
Three dwelling-houses, each containing four rooms, with the usual out-offices and enclosed yards, all having back entrances, and situated in a very convenient and central position in Berwick-street, Woolloomooloo. Also,
Three dwelling-houses with shops, each containing four rooms, including shop, having also an excellent well, with a never-failing supply of the purest water, and the usual out-offices, enclosed yards, and back entrances, and situated in that central and leading thoroughfare, Liverpool-street, Woolloomooloo.
In the construction of these houses the very best materials have been used, and they are all newly and substantially built of stone and brick, with slated roofs.
Property of this kind is calculated to insure a constant tenancy, and is most desirable for the investment of capital; so compact and substantial, in an exceedingly healthy situation, a respectable neighbourhood, and within the precincts of the city.
May be sold in one or two lots to meet the convenience of purchasers.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms, easy.

To Coachbuilders, Wheelwrights, and others.
Carriage Springs
Axletrees
Wheels.
THURSDAY, 19th February.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on THURSDAY, 19th February, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Carriage springs, four blades
Springs for cabs
Ditto for heavy carriages
Axletrees, keys, and axle-heads
Wheels, with axle blocks and iron work for heavy drays, complete
Ditto, with axles only, &c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Full-cut Hobart Town Timber.
Prepared expressly for Sydney Market.
The Cargo of the Tasmania, from Hobart Town.
Patent Slip Wharf, foot of King-street, at 3 o'clock.
Full-cut Quartering
Ditto Joists
Shingles, Palings, Laths.
For Positive Sale.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, on the Patent Slip Wharf, THIS DAY, 17th February, at 3 o'clock,
The cargo of full-cut Hobart Town timber, ex Tasmania, comprising
FULL-CUT QUARTERING.
5 x 5, 6 x 3, 6 x 6, 7 x 3
Lengths, 10 feet to 22 feet.
FULL-CUT JOISTS.
4 x 3, 4 x 4
Lengths, 11 feet to 22 feet
5 x 3, 5 x 5, 6 x 3, 6 x 4, 6 x 6
Lengths, 20 feet to 22 feet
7 x 3, 7 x 4, 7 x 7, 10 x 5
Lengths, 12 feet to 22 feet
SHINGLES, LATHS, PALINGS.
Shingles
Laths
5 feet palings.
Without reserve.
Terms at sale.

C. ADRAIN will sell by auction, at the Commercial Wharf, bottom of King-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
1 Boat 18 feet long, with ash oars, sails, and sundry, bags, chains, rope, paint brushes &c. No reserve.

Preliminary Notice.
Boots and Shoes.
James Davies and Sons
Jackson and Sons
Homan and Company.
65 Packages, now landing, ex Joshua, Nourmahal, and other late arrivals.

FRITH and PAYTEN are instructed to sell at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY, 20th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Invoices of seasonable goods, as above, principally women's and children's wear.
Particulars in a future issue.

To Shippers, Corn Dealers, Livery Stable Keepers, and others.

MR. W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, at the Union Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, 18th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Quantity of prime maize
300 bushels Maitland bran
6 tons fine flour
4 ditto damaged flour
1 ditto pollard
1 ditto sharps
120 bales prime lucerne hay, different brands
60 barrels prime corn-fed pork, suitable for shippers or family use, in 100 and 200 lbs. each
1 tierce colonial beef
4 casks tallow
Quantity of hides
12 bales prime heavy three-bushel bags.
The above will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, without any reserve.
Terms at sale.

At 2 o'clock, TUESDAY, Sale of Horses.

MR. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, at the Bull's Head Horse Repository, George-street, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock,
16 cart horses, just arrived from the country, all in good condition, and to be sold subject to trial
Dog-carts, spring carts, light carts, gigs, carriages, saddle and cart and gig harness, &c.

TO BE SOLD, at WOOLLER'S Horse Repository, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock,
A bay horse, 5 years old, good in gig or saddle, 16 hands high
A chesnut mare, any trial
A black pony, suitable for a boy
A bay horse, warranted to pull a ton up Druitt-street
Six excellent stock horses, with saddles, &c.
Terms at sale.

MARTYN and SCHRODER'S Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 131, Pitt-street, Sydney.—Regular sale days, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS, at 11 o'clock.
All parties sending horses or other stock, carriages, &c., are particularly requested to forward written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualifications, &c., and amount of reserve, or otherwise a sale will be effected to the highest bidder.
N.B.—No responsibility whatever incurred by accident in trying or breaking-in horses.

TUESDAY'S General Sale.

MESSRS. MARTYN and SCHRODER will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The usual variety of heavy and light draught, carriage, gig, and saddle horses
Carriages, gigs, dogcarts, spring carts, drays, harness, saddlery, &c.

Two Omnibusses, Eleven Horses, and Two Sets Harness.

MESSRS. MARTYN and SCHRODER have received instructions from Mr. James Richards, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 19th February, 1857, at 11 o'clock,
The two omnibuses, both named Defiance, in good order, with mail patent axles, &c., one is licensed to carry 17 passengers; the other 18.
11 horses, in good condition, all of them excellent in harness.
2 very fine heavy draught horses
2 sets double harness
Chaff Cutters, stable utensils, &c., &c. Also,
The stable, 42 feet by 16 feet, to be taken down and removed by the purchaser. Intending purchasers can inspect the above, on the premises near the Railway Bridge, Newtown.

Imported Durham Bulls,
Ex Europa.

MESSRS. MARTYN and SCHRODER have received instructions from W. Humphrey, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 131, Pitt-street, TUESDAY, 24th February, 1857, at 12 o'clock precisely,
YOUNG FRIAR, a red and white bull, calved 5th June, 1855, got by Grey Friar (9172).
Dam, Wild Rose, by Van Tromp (2765)
Gr. dam, Winifred, by Yellow Boy (5694)
G. gr. dam, Jacqueline, by Middlesborough (1234)
G. g. gr. dam, Washerwoman, by Farmer (1997)
G. g. g. gr. dam, Meadowsweet, by Hastings (293)
G. g. g. g. gr. dam, Primrose, by Daron (58)
G. g. g. g. g. gr. dam, Lily, by Mr. Matiu's, by Falstaff (250), by Irishman.
SEBASTOPOL, a roan bull, calved 14th August, 1855, got by Physician.
Dam by Brutus (7858)
Gr. dam by Druid (3625)
G. gr. dam by Belshazzar (1023)
G. g. gr. dam by Ganthorpe (2049)
G. g. g. gr. dam by Don Juan (1923)
Physician was by Bates's Retriever; dam, Psyche.
SAILOR, a roan bull, calved 21st April, 1855, got by Melancthon, by Luther (10,482).
Dam by Bewerley
Gr. dam by Conservative (5883)
Bred by John Yorke, Esq., Bewerley Hall, Ripon.
The above bulls were selected regardless of cost by one of the best judges in England for Mr. Humphrey's own station, and have been pronounced by breeders of stock as superior to any that have been imported. To be seen at the Bazaar.

Imported Durham Cattle.
Ex Walter Hood.

MESSRS. MARTYN and SCHRODER have received instructions from C. N. Pitts, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 131, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 24th February, at 11 o'clock,
GREY FRIAR, roan bull, calved 27th August, 1852, got by Sir Charles Knightly's Grey Friar (9172)
Dam, Parson Green's favourite roan cow, of Bradby, by Warwickshire, by Earl of Dublin (10,178)
g. dam, Laura, by R. Lovell, Esq., of Edgcott's spotted bull
g. g. dam, Almond, by Splendid (5298)
g. g. g. dam, Acorn, by Cucumber (1191)
g. g. g. g. dam, Eliza, by Edmund (1954)
TURK, late Master Sheldon, roan bull, calved 7th February, 1853, got by Sheldon (8557)
Dam, Fairy VIII., by Ambassador (4741)
g. dam, Fairy III., by Pilot (4704)
g. g. dam, Fairy II., by George (3879)
g. g. g. dam, Fairy I., by Old Wellington, a full-bred Trunnell, the property of the late Mr. Riley, of Ludbroke
g. g. g. g. dam, by Eclipse; also the property of Mr. Riley
SWINDLE, roan bull, calved 2d February, 1854, got by Voltaire (13,963)
Dam, Lilly, by Earl of Dublin (10,178)
g. dam, Meadowsweet, by Grey Friar (9172)
g. g. dam, Freckle, by Fawsley (6004)
g. g. g. dam, Marguerite, by Marcellus (2260)
g. g. g. g. dam, Pearl, by Rufus (2576)
g. g. g. g. g. dam, Ruby, by Wellington (683)
g. g. g. g. g. g. dam, by Windsor (698)
g. g. g. g. g. g. g. dam, by Windsor (698)
g. g. g. g. g. g. g. g. dam, by own brother, to North Star
HANNAH, white cow, calved 7th November, 1853, bred by Robert Lawson, Esq., of Stapleton Grange, near Darlington, got by Whittington Lad (14,005)
Dam, Bright Eyes, by Bernardo (4418)
g. dam, Agnes, by Matchem (4418)
g. g. dam, Miss Hec, by Magnum Bonum (2243)
g. g. g. dam, Bright Eyes, by Sir Stephen (1456)
g. g. g. g. dam, Jane, by Mark (2266)
g. g. g. g. g. dam, by Rufus (570), by St. John (572), by Pope (514), by Chilton (136).
The above cattle were selected by J. P. Wilkie, Esq., and Peter Howden, Esq., a celebrated English judge, and are considered far superior to any that have been previously offered for sale. Intending purchasers can inspect them at the Bazaar, any time previous to the day of sale.

3 Saddle Horses
4-Spring Gig.

MESSRS. MARTYN and SCHRODER have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 131, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, 17th February, at 11 o'clock,
A grey mare, about 14 hands high, one of the best hackneys in Sydney, and will carry a lady
A cream-coloured galloway, 3 years old, a very fast walker, good trotter, canters easily, and gallops very fast.
A bay gelding, 15 hands high, a fast walker and trotter, and splendid galloper.

To Capitalists and others.
Choice Allotments in the flourishing Town of Wollongong.
For Sale by Auction,
On THURSDAY, 3rd day of March,
At No. 220, George-street.

MR. FREDERICK SMITH has been favoured with instructions from the proprietor, C. T. Smith, Esq., who has been induced at the solicitation of many parties to have submitted to public and unreserved competition, on THURSDAY, 3rd day of March, at his Rooms, No. 220, George-street, at 11 o'clock,
Ten of the choicest and most valuable allotments in the flourishing town of Wollongong, commanding an extensive and splendid view of the harbour of Wollongong, and in proximity to the newly erected bathing establishment, which has been constructed regardless of expense, and is replete with every comfort and convenience.
The auctioneer particularly invites the attention of intending purchasers to an inspection of the above property, as this presents an opportunity seldom to be met with of securing an allotment in one of the most fashionable, desirable, and healthy retreats in the colony.
A plan on view at the rooms of the auctioneer, and further particulars will appear in a future issue.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

Green Oaks, Darling Point.
Valuable Household Furniture, Pictures, Articles of Vertu, Glass, China, Wines, Carriage, Dogcart, Horses, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON has received instructions from Thomas S. Mort, Esq., in consequence of his departure for Europe, per La Hogue, to sell at his residence, Green Oaks, Darling Point, at 12 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 24th February,
Valuable household furniture, including a grand piano (a first-class instrument)
All his
Choice collection of pictures
Articles of vertu
Superior glass
China and dinner services, together with a selection of choice wines.
Also, Mr. MORT'S well-known pair of handsome bay carriage horses Doctor and Bijou
A very superior hackney (accustomed to carry a lady)
Carriage and harness, dogcart, saddles, bridles, &c.
⁂ On view by cards only, MONDAY next, 23rd instant.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 17th instant.
To Tailors, Clothiers, and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, THIS DAY, 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,
SC & Co.—
4 cases, containing
Light doeskins
Broadcloths.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Sale of Drapery.
TUESDAY, 17th instant.
To Drapers, Shippers, Storekeepers, and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Summer doeskins
Best broad cloths
Prints
33 and 36 inch greys
Horrocks' long cloth
Twill sheeting
Linen ticks
Scarlet and blue blankets
White and drab moleskin
Print robes
Window hollands
Table linen
Diapers
Cambric handkerchiefs
Damasks
Alpaca coats
Drill trousers
Muslin dresses
Cachmere dresses
Shawls
Pongee handkerchiefs
Neck ties
Collars, sleeves, and habitshirts
Book muslins
Check ditto
Lenos
Lawns, &c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

☞ Usual TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
THIS DAY, Tuesday, 17th instant.
To Hat and Cap Makers.
Linen Caps and Covers
Boys' Caps in great variety.
Rustics, hats
Military caps

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,
LB in diamond—5 cases
Linen cap covers
Linen caps
Men's sorted colored rustics
Boys' velvet caps
Trimmed caps
Boys' fancy Paris hats, trimmed and plain.
Boys' silk and silk velvet Glengarries
Fancy tweed caps
Best cloth caps
Fancy cloth French caps
Military caps, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

☞ TUESDAY'S Usual Drapery Sale.
THIS DAY, 17th instant.
8 Cases Shirtings, just landed, ex Ethereal.
☞ All Swainson, Birley, and Co.'s Manufacture.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, THIS DAY, 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,
SB 1-8—8 cases, containing
36 inch shirtings, Maugh finish
Fine shirtings, Horrock finish.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 20th instant.
To Stationers, Booksellers, and others.
Nine Cases Stationery.
Now landing.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock,
9 cases stationery, just landed, and comprising
5 to 8 quire ledgers, rough calf
Day-books and journals
Cash-books
Account sales books
Foolscap books, half bound
Parchment books, 1 to 6 quire
Copy-books
Scrip memo. books
Foolscap paper
Printing paper
Double foolscap
Brown paper
Coloured demy
D. B. royal small hand
Foreign bank post
Imperial wrapping
Printers' ink
Lithographic varnish.
Terms at sale.

On FRIDAY, 20th instant.
15 cases new and superior Paperhangings, just landed, ex Walter Hood.
To Builders
To Paperhangers
To Decorators and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on FRIDAY, 20th instant, at 11 o'clock,
15 cases paperhangings
Room papers
Ceiling papers.
Just landed, ex Walter Hood, and beautifully assorted.
Terms at sale.

In the Insolvent Estate of ———, Brothers, Morpeth.
By order of the Official Assignee, F. W. Perry, Esq.
Three Cases Cigars.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on FRIDAY, 20th instant, at 11 o'clock,
3 cases cigars, in bond.
Terms, cash.

Preliminary.
Important Sale Fowlingpieces, Muskets, Pistols, Assorted Ironmongery, &c.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY next, 18th instant,
A shipment of first class guns, pistols, ironmongery, &c. &c., full particulars of which will appear in to-morrow's issue.

TUESDAY, 17th instant, at 10 o'clock prompt.
Important Unreserved Sale of choice New Goods just landed in splendid order, comprising
Groceries, assorted
Oilmen's Stores
Provisions
Fruits, and
The first and best assortment of Fish of the season, ex Claramont, Ethereal, and Walter Hood.
At the City Mart, TUESDAY, 17th instant, commencing at 10 o'clock sharp.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday, 17th instant, commencing at 10 o'clock precisely,
The following shipment of new goods just landed ex Claramont, Walter Hood, and Ethereal, comprising
Prime North Wilts and double Gloster cheese
Assorted sauces
Feast's mustards in ½ lb.
Champion's No. 24 vinegar
Prime new Kent hops, 1856 growth
Soft shell almonds
Raisins
Currants
Bottled fruits, assorted
Pint and quart pickles
I. N. E. matches
York hams
Fine Eleme figs
Barrels white herrings
Barrels red ditto
Cases ling fish
Cases cod fish
Red herrings in tins, 2 dozen each
Sardines, quarter and half boxes
1 lb. and 2 lb. salmon
Three bushel bags
Belmont candles in 25 lb. boxes
Lobsters in tins
Oysters in tins, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Important Sale of Revolvers, Pistols, Single and Double Barrel Guns, &c.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, 18th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A choice assortment of revolvers, pistols, &c., comprising
Revolvers, 4 and 6 shot
Ditto ditto, with ramrod and butt
Ditto, 6 barrels
Pistols, with and without bayonets
Ditto, with side belts and hooks
Ornamented pistols, with side cock and secret trigger
Flint pistols
Single and double barrel guns, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Building Sites in Dowling and Judge streets, Woolloomooloo.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 19th of February, at 11 o'clock, for positive sale,
Seven building allotments, situated on the west side of Dowling-street, on the north side of little Woolloomooloo-street, having entrances at the rear from a reserved road. Also,
Eight allotments fronting Judge-street, each having an entrance at the back from the reserved road, separating these allotments from those fronting Dowling-street.
The allotments in Judge-street are well suited as sites for the erection of cottages in a terrace to be occupied by the working classes, while those in Dowling-street are worthy of a class of houses of a more expensive character.
A plan will be on view at the Mart.
An Abstract of the Title may be seen at the Mart.
Terms at sale.

Small Farms on the Punch Bowl Road.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD are instructed to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 19th instant at 11 o'clock,
Six small farms, bounded partly by the Punch Bowl Road, and by lands belonging or granted to Messrs. Bruce, Howell, and Nowland, all of them excepting lot 2 having frontages to a creek which crosses the main road.
Lot 1 comprises 3 acres 0 roods and 30 perches.
Lot 2 contains 3 acres 2 roods and 21 perches.
Lot 3, an improved portion, containing 4 acres 2 roods
Lot 4 contains 4 acres 2 roods.
Lot 5 contains 4 acres.
Lot 6 contains 4 acres 3 roods.
These small farms are well suited for market gardens and orchards, a large portion of them being good land, and a short distance from the Ashfield Railway Station.
Purchasers are invited to visit the spot, judge of the soil, and see the many improvements rapidly progressing in this neighbourhood.
Large plan on view at the mart.
Terms at sale.

Three Cottages in Dowling-street, Camperdown, near the Red Lion Inn; and Three Allotments fronting the Parramatta Road.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 19th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Three cottages built of iron, each two rooms, with kitchen erected of wood, fronting Dowling-street, Camperdown, bounded on the east by Mrs. Gardener's premises, and on the west by Mr. Bell.
The whole has lately been neatly painted and papered inside and made very comfortable residences.
Lots 1, 2, and 3 front the Parramatta Road, forming the best sites for building on in this block, having been reserved for a more expensive style of cottages or for shops. The frontage of each is 17 feet 4 inches by a depth to the other allotments of 89 feet.
A well of water for the use of the six allotments.
A Plan on view at the Mart.
Terms at sale.

CARRINGTON, PORT STEPHENS.
Two spacious Family Residences, in the Town of Carrington, Port Stephens, with about an Acre of Land to each,—are well cultivated, and planted with fruit trees.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD are instructed to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 19th of February instant, at 11 o'clock,
Two very roomy and substantial verandah cottages, situated in the town of Carrington, Port Stephens, now let to a highly respectable tenant. The one containing ten rooms, and the other eight rooms, besides out offices. Water on the premises; with large garden.
The sale of this property will be absolute, in consequence of the immediate departure of the proprietor from the colony.
☞ The auctioneer begs to remind intending purchasers that the A. A. Company's new line of road from New England is now completed to Port Stephens, and that several drays of wool, and other produce, for shipment to this market, have travelled over it this season, and as the present Government, in conjunction with the A. A. Company, have appropriated a large sum of money for the extension and improvement of this road, it is fully expected that in the course of next season vessels will be loaded direct to England from this splendid harbour, second only to Port Jackson. The A. A. Company despatch a vessel twice a month direct to Port Stephens, landing cargo within a few hundred yards of this property as often as required.
Terms at sale.

To Merchants and Bankers.
A large patent Fire-proof Iron Chest, made by Chubb, expressly for the Prince of Wales.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 19th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A very valuable fire-proof safe, of such dimensions as to be inconvenient to remove to the Mart for sale, and may therefore be seen at the offices lately occupied by Captain Ridley, known as Messrs. Korff's, a door or two above Mr. Cleeve's, on the north side of Church-hill.
The safe was made by the celebrated Chubb, of London, expressly for the Prince of Wales, and for a short time was used by him in Buckingham Palace until a larger one was substituted for it.

A First-class Verandah Cottage, at the corner of Elizabeth and Goulburn streets, known as Mrs. Rutledge's, well built and very roomy, having many conveniences for a family, and now let to a very respectable tenant, at £150 per year.
For Positive Sale, by order of the Mortgagee.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on THURSDAY, the 19th day of February instant, at 11 o'clock,
That valuable and roomy verandah cottage, known as Mrs. Rutledge's, at the north-west corner of Elizabeth-street, at its intersection with Goulburn-street, acknowledged to be one of the best cottages in that part of the city. From its proximity to the centre of the town it always insures first-class tenants, and a satisfactory rental.
Terms at sale.

By Order of the Official Assignee.
In the Insolvent Estate of C. J. Tibbey.

BOWDEN and THRELKELD have received instructions from the Official Assignee, J. P. Mackenzie, Esq., to sell by auction, at the residence of the above Insolvent, Murphy's Wharf, bottom of Liverpool-street, on FRIDAY next, the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the stock of furniture, comprising
Tables
Chairs
Couches
Washingstands
Chests of drawers
Kitchen utensils, &c.
Terms, cash.

Important Sale of Drapery Goods.
*** TUESDAY, the 17th instant
Just landed, ex Joshua and Walter Hood.

MURIEL and MILLER have received instructions from the importer, to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 232, George-street, on THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock, precisely,

SA in diamond
32 to 55—twenty-four packages, containing—

70, 80, and 90 white sheetings	Dressed holland
Ditto shirtings	Towelling and table damask
Horrocks' longcloth	Brown navy canvas
Medium shirtings	7-8 and 8-4 wax cloths
Rolled linings	Welch flannels
Ditto jaconetts	Men's white flannel drawers
8-4 grey calico	White and striped guernseys
27, 36 inch ditto	Braces and belts
7-8, 5-4 blue prints	Printed corahs
Ditto fancy ditto	Cambric handkerchiefs

Rough browns
Imitation Welch, and Lancashire flannels
Superior black cloth coats
Ditto ditto trowsers
Boys and youths' fancy doe ditto
Black cashimere and doeskins
Brown and white drill trousers
Shooting coats and hip jackets
Felt hats, Lisle thread
Silk and kid gloves
White cotton hose
Brown half-hose
Grey ditto
Parasols and umbrellas
White counterpanes
Flowers, ribbons, buttons, &c., &c.
Double stitched moleskin trousers.
Terms at sale.

On Account of Whom it may Concern.
More or Less Damaged by Sea Water.
To Drapers and others.

MURIEL and MILLER will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 232, George-street, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,

RB in diamond with S outside—
§ 1 §—One case fancy trimmings and braids
§ 2 §—One case white bonnet ribbons, cloths
Alpacas, mantles
Summer robes, &c., &c.
FG over S—
§ 192 §—One case 40 pieces coloured rolled linings
§ 193 §—One ditto ditto ditto
§ 204 §—One ditto 5-8 cambric handkerchiefs
§ 206 §—One ditto boys', youths', and men's D. and S. E. cotton braces.
All more or less damaged by sea water.
Terms, Cash.

☞ On WEDNESDAY, at 11 o'clock precisely.
First-class Pianofortes, and Tubular Iron Bedsteads, &c.

MURIEL and MILLER will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 232, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 18th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely,

One elegant, new, full compass, 3-string cottage mahogany piano, by Bantz, No. 1007, a really brilliant toned instrument
One ditto ditto ditto, by Barber, 7 octaves, No. 1881, equally brilliant
One ditto, second-hand, by Rond, one of his best make, cost in England 85 guineas; also,
Three cases very superior iron bedsteads—
Solid iron four-post, 6½ by 3½ feet
Tubular bedstead, four-post, blue and gold and green and gold, &c., &c., 6½ by 4½ feet.
Terms at sale.

Important Sale of really Elegant Household Furniture.
Papier Mache-ware, Pier Glasses
Porcelain and Bohemian Ware, Fancy Cabinet-ware
Cabinet Makers' Materials
Upholsterers' Trimmings
Unfinished Work—superior Grained Cedar
Veneerings, &c., &c., &c.
Lease and Goodwill of the Premises, George-street.
To Cabinet Makers, Parties Furnishing, Upholsterers, Shippers, and the Trade Generally.

☞ The above Sale presents an unrivalled opportunity to all classes of buyers, as the whole of the Stock-in-trade is for imperative sale, in consequence of the utter incapacity of the proprietor to give his personal attention to the business, owing to his continued indisposition, occasioned by a recent serious accident.

MURIEL and MILLER have been favoured with instructions from Mr. Henry Woolley, who is retiring entirely from business to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 232, George-street, commencing on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,

The household furniture portion of the stock, will be sold at the show rooms of the auctioneers, for the convenience of purchasers, it comprises
Drawing-room suites of furniture, in walnut, rosewood, and mahogany, covered in rich damasks
Ditto easy chairs, Victoria, Eugenie, priedieu, &c., ditto
Ditto couches and occasional papier mache chairs and tables
Walnut, rosewood, and mahogany circular and oval tables
Ditto ditto music stools and what-nots
Oak, rosewood, walnut, and mahogany devonports and canterburys
Ditto ditto card tables
Elegantly carved and gilt chimney glasses
Ormolu and marquetrie loo and occasional tables
Dining-room furniture consists of
Telescope tables, sideboards, luncheon trays, dumb waiters, mahogany hair-seated and leather covered chairs, sofas, book cases, folding and easy chairs, cheffoniers, &c., &c.
Bedroom furniture consists of
*** One magnificent state bedstead—porcelain—green, white, and gold, the only one imported to the colony
Ward robes, chests of drawes, washstands, marble tops, dressing tables, cane-seated chairs, bidets, commodes, &c., &c., transparent blinds, and towel horses
Also
Three first-class mahogany desks, with patent locks, &c., marble top tables, one inlaid marble loo table with marble pedestal and stem, very elegant, direct from Italy; China and cocoa matting, &c., &c., &c.

The undermentioned will be sold on the premises, George-street, of which the day will be duly specified.
Upholsterers' materials, trimmings, &c., comprise
Silk and silk and worsted damasks, rich chintzes, Swiss embroidered curtains, transparent blinds, trimmings in endless variety, cards of laces, tassels, gimps
Brass cornices, curtain bands, cornice ends, locks, castors, pullies, roller ends, and all descriptions of brass work
Fancy cabinet-ware, consisting of writing desks, dressing cases, work boxes
Superb assortment of porcelain, ormolu, Bohemian glass, and bronze ornaments, ormolu lamps, bracket lamps and moderator ditto, Chinese vases, &c., &c., &c.
☞ The materials comprise cedar boards, scantlings, veneers, colonial rosewood boards, cabinet makers' benches, upholsterers' boards and tressels, grinding stone, spring machine, &c., &c., &c.
Together with an immense variety of articles too numerous for advertisement, but which will all appear in catalogues, in course of preparation.
*** The spring van, horse, and harness will be sold on he premises.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
Superb Household Furniture
Magnificent Grand Pianoforte, by Erard.
Rare Oil Paintings and Engravings
Richly Cut Glass, Plated Ware, &c., &c.
Carriage, Horses, Silver-mounted Harness, &c., &c.
*** Full particulars of this sale will appear in a future advertisement, and in the catalogues, which will be ready for delivery, with cards to view, three days prior to the sale.

MURIEL and MILLER have been favoured with instructions from Augustus Morris, Esq., to sell by public auction, at his residence, Greycliffe, Vaucluse, on THURSDAY, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,

The whole of his truly superb furniture, pianoforte, &c., &c., &c.
☞ The above is, without any single exception, one of the most complete and really chaste lots of furniture we ever offered for sale by public auction.
Full particulars will appear in future advertisements.

White Lead
Red ditto
Paints
Dry Colours
Linseed Oil
Turpentine, &c.

RICHARD PEEK has received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 214, George-street, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,

300 kegs ground white lead
50 ditto best red ditto
80 ditto paints, assorted colours
20 casks dry colours, consisting of
Chromes
Purple brown
Chinese blue
Celestial blue, &c., &c., &c.
120 drums linseed oil
80 ditto turpentine.
Terms at sale.

Herrings.

RICHARD PEEK has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 214, George-street, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,

125 half-barrels Lochfine herrings.
Terms at sale.

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192 Packages of New Goods, now landing, ex Emma, Nourmahal, and Star of Peace.
To Warehousemen, Drapers, Melbourne Buyers, Outfitters, Dealers, and others.
On WEDNESDAY, the 18th, and THURSDAY, the 19th February instant.
Commencing each day at 11 o'clock.

MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions from the importers to to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above days,

192 packages of general drapery goods, now landing, ex Emma, Nourmahal, and Star of Peace.

MANCHESTER GOODS.
72-inch grey sheetings
36-inch ditto ditto
72-inch bleached ditto
36-inch long cloths
Ditto white shirtings
Muslin ditto
Rolled linings
Crinolines
Moles, drab and white
Cotton cords
Hoyle's prints
Rough browns
Dressed hollands
Table damasks
Brown ditto
Towellings
Scotch twill shirtings

STUFF GOODS.
Black and coloured moreens
Coloured coburgs
Ditto alpacas
Black ditto
Ditto lustres
Coloured French twills
Ditto ditto merinos
Figured alpacas
French delaines and cachmeres

WOOLLENS.
Bedford cords
Shepherds' plaids
Fancy doeskins
Black ditto
Black cassimeres
Drab does
Woollen cords
Best black broad
Rifle ditto
Ladies' cloths

BLANKETS AND FLANNELS.
10-4, and 11-4 super witney blankets
12-4 extra super ditto
13-4 borth ditto
10-4 com. mediums
Scarlet blankets
Royal blue ditto
Grey ditto
Railway wrappers

MADE-UP CLOTHING,
(Manufactured expressly for the Colonial Trade.)
Black shooting coats
Ditto oxonians
Ditto frock coats
Drab drawing ditto
American pea ditto
Boys' and youths' ditto
Men's fancy doe trousers
Ditto black ditto
Ditto bedford cord ditto
Ditto wool cord ditto
Boys' and youths' fancy ditto
Ditto black doe
Ditto shooting coats
Gents' cambridge walking coats
Boys' tunics
Ditto circulars
Men's miller's mole trousers
Ditto drab ditto
Boys' and youths' ditto
Scotch twill shirts
White shirts, W. and B.
Regatta ditto
Blue serge shirts
Terms liberal, as usual.

Fancy Goods.
Now Landing.
To Fancy Toy Dealers and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, February the 17th, 1857, at 11 o'clock precisely,

The following goods, now landing:—
Work boxes, assorted
Shoe brushes, in sets
Inlaid card tables
Ditto work boxes
Liqueur stands
Egg stands and cruets
Cake baskets, snuffers and trays
Pierced cruets, pocket knives
Paintings
Envelopes
Account books
Copy and pocket books
Scrubbing brushes, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Microthalamon,
Manufactured by Gregory, of Bond-street.
To Cabinet Makers and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, February 17th, 1857, at 11 o'clock precisely,

The Microthalamon, comprised in one article, 6 x 2 feet 3,
Iron bedstead, bed, bolster, and pillow, forming also couch and chairs, hangings to ditto, quilts, 4 sheets, 3 blankets, washstand, basin and ewer, dressing table, glass, 1 bidet with pan, forming a seat and camp stool, all in a stout case, forming a table and cupboard, 30 inches square. The whole forming a a complete outfit for the bush.
Terms, cash.

Moses and Levy.
Slops.
To Drapers, Storekeepers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY next, February 19th, 1857, at 11 o'clock precisely,

35 packages
Men's superior drab moleskin trousers
Ditto ditto millers' drab ditto
Ditto south cord jackets
Ditto superior white cord trousers
Boys' and youths' drab moleskin ditto, A
Men's D.B. N.S. blue serge shirts
Ditto kersey drawers
Ditto regatta shirts, washed and boxed
Ditto white shirts, ditto
Ditto Scotch twill shirts
American pea coats
Shooting coats and vests
Blue pilot coats
Fancy doe trousers
Black cloth ditto
Ditto shooting coats
Swansdown vests
Satin and satinette ditto
Striped and scarlet guernseys, &c.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY.
Damaged North Wilts Cheese.
On account of whom it may concern.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, ex Wave of Life, slightly damaged by sea water,

12 cases North Wilts cheese, 12 in a case.
Terms, cash.

THIS DAY.
To Grocers and others.
Wax Vestas.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,

2 cases wax vestas, assorted.
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, 17th February.
To Grocers, Storekeepers, and others.
Highly Important Sale of 3035 Bags Fine Mauritius Sugars.
All Fine Yellow Counter Sugars.
The Cargo of the Mumford.
Just arrived from the Mauritius.

PURKIS and LAMBERT have been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Macnamara, Son, and Co., to submit to public competition, at their Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,

The well-selected cargo of Mauritius counter sugars, ex Mumford, as follows:—

	EF&Co.
No. 1.—Standley	500 bags fine amber counter bright grain sugars
No. 2.—Deep River	1000 bags very fine yellow bright grain counter sugars
No. 3.—Dean Manguier	103 bags fine ditto ditto
No. 4.—H. D'Ambrie	445 bags ditto ditto ditto
No. 5.—Belle Rive	127 bags ditto ditto ditto
No. 6.—Hermitage	200 bags ditto ditto ditto
No. 7.—Chazat	400 bags ditto ditto ditto
No. 8.—Cote d'Or	260 bags ditto ditto ditto
Total	3035 bags.

Terms, liberal, at sale.
Sample bags on view, at the Mart, on Monday next.
☞ The auctioneers have much pleasure in calling the attention of the trade, and others to this splendid cargo of sugars, the assortment being the yellow bright sugars now so much in demand.
The importers having been much solicited to sell privately, have determined to submit the whole to competition, in order to suit the convenience of the trade.

To Grocers, Chemists, Ironmongers, and others.
6 Cases Fancy and other Twine
1 Case Fishing Lines
1 Case Whipcord and Chalk Lines
1 Case Web Halters, Head-reins.

PURKIS and LAMBERT have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock,

1 case—
10 dozen fishing lines, each 1, 1½, 2, 4, 6 ounce
10 dozen ditto ditto, each 8, 10, 12, 16 ounce
6 cases, containing
24 dozen middle thread
6 dozen New Zealand ditto
12 dozen tea twine
12 dozen best skin cord
12 dozen 3-best laid cord
24 dozen best sealing twine
6 dozen best white twine
24 dozen pack twine
18 dozen stout laid cord
1 case assorted whipcord and chalk lines
1 case 50 dozen web halters, head-reins.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 20th February.
To Upholsterers, Saddlers, Ironmongers, and others.
Invoice of Peyton and Harlow's
Superior Iron Bedsteads
Children's Iron Cots
Saddle Trees
White Flock
Brown Flock
Chains, Hatchets
Bright Hames
Double-barrelled Guns
Bellows, Scrubbing-brushes
Brass Candlesticks

PURKIS and LAMBERT have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their new Stores, Wynyard-lane, on FRIDAY, the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock,

IRON BEDSTEADS.
Patent solid iron 4-post bedsteads, 6 feet x 3 feet, light green, and cane
Ditto 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft. light green brass vases
Ditto ditto cane and brass vases
Ditto ditto bamboo and brass vases
Ditto ditto, with brass vases and head-rail
Ditto 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft. 6 in. emerald green brass vases, fuschia pattern head-rail
Ditto black brass vases, new scroll pattern head-rail
Tester bedsteads, 6 ft. by 3 ft., 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft., light green cane and bamboo.
Patent taper iron tube half-tester bedsteads, 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft. 6 in., japanned rosewood Emerald Isle
Ditto ditto, ultramarine blue
Ditto ditto, 5 ft., ditto
Ditto ditto, blue and gold, in foot pillars.

CHILDREN'S COTS.
Patent solid iron child's cot, 4 ft. by 2 ft. japanned green, cane
Ditto ditto, 4 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in., ditto
Ditto ditto, with registered safety sides
Child's swing cots, 3 ft. by 1 ft. 9 in. japanned.

SADDLERS' MATERIALS.
Cutback saddle trees, 18 to 19, extra gullet plate, and spring bars
100 lbs. white flock
100 lbs. brown ditto
Cutback saddle trees, 18 to 18½, with exra gullet plate
Chains, hatchets
Bright hames

7 cases double-barrel guns
6 dozen best close-nailed bellows, 10, 11, 12 inch
Scrubbing brushes
Snuffers and trays
Brass candlesticks.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, 23rd and 24th February.
To Furniture Buyers, Furniture Dealers, and others.
Extensive Sale of Elegant Furniture and Effects.
Fine-toned Pianofortes
Elegant Pier Glasses
Massive silver centrepiece
Silver Services
Silver of all kinds
Diamond Jewellery
Drawing-room Suites
Costly Mirrors, Statuettes
Porcelain ornaments
Elegant Carpets, Steel Fenders and Fire Irons
Dining-room Furniture.
The Best House of Furniture in the Colony.

PURKIS and LAMBERT have received instructions from Jacob Marks, Esq., who is proceeding to England, to sell by auction, at his residence, Wynyard-square, on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 23rd and 24th February, at 11 o'clock,

Without reserve,
The furniture, as under—

The HALL comprises,
Marble top tables, rosewood hall chairs
Superb time-piece, by M. M. Cohen
Statuettes, umbrella stand, &c.

THE DINING-ROOM.
Brussels carpet, hearth rug, fender, fire irons
Chimney glass, porcelain ornaments
Handsome bookcase, cheffonier, bookcase top
Elegant pier glass, in gilt frame, 77 x 39
Eight-day clocks, gilt stands
Massive sideboard, colonial make
Horsehair couches, canterbury
Fine-toned cabinet pianoforte, in rosewood case, by Middleton and Copley
Whatnots, occasional tables
Mahogany card tables
Horsehair seated chairs
Dining tables, loo tables, horsehair couches
Cheffoniers, oil paintings, window hangings
Gilt cornices.

PARLOUR.
Elegant mirror, with lights
Rosewood side tables, plate glass backs, marble slabs
Elegant mahogany secretaire
Fine-toned cabinet pianoforte, by Dettman and Son
Statuettes, alabaster figures, vases
Elegant chimney glass, 50 x 40
Mahogany cupboard, plate glass front
Velvet pile carpet hearth rug
Elegant walnut cheffonier, plate glass doors, and back marble slab
Horse-hair lounges, loo table
Rosewood chair, damask covered.

SILVER AND JEWELLERY.
Massive centre piece weighing 400 ounces
Silver tea services
Ditto forks, spoons, dessert forks Queen's pattern
Ditto table, tea spoons, and forks ditto
Elegant plated ware
Diamond bracelets, brooches, rings
Plated ware, all descriptions
China dinner and dessert services
Ditto tea and coffee services
Cut glass decanters, wines, champagne
Custards and jelly glasses.

DRAWING-ROOM.
Elegant chimney glasses, large size
Elegant vases, statuettes, wax fruits and flowers, under shades
Fine steel fenders and fire irons
Rosewood cheffoniers, plate glass backs, marble slabs
Plated centre pieces, with wax fruits, under glass shades and stands
Elegant rosewood suites covered in tabaret
Superb gilt pier tables, marble tops, with large glasses on top
Rich damask window hangings, massive gilt cornices
Rosewood card tables, sofa tables
Rosewood what-nots, pedestals
Velvet pile hearth rugs and carpet
Superb music stool
Fine toned rosewood cabinet pianoforte, 6¾ octaves, by Stoddart
Cut glass chandeliers, 6 and 8 lights
Statuettes, busts, articles of vertu
Ladies' Chinese worktables, card boxes
Papier mache and pearl inlaid occasional tables.

BEDROOMS, comprise
Four-post bedsteads, curtains
Hair mattresses, palliasses
Iron bedsteads, curtains, hair mattresses
Marble-top washstands and toilette glasses
Chests drawers, marble-top toilette tables
Whatnots, sofas
Superior wardrobe, with wings and drawers, &c.
Children's iron bedsteads and cots
Feather beds, pillows, bolsters
Papier mache bedsteads
Gentleman's wardrobe
Loo tables, cane-seated chairs
Carpets, towel horses, &c.

STOREROOM.
Champagne, port, sherry, ale
Bottled fruits, pickles, preserves
Sausage machine, crimping machine.

KITCHEN.
Crockery, glass, saucepans
Tables, chairs, meat safe, and sundries.
☞ Catalogues are in preparation, and the furniture will be on view by Wednesday next, by cards to be had at the Mart.
Terms, cash.

FRIDAY, 20th February.
To Furniture Dealers and others.
Superior Household Furniture
Pianoforte, &c.
At the New Stores, Wynyard-lane.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Stores, Wynyard-lane, on FRIDAY, the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock,

Bookcase
Camphorwood chests drawers
Handsome Wardrobe
Rocking Chair
Marble-top washstands
Dressing tables
Chests drawers, child's cot
Dresser, complete
Kitchen tables
Fine-toned cottage pianoforte.
Terms, cash.

To Grocers and others.
50 Mats Dates
50 Hogsheads Molasses.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 11 o'clock,

50 mats dates
50 hogsheads molasses.
Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, 18th February.
To Builders, Chimney-glass Makers, Shop Fitters, and others.
Superior Lot of Plate Glass.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock,

10 cases plate glass, as under—
1 case, 42 plates, 22 x 21
1 ditto, 22 ditto, 30 x 27
1 ditto, 18 ditto, 38 x 18
1 ditto, 20 ditto, 23 x 23
1 ditto, 20 ditto, 39 x 15
1 ditto, 20 ditto, 42 x 20
1 ditto, 22 ditto, 31 x 15
1 ditto, 14 ditto, 62 x 20
1 ditto, 16 ditto, 92 x 14
The above is best plate glass, and sound.
Also, 4 cases broken ditto.
Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, 18th February.
To Cabinetmakers, Upholsterers, Furniture Dealers, Country Storekeepers, and others.
Invoice of Coloured Sporting Prints
Mahogany Plain, Tray, and Box Dressing Glasses
Mahogany Frame Chimney ditto
Maple and Rosewood Frame ditto
Herring's Farm Yard Scenes.
Just landed, ex Claremont.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 11 o'clock,

Mahogany plain tray glasses, 12 x 9
Ditto ditto ditto, 10 x 8
Ditto ditto ditto, 16 x 12
Ditto ditto ditto, 24 x 14
Ditto box glasses, 2 drawers, 10 x 8
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, 14 x 10
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, 12 x 9
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, 16 x 12
Maple frame chimney glasses, 30 x 18
Mahogany frame ditto ditto, 24 x 14
Maple ditto ditto ditto, 24 x 14
Rosewood ditto ditto ditto, 24 x 14
Maple ditto ditto ditto, 28 x 16
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, 20 x 12.

COLOURED ENGRAVINGS AND SPORTING PRINTS.
16 coloured sporting engravings, in maple frames—
Coursing and Hunting
Race-horses
What's His Age?
Tipperary Hunts
Partridge Shooting
Gamekeeper's Return.
28 coloured engravings, in 2-inch maple and gold frames, Herring's Farm Yards.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

Unavoidably POSTPONED to THURSDAY, February 19
To Parties Furnishing, Furniture Dealers, and others.
Elegant Household Furniture and Effects.
For Unreserved Sale.

PURKIS and LAMBERT have received instructions from a lady about to leave the colony to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 2, University-row, Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo, on THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 o'clock, without the slightest reserve,

The following elegant household furniture:—
Loo tables
Sideboards
Pier glasses
Horsehair sofa
Cheffonier
Chimney glasses
Mahogany and cane-seated chairs
Plated ware, china ornaments, glassware
Elegant velvet-pile carpets
Stair carpets and rods
Marble slab washstand, with white and gold toilet set
Rosewood whatnots
Elegant large size engravings
Window hangings, with brass cornice
Toilet glasses, with marble stands
Superior four-post bedstead and curtains, complete
Bedding, blankets, &c.
Children's bedstead
Crockeryware, kitchen utensils
Casks, tubs, fenders, fireirons, &c.
Terms, cash. No reserve.

ROSE HALL and CURRIE SIDE, BURNETT DISTRICT; together with about 5060 SHEEP and about 1500 HEAD of WELL-BRED CATTLE.
TERMS—Half cash; half one and two years' credit.

MORT and CO. have received instructions from T. L. M. Prior, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 17th February,

That choice cattle and sheep property, situate in the Burnett District, and known as ROSE HALL and CURRIE SIDE.

They are surrounded by the runs of Mr. Pigot (late Farquharson), Mr. Prior's Hawkwood Run, and the station of Mr. C. C. Macdonald, upon all of which the proprietors and their families reside.

These runs are divided by and have a frontage of about 11 MILES to BOTH BANKS of the AUBURN RIVER, which is almost a continuous chain of long reaches of water, many of them a mile in length. The Currie Side Run is also intersected by the COCOA CREEK for about 10 miles.

The GRAZING and FATTENING QUALITIES of these runs are equal to any in the district.

The IMPROVEMENTS consist of two huts, a stockyard capable of holding about 2000 head of cattle, and a horse-paddock, newly enclosed. Also three out-station huts, with yards.

With Rose Hall and Currie Side runs will be sold the following stock:—

SHEEP.
1000 (more or less) ewes, 2½ to 5 years old
800 (more or less) ewes, maiden
550 (more or less) ewes of ages
800 (more or less) wethers
800 (more or less) wethers, 1 to 2 years old
1000 (more or less) weaned lambs
50 rams.
5000 (more or less) sheep.

*** These sheep are particularly well bred, and imported GERMAN RAMS have been used among the flocks for the last 4 or 5 years.

CATTLE.
1500 head (more or less)—A MIXED HERD.
*** These are well known as a really good herd, bred with care, and by a frequent infusion of good blood.

☞ The above is well known to the squatters of the Burnett and surrounding districts as a most compact and valuable pastoral property. This sale affords an excellent opportunity for any one desirous of entering into squatting pursuits, as there can be no doubt that it is much the most economical way to purchase a station ready formed and stocked—to say nothing at all of the loss of time, fatigue, and anxiety of taking up new country. The fact of the surrounding proprietors being old residents is a matter of great consideration to a beginner.

For Positive Sale.
To close a Partnership Account,
In consequence of the Death of one of the Proprietors.
NEW ENGLAND.
The SUGAR-LOAF STATION, with 6227 Sheep, more or less.
TERMS—One-third cash; the residue in 6, 12, and 18 months.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 10th March,

The station so well-known as the SUGAR-LOAF, situate about 20 miles from Armidale, and about 100 miles from the shipping port, Grafton, and bounded by the well-known stations, Aberfoil, Falconer's Plains, and Rockvale.

GRAZING CAPABILITIES—12,000 to 13,000 sheep in all seasons.

It is well watered by creeks never known to fail in the driest seasons.

THE IMPROVEMENTS consist of a superintendent's hut, kitchen and stove, a few out-buildings, such as slaughter-house, dairy, &c.; good and well-stocked garden, planted with choice fruit-trees, and fenced; wool-shed floored, 4 good railed sheepyards, a roofed yard, 2 men's huts and stables, 2 cultivation paddocks, large stockyard, with milking pens, out-station huts, &c.

With the Sugar-Loaf will be sold the following sheep:—
1103 (more or less) wethers, 5 years
2026 ditto ewes, 6 years
1156 ditto hoggets, mixed sexes
1400 ditto wethers and ewes, about equal number
482 ditto lambs
60 ditto rams
6227 (more or less) sheep.

A few head of cattle and horses, working bullocks, drays, and tackle, stores, implements, &c., to be taken at a valuation.

This very eligible pastoral property is situate in a most excellent position in the New England district; and, independent of its properties as a sheep or cattle run, is highly valuable for the right of purchase under pre-emption, being only about 20 miles from the flourishing town of Armidale, and likely to become the centre of a large population; which will, without doubt, supply ready purchasers at high rates. For the rich agricultural and famous wheat lands which abound on this property, and which, under the pre-emptive right before referred to, the purchaser of this run may obtain at the upset price of £1 per acre.

CITY INVESTMENT.
TWO SUBSTANTIAL BRICK HOUSES, CHARLES-STREET, PARRAMATTA-STREET.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 20th February,

TWO CAPITAL DWELLING HOUSES, built of brick on stone foundations, containing each four rooms, with enclosed yards and the usual out-offices, situate on the east side of CHARLES-STREET, PARRAMATTA-STREET, having a frontage to the former street of about 30 feet.

☞ These are two first-rate houses in a valuable locality, and well worthy the attention of small capitalists.
Title, indisputable.
Plan at the Rooms.

MARINE PARADE, VILLAGE OF COOGEE.
Valuable Block of Land, containing One Acre, with small Iron House erected thereon.
Title, Grant from the Crown.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 20th February,

That beautifully situated choice block of land in the TOWN OF COOGEE, being allotments Nos. 1 and 2 of section 6, as per Government plan, containing one acre. The whole of lot 2 is fenced, and on it there is erected a capital iron cottage, containing two rooms.

☞ This fine piece of land is bounded on the south by Whale-street; on the east by Arden-street, dividing it from a GOVERNMENT RESERVE and the COOGEE BAY BEACH; on the north by Bondi-street, dividing it from a Government reserve known as the Marine Parade; and on the south by the gardens attached to the Pioneers' Hotel. There is a BEAUTIFUL STREAM OF FRESH WATER passing through the land. It is in the immediate neighbourhood of the site for the Bishop's residence, Randwick, and the Destitute Children's Asylum. There is a good made road from Sydney within a couple of hundred yards of the property, and it will soon be completed. Altogether this block of land is most favourably situated in this delightful locality, and is admirably adapted for a site for A MARINE RESIDENCE, especially for invalids, or those wishing to enjoy a magnificent view or the advantages of sea bathing.

A plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice:
By order of the Trustees in the ESTATE OF THE LATE HENRY MACE, Esq.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the trustees in the estate of the late Henry Mace, Esq., to announce that the following valuable CITY, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY PROPERTIES will be sold by public auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early date:—

CITY OF SYDNEY.
That large dwelling-house, No. 125, PHILLIP-STREET, opposite St. James' Grammar-school, at present occupied by Mr. Gorman.
Large block of land at the corner of Liverpool and Sussex streets.

BALMAIN.
3 ACRES 1 ROOD 26 PERCHES, close to St. Mary's Church, with frontage to Darling-street, and extending through to Waterview Bay.
*** This land will be subdivided, to meet the wants of all classes of purchasers.

SUBURBS OF SYDNEY.
FIVE ACRES of the Tivoli Estate, adjoining the Point Piper Estate, with frontage to the new South Head Road.
LOTS 29, 31, and 34 of the original subdivision of SMITH'S 470 ACRES grant on COOK'S RIVER, containing altogether about 31 acres.
LOTS 107 and 108 of the original subdivision of the FIVE DOCK ESTATE, containing about 33 acres each.
LOTS Nos. 4, 5, and 6 of the SYDENHAM FARM, COOK'S RIVER.

COUNTRY PROPERTIES.
FIFTY ACRES at LAPSTONE HILL, with the House formerly known as the "OLD PILGRIM INN," with good garden, &c., situated on the Western Road.
☞ Full particulars and day of sale will be advertised in a few days.

In the Insolvent Estate of James Naimby Shuttleworth, of Sydney, solicitor.

MORT and CO. have received instructions from John Morris, Esq., official assignee of the insolvent estate of James Naimby Shuttleworth, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 18th February,

All the estate, right, title, and interest of the official assignee of and in the whole of the assets in this estate, comprising the whole of the insolvent's real and personal property and estate of every description.

Full particulars can be ascertained at the Rooms of MORT and CO., Pitt-street.

POSITIVE SALE.
By order of the Mortgagees.
CHIPPENDALE.
LARGE BLOCK OF CITY PROPERTY in Waterloo, Henrietta, and Chippendale East streets.
TO BE SOLD IN ONE LOT.

MORT and CO. have received peremptory instructions from the mortgagees to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 18th February,

The following valuable city properties, situate in Chippendale:

LOT 1.—Two two-story weatherboard houses, containing each three rooms, erected on an allotment of land having about 19 feet frontage to Henrietta-street, with a depth of about 58 feet extending to Chippendale-street East, to which it has also a frontage of about 19 feet. Yard and well at the rear of these houses.

LOTS 2 and 3.—Six weatherboard cottages: three of which contain two rooms and an attic each; one, three rooms; one, two rooms, attic, and kitchen; and one, two rooms, attic, kitchen, stable, and well. There is also a small wooden cottage at the rear of one of the above. The whole erected on a block of land, adjoining lot 1, having about 58 feet frontage to Waterloo-street, about 64 feet frontage to Henrietta-street, and about 64 feet frontage to Chippendale-street East.

LOT 4.—Four brick-built cottages: three of which contain each verandah and three rooms; and one, three rooms. The whole erected on a block of land next to lots 2 and 3, having about 38 feet frontage to Waterloo-street, and about 64 feet frontage to Henrietta-street.

☞ The above is a most desirable and safe investment. The locality is well-known to be about the most populous in the city, and the premises are of a size to command tenants from a class who are sure always of high wages, and can afford to pay good rents.
A plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

TOWN OF HOMEBUSH,
CLOSE TO THE PARRAMATTA ROAD.
*** The site selected for this promising Town forms a portion of land formerly belonging to Mr. J. H. Potts OPPOSITE THE HOMEBUSH RACECOURSE, and distant about 8½ MILES FROM SYDNEY BY RAIL.

It surrounds a portion of Ten Acres selected by the Railway Company as a site for the RAILWAY STATION, which, when in operation, must give a very large increase in value to all lands at Homebush. It has also the very great additional advantage, through the arrangements of the streets, of being INTERSECTED BY THE ONLY CROSS THOROUGHFARE for a considerable distance between the LIVERPOOL and PARRAMATTA ROADS.

Its proximity to Homebush, our great Metropolitan Racecourse, must add to its importance, as is fully evidenced by the great impetus now being given to horse racing throughout the colony, with a view to the improvement of our breed of horses. The property has been subdivided on a most liberal scale. THE STREETS ARE WIDE, and the allotments vary in size, those WITHIN THE TOWN CONTAINING ABOUT AN ACRE EACH, whilst the SUBURBAN LOTS CONTAIN FROM 3 TO 13 ACRES EACH.

The soil is good, particularly adapted for ORCHARDS, ORANGERIES, and GARDENS, and there is some excellent timber upon the property.

Title, unquestionable, full particulars of which can be ascertained on application to Messrs. LEVY and MICHAEL, solicitors, George-street.

Terms—One-quarter cash, the residue by bills at 6, 12, 18, and 24 months' date, the last three bills bearing 6 per cent. interest; or at the option of the purchaser, half of the purchase money may remain on mortgage for five years at 6 per cent. per annum.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the proprietor to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, 18th February, at 11 o'clock,

TOWN AND COUNTRY LANDS AT HOMEBUSH, about 8½ miles from Sydney by rail, and immediately opposite the HOMEBUSH RACECOURSE, ON THE PARRAMATTA ROAD.

TOWN LANDS.
SECTIONS 1 to 13, contain allotments varying in extent from ½ to 1½ ACRES EACH, with extensive street frontage, and so arranged that by taking a number of consecutive allotments, a block of several acres may be secured.
*** These surround the proposed Railway Station.

SUBURBAN LANDS.
SECTIONS 1 and 2 contain blocks varying from 3 to 13 acres each.

☞ This sale affords an opportunity for PROFITABLE INVESTMENT TO ALL CLASSES of purchasers. Those who may wish to erect handsome country residences for themselves, with all the additional luxuries of orchard, garden, shrubbery, and grass lands, have ample extent here to do so. The mercantile and Government clerk can secure a site for a comfortable house, removed from the smoke and din of the city, and yet within easy access by rail; while the small capitalist has the opportunity of making an investment which, by the mere lapse of time, must so increase in value as to give him a handsome return for his money.

PLAN on view at the Rooms, Pitt-street, where every other information can be obtained

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SHOP AND PREMISES, SOUTH HEAD-ROAD.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 4th March.

All that parcel of land being part of Block 2B of that portion of the Riley Estate known as the Woolloomooloo Estate, having 14 feet, more or less, frontage to the OLD SOUTH HEAD ROAD, between Palmer and Crown streets, with a depth of 80 feet, more or less, extending to a lane at the rear, on which are erected a stone-built SHOP AND DWELLING-HOUSE, presently occupied by Mr. Pearce, butcher.

The premises contain on the ground-floor, shop, parlour, kitchen, and laundry; and on the first-floor, drawing-room, bedroom, opening on to a balcony, commanding a beautiful view of the harbour. The latter floor has a large attic above, lighted by a skylight. At the rear towards the lane there is a three-roomed iron house, lined and papered, and verandah. There is also a good yard and out-offices at the rear.

☞ The above property is situate in one of the best business positions on the South Head Road, where an untenanted house is rarely to be seen.

It adjoins the Corporation Arms on the west, and the premises occupied by Mr. Stock, bootmaker, on the east.
A plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

Parramatta.
To Timber Merchants, Builders, and Contractors.
Also, the special attention of Draymen, Teamsters, and others, is particularly directed to the following.

MR. JOHN TAYLOR has been favoured with instructions from John Purchase, Esq. (who is retiring from business), to sell by auction, adjoining his residence, near the Steamers' Wharf, on TUESDAY, 17th February, 1857, at 11 o'clock,

30,000 feet of hardwood, assorted sizes, from 12 to 27 feet lengths
Quantity of half-inch pine, planed on both sides, and pitch-pine flooring boards, grooved and tongued
Quantity of panel doors, 7 x 3, moulded on both sides, and sashes ready glazed
10 boxes of glass, 14 x 12
2 casks of cement
A lot of cut and rubble stone
60 ironbark piles, 33 to 46 feet lengths and 12 to 18 inches diameter
A quantity of black-butt spars, 53 to 79 feet lengths, and 19 to 24 inches in butt
Iron-bark spars, 51 to 70 feet lengths, 19 to 23 inches in diameter.

HORSES.
4 well-known superior draught horses and harness
2 good saddle or gig horses
1 well-bred filly, unbroken.

DRAYS, CARTS, AND TIMBER CARRIAGES.
2 large drays
1 small ditto
2 large size carts
2 well-finished new spring carts, with patent axles, and were made to order
2 excellent timber carriages (7 feet 6 inches, and 8 feet 6 inch wheels), with chains, &c.

WORKING BULLOCKS.
15 first-rate working bullocks (in excellent condition), with yokes, bows, and chains.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.
Consisting of ploughs, harrows, rollers
1 large hay dray
A quantity of seed barley, bags, &c., &c., &c.

50 ACRES OF LAND.
50 acres of land, situated at Castle Hill, and contiguous to the famous orchards of Messrs. Thomson, Pugston, and Worthing.
N.B.—The above to be sold in lots to suit every class of purchasers.
☞ The Auctioneer would recommend the trade and buyers generally to attend, as the whole must be sold, in consequence of the proprietor intending shortly to proceed to England.

Important Positive and Unreserved Sale, at Mr. Patrick Fennell's, of Macquarie Dale, Appin.
On MONDAY, February 23rd.

MR. T. SHEA has received instructions from Mr. Fennell, who is about to leave his present farm, to proceed to Albury, to sell by public auction, on MONDAY, 23rd February,

The whole of his effects, consisting of brood mares, colts, and fillies, all of a superior breed; a lot of first-class dairy cows, heifers, and steers; a team of 10 working bullocks, with bows, yokes, and chains; one excellent well-bred bull, five years old.

Farming implements, consisting of ploughs, harrows, roller, &c.; a very superior family vehicle, quite new, with a new set of good harness; ten stacks of wheat, the produce of 40 acres, a splendid crop, a clear bright grain, free from rust or smut, and the whole producing about 30 bushels to the acre; a quantity of hay; several tons of straw, tied up in bundles; a quantity of maize; a lot of pigs; kitchen and dairy utensils; the whole of the household furniture.

Also, that splendid stallion "Young England," will be offered for sale. It is needless to say much about this valuable animal, as his pedigree has been fully before the public during the season; he has grown two inches since last August, being now 16 hands 3 inches high. The principal portion of the horse stock are of the cart breed, with a few head of the right sort for the turf.

As there is no doubt but the whole will and must be sold, the good-will of the lease will be sold, which will terminate on the 22nd of April next. The farm contains 1000 acres.

To parties having a large number of stock this is a rare opportunity, as there is abundance of grass and water, and any stock turned on now will come off in good condition, and fit any market. There are several other articles which cannot be classed in this advertisement. There is no doubt but this will be one of the most important sales that has taken place in this neighbourhood for some time.

There are several other persons besides Mr. Fennell who have horses and cattle to dispose of, which will be offered for sale after Mr. Fennell's property is disposed of.

Terms.—Approved endorsed bills of three months will be taken for any sum above £20; under that amount, cash at the fall of the hammer.
Sale at 11 o'clock.
Luncheon will be provided.

Unreserved Sale on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at the Old Farm, Regentsville.
Working Bullock, Horses, Dray, Carts, &c., &c., &c.

CHARLES COTTRELL has been instructed by Mr. Owen Stapleton to sell by auction, at his Residence, known as the Old Farm, Regentsville, near Penrith,

The undermentioned valuable property, viz.,
A team of working bullocks (6), yokes, bows, and chains, draught and saddle horses, milch cows, heifers, and steers, the whole of which are in first-rate condition; also,
(2) two carts, 1 dray, and a variety of other useful and valuable property.
Terms, cash.

Mixed Herd of Cattle.

JOHN B. LAVERACK has received instructions from the trustees of the late Mrs. Catherine Ezzy, to sell by public auction on SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 o'clock, at Mr. W. Blanchard's Hotel, Windsor,

200 head of cattle, more or less.
The above cattle are running at Molly, Namoi River, at which place they will be delivered. They are a portion of the well-known C.E. brand, in capital condition, nearly all being fit for market; and as they must be sold to close the affairs of the estate, parties on the look out for a good speculation are invited to attend the sale.
Terms, liberal.

For Positive Sale, a valuable Farm, containing 93 Acres, being a Portion of the celebrated Erskine Park Estate.

CHARLES COTTRELL has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, on MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., at the Odd Fellows' Arms, St. Mary's, South Creek,

A very desirable farm, containing (93) ninety-three acres, more or less, being a portion of the celebrated Erskine Park Estate, (12) twelve miles from Parramatta, and one mile from the town of St. Mary, on the Great Western Road, having an extensive frontage to the Windsor and Liverpool Road (better known as Marsden's Road).

This valuable farm is surrounded by a thriving and improving agricultural community, advantageously and pleasantly situated, well watered, land fertile, and just the spot that will suit any industrious farmer.
Title unquestionable. Terms at sale.
Further particulars can be obtained on application to the auctioneer, at Penrith.

Postponed in consequence of the inclemency of the weather.
Important Sale of Land near the town of Wollongong.

F. R. COLE is favoured with instructions from J. H. Plunkett, Esq., P.L.C., to sell by auction, at Mr. Elliott's Family Hotel, Wollongong, on WEDNESDAY, February 18th, at 12 o'clock,

The following valuable portions of the Keelogues Estate—

Allotment No.		A.	R.	P.	
Allotment No. 4,	containing	29	1	11	
" 8,	"	36	3	36	about 10 acres cleared
" 12,	"	34	0	24	about ½ acre cleared
" 18,	"	30	1	8	
" 19,	"	28	2	0	
" 20,	"	40	3	32	
" 21,	"	23	1	24	
" 24,	"	29	1	20	

Parties requiring a farm in the "garden of the colony" are requested to inspect these valuable allotments previous to the day of sale. Their proximity to the town of Wollongong points them out as desirable country residences for the numerous merchant princes anxious to escape the turmoil of business life; and the quality of the soil on the other hand shows them to be equally well adapted for agricultural or dairying pursuits.

Intending purchasers can leave Sydney by the steamer on Tuesday night, and return to Sydney on Wednesday evening.

Terms—25 per cent. cash, and the balance at 6, 12, and 81 months, with interest added at 8 per cent.

National Library of Australia
http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1497445

TO THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE CITY OF SYDNEY.—GENTLEMEN,—We, the undersigned citizens residing in Pitt-street and its vicinity, having observed that in the report of the select committee of the Legislative Assembly appointed to enquire into your proceedings as City Commissioners, you are blamed for not having interfered to prevent what is termed in the report in question "unnecessary tunnelling in the sewerage works," and also that such committee, in their report, state that it is their decided opinion that you were unfit for the duties for which you were appointed—think it incumbent upon us, in common justice, to express to you our most decided and firm conviction that upon the two points above mentioned the committee has arrived at conclusions altogether unwarranted by the facts.

As regards the first matter, namely, the alleged unnecessary tunnelling, we, as residents and occupiers of business premises in Pitt-street, feel that, so far from your deserving blame for resorting to tunnelling instead of open cutting, you are entitled to our warmest thanks and gratitude; inasmuch as, if open cuttings had been made in a part of the city where so large an amount of business is transacted, an incalculable loss would have been sustained by us from the stoppage of trade which would have been occasioned thereby. And we further consider that it would have been highly improper and dangerous both to individuals and to house property to have had the sewerage conducted in such populous places by means of open cuttings.

We feel that you acted most judiciously, notwithstanding the extra expense occasioned thereby in resorting to tunnelling instead of open cuttings, and that the loss to the citizens generally by such extra expense is not at all to be compared to what they would have sustained by loss of business, had the course of open cuttings been pursued.

As regards the second point, namely, your alleged unfitness for the performance of your duties, we beg to express to you our conviction in the strongest terms that the conclusion arrived at by that committee is wholly unwarranted. We have come to this conclusion from facts every day palpable to all residents in Sydney—namely, the very great improvements which have taken place in the city in almost all matters coming within your province as City Commissioners during the time you have been in office. We think no impartial person can fail to observe the marked alteration for the better in the city, and the comfort and convenience of the inhabitants that has taken place since the abolition of the late corporation. In conclusion, we beg to convey our firm conviction that the great body of the citizens are highly satisfied with the manner in which you have performed your arduous duties during the time you have been in office, and we sincerely trust that full justice may be accorded you by the Legislature of the colony upon your retirement from office.

Sydney, February, 16th, 1857.

Donaldson, and Co.
J. W. Rush
P. F. Morgan
J. W. and S. Thomson
Thomas Felton
L. Samuel
Farmer, Williams, and Giles
James Thompson, 116, Pitt-street
T. C. Tuting, 120, Pitt-street
John Weight and Co., 102 and 104, Pitt-street
Parry and Halbert, 96, Pitt-street
M. Marks, 82, Pitt-street, clothier
Foss, Son, and Co.
Mort and Co.
James Mort and Co.
Kirchner and Co., Wynyard-street
William Drynan and Co., Pitt-street
Charles Moore and Co.
Levicks and Piper
Want, Roxburgh, and Want
James Husband
W. J. Lennon
G. Allen Mansfield
P. Harnett
George Moore and Co.
John Skinner
S. C. Brown
John Williams
Richard Johnson
John Mackinlay
John Thomas Gannon
Deak and Kerr
Samuel Dean
George Chisholm and Co.
George Nesbitt and Co.
J. W. Wheeler
Ray, Glaister, and Co.
Richard Parr
Kenrick Thompson
Charles Hamilton Nichols
Martyn and Schroder
Wyatt, Brothers
John C. Brandon
Henry Bell
David Mackenzie
Thomas Pearson
Joseph Sly
George Wilkie and Co.
J. S. Norrie
H. D. Cockburn
Henry Israel
John Ball
Mrs. Jolly, Pitt-street
A. C. Prevost, Pitt-street
John Macintosh
John Rutter, P.S.
Joseph Gillam
John Murphy
John W. Tarring
W. G. and A. Moore
William Brady
Beamont and Waller
Frederick Kosten.

Other names will be published in to-morrow's paper.

THE THOMSON PORTRAIT FUND.—SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

	£	s.	d.
Mr. Robert Brooks (first)	5	5	0
Ditto ditto (second)	5	0	0
A. W. Young (first)	5	5	0
Ditto ditto (second)	5	0	0
Robert Campbell (first)	5	5	0
Ditto ditto (second)	5	5	0
G. R. Griffiths	5	5	0
Donald Larnach (first)	5	5	0
Ditto ditto (second)	5	0	0
Messrs. Ray and Glaister	5	5	0
John Gore and Co.	5	5	0
Mr. P. W. Flower	5	5	0
William Walker	5	5	0
Robert Tooth	5	5	0
Edwin Tooth	5	5	0
James N. Smith	5	5	0
W. C. Wentworth (first)	5	5	0
Ditto ditto (second)	5	0	0
Alexander Fotheringham	5	5	0
John Reed (first)	5	0	0
Ditto ditto (second)	5	0	0
Henry Neatby	5	5	0
J. H. Challis	5	0	0
H. Dangar	5	0	0
W. F. De Salis	5	5	0
A. Denison	4	0	0
James S. Walker	3	3	0
G. S. Lyons	3	3	0
William Rutledge	3	3	0
Henry Hughes	3	3	0
G. A. Lloyd	3	3	0
Edward Walker	2	2	0
Thomas Lloyd	2	2	0
Colin Mackenzie	2	2	0
Alexander Young	2	2	0
Joseph Thompson, jun.	2	2	0
Edward B. Wilson	2	2	0
B. S. Lloyd	2	2	0
George Wilkie	2	2	0
Hugh Wallace	2	2	0
Alfred Kennerley	2	2	0
Samuel Lyons	1	1	0
T. S. Townsend	1	1	0
T. Aspinwall	1	1	0
T. E. Bigg	1	1	0
C. S. Vallack	1	0	0
	175	4	0

THE THOMPSON PORTRAIT FUND.

Dr.

		£	s.	d.
1855.				
January 24.	To cash paid for advertising	2	17	0
May 18.	Ditto ditto draft in favour of Messrs. Plowden, Cholomely, and Co., of Rome	62	14	6
1856.				
February 20.	Ditto ditto ditto, ditto, ditto	82	0	0
May 22.	Ditto ditto ditto, ditto, ditto	16	16	7
August 29.	Ditto ditto expenses of case "inwards, per Edin," from Leghorn	10	0	11
	Ditto ditto postages	0	15	0
		£175	4	0

D. LARNACK, Treasurer.

London, 9th December, 1856.

SUBSCRIPTION LISTS on behalf of the Widow and Children of the late Mr. WILLIAM BAKER, of Parramatta-street, Sydney.—WILL be CLOSED at the BANKS and other places, at the end of the week. Those intending to subscribe, will greatly oblige by doing so as soon as convenient.

WILLIAM W. WILKINS.
THOMAS RIDER.

ESTABLISHMENT for YOUNG LADIES, 182, Elizabeth-street, corner of Bathurst-street.—Mrs. BARTON announces her intention of receiving six young ladies, to board and instruct in the usual branches of a polite English education, with French, for 40 and 45 guineas per annum; and she trusts that her endeavours to promote their personal comfort, as well as their intellectual improvement, will obtain the approbation of parents entrusting their daughters to her care. Music and drawing 4 guineas per annum. The quarter commencing on entry. References if required.

SIGHT RELIEVED.—Brazilian pebble and patent panta parascopic spectacles, in gold, silver, and elastic steel frames; eye-glasses, telescopes, opera, race, and regatta glasses. MOSS, 38, Hunter-street.

AT a PRELIMINARY MEETING of the Creditors of Mr. H. W. HAMILTON, of Argyle-street, and Campbell's Wharf. Present—
Mr. JOHN SMITH.
Messrs. BEAMES and KEELE.
BETTRIDGE and HAYDON.
HAWLEY and CO.
PRINCE, BRAY, and OGG.
Mr. A. HAMILTON.

It was resolved by the creditors, and agreed to by Mr. H. W. Hamilton—"That an assignment of all his effects be made to two of his creditors, on behalf of his estate; the trustees to be Mr. John Smith and Mr. Henry Prince."

JOHN SMITH, Attorney for Sinclair, Hamilton, and Co.
PRINCE, BRAY, and OGG.
BEAMES and KEELE.
BETTRIDGE and HAYDON.
HAWLEY and CO.
ALEX. HAMILTON.
H. W. HAMILTON.

Parties having any claims against Mr. H. W. Hamilton are requested to forward the particulars of the same without delay to the Office of Messrs. SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO., Sussex-street, and to attend a Meeting to be held at Mr. HAMILTON'S Office, No. 3, Argyle-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 18th February instant, at noon, to give final directions respecting the assignment.

Sydney, 14th February, 1857.

THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between the undersigned, HENRY KIDD HARPUR, and JOSIAH HARPUR, as wholesale grocers, wine and spirit merchants, 269, George-street, Sydney, under the name and style, or firm, of Harpur, Brothers, is THIS DAY, dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will in future be carried on as usual by the beforementioned Josiah Harpur, in his own name, and who will also receive and pay all accounts due by, or owing to the said firm.

HENRY KIDD HARPUR.
JOSIAH HARPUR.

Witness—CHARLES LESTER.
Sydney, 16th February, 1857.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have THIS DAY dissolved partnership by mutual consent. All accounts due to the firm will be received by JOHN BUNDY.

ALFRED WARRINGTON.
JOHN BUNDY.

February 16, 1857.

THE EYESIGHT.—Spectacles.—A. DE LISSA and CO.'S valuable tinted lenses, entirely superseding every other kind of glasses now in use. They modify the rays of light in their transmission to the eye, keeping it in its required temperature, and thus assist to strengthen and preserve it, at the same time possessing such extraordinary power and brilliancy that the most aged and defective sight is brought to its youthful, natural, and original state.

TO COUNTRY CORRESPONDENTS. A. De Lissa and Co. have daily painful cases come under their notice, where sight has been prematurely lost by the use of bad and unsuitable glasses, imprudently purchased from hawkers and pedlars, and in miscellaneous shops. Persons residing in the country, by sending their age and the number of inches from the eye to the paper they can see to read this advertisement without glasses, can depend on being properly suited, and having spectacles sent (post free) and changed if not suited to the sight. A large assortment of spectacles and folders, in panoptic frames of steel, silver, gold, and tortoiseshell, to suit every sight. A. DE LISSA and CO., opticians, 86, Castlereagh-street, between King and Market streets. At home from 10 till 6.

FOR SALE, Broadcloth, a great assortment, and Black Summer Doeskins, at invoice prices, to close consignments; stearine candles, 400 boxes; very superior single-barrel guns. English needles, and fancy goods. LENDER, MULLER, and CO., King-street, corner of Commercial Wharf.

BOWLER'S LIVERY STABLES, Hunter-street.—Horses, Carriages, Gigs, and Vehicles of every description to be let on hire, bought, and sold.

DRAWING and PAINTING from nature taught by Mr. F. C. TERRY. Apply to Mr. MADER, George-street.

D. BUIST and SON, 19, Bridge-street, Pianoforte-makers. Pianofortes tuned, repaired, or removed.

JOINER and ECKARDT, Tailors, &c., from the House of the late William Joiner, successor to Stone and Holle, have commenced business on the premises, No. 200 George-street.

LAW STATIONER, &c.—EDWARD MYERS, 81, Elizabeth-street North.

MR. J. EMANUEL, Dentist (established in Sydney 1842), No. 183, George-street, near EMPIRE Office.

PIANOFORTES.—Mr. BANKS, Tuner, Repairer, and Regulator, 44, King-street East, near Pitt-street.

PUBLICANS' TRANSFER.—Applications should be lodged by the 23rd. Forms prepared by Mr. DELOHERY, 167, Pitt-street.

NOTICE of REMOVAL.—In consequence of the Lease of the Premises (opposite the Bank of Australasia) having expired, the undersigned begs to inform his friends and the public that on and after this date his business will be conducted at his New Store, 427, George-street South, between Bathurst and Liverpool streets, and begs to solicit a continuance of patronage so long enjoyed. C. F. EDWARDS, wholesale and retail ironmonger, 427, George-street.

TUCKER and CO., 282, George-street, Importers of Foreign Wines and Spirits, nearly opposite the Royal Hotel.

WRITING TAUGHT in 10 lessons by Mr. BRAGG, 263, Sussex-street, near Goulburn-street.

NOTICE.—Mr. MORT, being about to leave in the La Hogue, will be obliged if parties having claims against him will send them in immediately to his office, Pitt-street.

THE undersigned being about to leave the colony per La Hogue, requests that any party having a claim against him, will please present the same for liquidation, at the office of A. and E. A. LEVY, 208, George-street. PHILLIP HART. Sydney, 13th February, 1857.

THE UNDERSIGNED being about to leave the colony, request that all claims against them (business and private) be sent in on or before the 28th of this month, to their office, Jamison-street. ESKELES and LOWREY. February 17th, 1857.

TO DRAPERS.—The undersigned beg to announce themselves as agents for Messrs. SWAINSON, BIRLEY, and CO., of Preston, and that they have received by recent arrivals, a supply of the various numbers of White Shirtings, which they submit for the inspection of the trade. C. R. ROBINSON and CO., Macquarie-place. 23rd January, 1857.

F. H. OSMOND'S BILL of FARE.—
SOUPS—Crecy, Julienne
FISH— • • • •
HOT JOINTS—Roast mutton, roast pork
ENTREES—Mutton cutlets aux concombres
Filets of pork, sauce Robert
Fricassee of chicken au petits pois
Curry of tripe à l'Indienne
Harricot of mutton
Stewed duck and olives.
VEGETABLES—Potatoes, peas, cabbages, &c.
COLD MEATS—Ham, potted game, magnonaise, salad, cheese, &c.
2s. 6d. per head.
OSMOND'S HOTEL, Pitt-street, opposite Willow-tree.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—Lost, in Pitt-street, last Saturday afternoon, a Savings' Bank Voucher; of no use to any but the owner. Payment stopped. Please apply 303, George-street. HAWLEY and CO., 16th February, 1857.

£2 REWARD.—Lost, on the 29th November last, by a family travelling from Sydney to Ulladulla, a large Box, about 3 feet 6 inches long, 2 feet wide, and 18 inches deep, containing wearing apparel, photographic portraits, &c. The box was covered with oilcloth table-cover, and enclosed in canvas. Also a large Hamper Basket, containing shoes, &c. Both these articles are supposed to have been left on board the William IV. steamer. The above reward will be paid to any person giving such information as will lead to the recovery of the property. Apply J. D., Post Office, Ulladulla.

£3 REWARD will be paid to any one who will give information as to the whereabouts of HENRICH DORNITGEN, a German baker. Persons harbouring him will be prosecuted. Apply, KURT and SHADLER, bakers, 5, Hunter-street.

£5 REWARD.—Lost, from the Big Hill, near Mudgee, about the 10th of January last, one Black Mare—two white hind feet, small blaze down face, branded on the near rib J.D., and J.I. on the off shoulder, and Y on the off rib. The above reward will be paid to any person delivering said mare to Mr. THOMAS CADELL, of the Big Hill, near Mudgee, or to the undersigned, at Emu Plains. The above mare was bred at Wiseman's, near Maitland. JOHN INNESS.

£10 REWARD.—Stolen or Strayed, from the paddock, at Coolong, on the 8th instant, a black horse, about 16 hands high, branded GI on the near shoulder, a large lump on off cheek, and a switch tail which he carries a little on one side. £1 reward will be paid for the recovery of the horse, if strayed; or, if stolen, £10 on conviction of the thief. Apply to E. L. MOORE, Raby. February 13th, 1857.

£50 REWARD.—Stolen, from Mr. Collie's paddock, Grafton, Clarence River, in May last, the five following horses:—
Bay mare, star, 7 years old, D near shoulder, shield back near side, 209 off side neck
Grey horse, star, off hind coronet white, FB near side back, 16 hands high
Dark bay horse, star, 6 years old, FB back
Dark bay horse, few white hairs on forehead, FB back
Bright bay horse, large star, off hind leg white, 5 years old, branded By near and 96 on off shoulder.
Any one giving such information as may lead to the conviction of the thief, will receive the above reward.
FREDERICK BUNDOC.
Gordon Brook, December 31st, 1856.

POLKA MAZURKA, The Nice! Just published; price 2s. 6d., post free. MOSS, 38, Hunter-street.

£1 REWARD.—LOST from near the Toll-bar, Paddington, three weeks ago, a brown Terrier Bitch, blind in one eye, one of the hind toes broken. Any one bringing her to Toll-bar, Paddington, will receive the above reward.

CANARY BIRD.—Lost on SUNDAY EVENING, from the window of the London Tavern, a splendid Black and Yellow Canary. Any one having caught the same will be rewarded by taking it to Mr. HATCH, London Tavern.

LOST, on Sunday Evening last, a small light brown rough Terrier Bitch, answers to the name of Todles. Whoever will return the same to Mr. JOSEPH BRADY, Sydney Railway Station, shall be rewarded.

LOST, on Sunday morning, about 10 o'clock, a small white and brown Spaniel Pup. Answers to the name of "Topsy." Any person returning the same to Mrs. PURKIS, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo, will be rewarded for the trouble.

LOST, an Amethyst Brooch, set in fine gold, on SUNDAY MORNING, between Pine Cottage and St. James' Church. Any person bringing the same to Pine Cottage, No. 2, William-street, will be rewarded.

LOST, a small wire-haired Brindle Terrier Bitch, between Liverpool and Park streets. Anybody finding the same, and returning it to Mr. HARRIS, Crown Inn, Chippendale, will be rewarded.

MONEY LOST.—A roll of Bank Notes, about £20, was lost yesterday between Sloman and Tomlins' shop in George-street, and Foss' shop in Pitt-street. Whoever may have found it, and will return it to Mr. COUTIN'S, in King-street, will receive £5 as a reward.

NOTICE.—The following Strayed Horses are now running at Heathfield, George's River: One light grey gelding branded on the near side under the saddle ML conjoined, on the off side 9 over 12. Two brown fillies, small, white star on the foreheads, one branded on the near shoulder A, the other on the off shoulder with the same letter or mark. The owner can have them by paying the expenses. W. WARD.

NOTICE.—Whereas Two Horses, of the undermentioned description, have been for the space of fifteen months trespassing on my enclosures and cultivated lands, at Colo, I hereby give notice that if the above horses are not claimed, and charges paid, within thirty days from this date, they will be driven to the Wilberforce Pound, and sold, to defray expenses of trespass, damages and driving, advertising, &c., &c. Description: One Bay Horse, small star in the forehead, black points, long tail and mane, branded on near shoulder JT; Grey Mare, long tail and mane, branded on near shoulder like WH conjoined over 3, or WH over 3, mark of saddle girth under belly. WILLIAM BURGESS. Tweeddale, Colo River, 13th February, 1857. County of Cook.

THE PUBLIC are hereby cautioned against giving any person whomsoever credit on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority. ROBERT THOMPSON, 427, George-street. Sydney, 14th February, 1857.

IF GEORGE JENKINS does not remove his boxes, from No. 1, Greville-place, Balmain, they will be sold to clear expenses.

£2200 TO BE LENT, in not less than two sums—say of £1200 and £1000—on Sydney property only; also £500, on good security. Apply to M. CONSETT STEPHEN, solicitor, 56, Elizabeth-st.

TO LEND, £8200, &c., on real property, in or near Sydney; two sums of £2000, in amounts not less than £500; £1800 in one sum, or in equal amounts of £900 or £600; £1000 in amounts not less than £500; £1200 in one sum, or in two or three equal amounts; £200 in one sum; and a variety of other sums from £100 to £1000—all at moderate interest. Apply to Messrs. STENHOUSE and HARDY, solicitors, 19, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

W. PRITCHARD, of the Union Wharf, begs to inform shippers, settlers and others, that at the request of several gentlemen, he has commenced the auctioneering business in connection with his commission agency; and W. P. assures those who may entrust him with their favours, quick returns and every satisfaction.

NOTICE.—LORKING and CO. beg respectfully to inform the public that, in consequence of the termination of the lease of their premises, they have determined to sell off the whole of their splendid stock of jewellery, watches, electro-plated and silver goods, &c., at a very great reduction off the English invoice price. The superior class of goods always imported by this establishment is so well known that comment is unnecessary. 165, George-street.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—Household Furniture, Iron Bedsteads, Pianofortes, &c., &c.—Mr. Henry Woolley's elegant and superior stock of household furniture, iron bedsteads, pianofortes, pier and chimney glasses, &c., &c., is now ready for inspection at the Show Rooms of the undersigned, No. 232, George-street, where catalogues can be procured.

MURIEL and MILLER, auctioneers.

ILLUSTRATED NEWS, and PUNCH, for December. W. R. PIDDINGTON, importer.

LITTLE DORRITT, No 13; Army List, Fraser's and Blackwood's Magazines—December. W. R. PIDDINGTON, importer.

FASHIONS for December; Dorritt, No. 13; Dred, a cheap edition. THIS MORNING, at MOFFITTS.

LEISURE HOUR, Family Friend, Sunday at Home, Family Economist—new vols. of—at MOFFITT'S.

A BOOKSELLER'S ASSISTANT wanted, at MOFFITT'S.

ILLUSTRATED NEWS, and Punch; new volumes of Parlour Library, and Verdant Green, at MOFFITT'S.

MAGAZINES, for DECEMBER.—
Illustrated London News
Illustrated Times
London Journal
Family Herald
Reynolds' Miscellany
Punch
Art Journal
Blackwood's Magazine
Builder
Ladies' and Gent's Fashions
Punch's Pocket-Book, 1857
Volumes of the London Journal, Family Herald, Reynolds' Miscellany, Illustrated London News, Illustrated Times, and Household Words
JAMES FRYER, 322, George-street, near Market-st.

NEW BOOKS, Music, and Magazines, per Royal Mail European.—Illustrated London News to December 4; Illustrated Times, 1s. 6d.; Magazines of Fashion, Punch, National Magazine, (Part 2); Leisure Hour, and Sunday at Home, for 1856. SMITH and GARDINER, Pitt-street.

CONGREGATIONAL HYMN BOOKS, Memoirs of Adelaide Newton, Macfarlane's Mountains of the Bible, Solace in Sickness and Sorrow, The Interview, Real Happiness, Grimm's Household Stories (200 engravings), Shilling's Worth of Practical Receipts, Dr. Smith's History of Greece, &c., &c. SMITH and GARDINER.

PRESENTS FOR CHILDREN, neatly bound, and profusely illustrated; Gleig's Series of M'Leod's Grammar, Astronomy, Algebra, Euclid, Arithmetic, Geography of the British Isles, and General Geography; Heymer's Trigonometry and Conic Sections, Wood's Algebra, &c., &c. SMITH and GARDINER, 95, Pitt-street.

THOUSANDS of Beautiful Valentines to select from, at Number Forty-six, South Head Road.

PIANOFORTES.—WILLIAM KING invites the attention of the public generally to his very superior stock of instruments, always on hand, direct from the manufactory of John Broadwood and Sons. Pianofortes tuned and repaired. Music and Pianoforte Warehouse, 89, George-street.

GENERAL ALTERATIONS of the Houses, Constructions, and Decorations, by L. SACLIER, 53, Pitt-street, near King-street. Particular attention paid to country orders.

PAPERHANGINGS.—English and French Paperhangings. Depot, L. SACLIER, 53, Pitt-street.

PAPERHANGINGS.—50 per cent. reduction on the former prices.
10,000 pieces, new patterns, at 1s. the piece
15,000 ditto, ditto, at 1s. 6d. ditto
25,000 ditto, ditto, at 2s. ditto
17,000 ditto, ditto, at 2s. 6d. ditto
20,000 ditto, ditto, rich from, 3s. to 4s.
Large discount for the trade.
L. SACLIER, 53, Pitt-street, near King-street.

CROCHET BABY'S COT COVER for SALE. Crochet and Berlin wool work, and best description of plain sewing, executed for private families. Address W., HERALD Office.

FORD, THOMPSON, SYMONDS, and CO., George and Barrack streets, general outfitters. On hand and ready for immediate use
Gents' white shirts
Ditto regatta ditto
Ditto flannel ditto
Ditto ditto jackets
Ditto underclothing in lambs wool, merino, flannel, and elastic cotton.

A large selection of superior ready-made clothing, both in light and warm materials specially adapted for a sea voyage. Ladies' and children's underclothing, morning wrappers, sea cloaks, &c. Three-fold expanding overland solid leather portmanteaus, chests of drawers specially adapted for ships' cabins, with or without secretaire. The whole of these goods are marked at the lowest remunerating prices. N.B.—Ships cabin fitted up.

GENERAL DRAPERY and Family Linen Establishment, 212, George-street. J. TAIT and CO., 212, George-street.

DRAPERY.—Every article suitable for town and country, at the lowest prices. J. TAIT and CO., 212, George-street.

DRAB HATS, very cheap, ladies' and girls'. G. C. TUTING, 118 and 120, Pitt-st. Beverley House.

BROWN HATS, very cheap, ladies' and girls'. 118 and 120, Pitt-street. G. C. TUTING.

DRAB HATS, very cheap, ladies' and girls'. G. C. TUTING, 118 and 120, Pitt-street.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, 266, George-street, late Stone and Holle's. JOHN C. HOPKINS begs to inform his patrons that he has just opened his consignment of new goods, ex Walter Hood.

1000 PAIRS French Coutille Stays, in boxes, 4s. 11d. per pair. 1½ yard wide Carpeting, 2s. 6d. per yard. GEORGE MOORE and CO., the Hall, 89 and 91, Pitt-street.

OPENED, THIS MORNING, three Cases of Ladies' full-trimmed Hats. GEORGE MOORE and CO., 89 and 91, Pitt-street.

SELLING OFF, SELLING OFF, SELLING OFF.—MORRIS JACOBS and CO., of the renowned Cosmopolian, 60, King-street, beg to offer the whole of their surplus stock, to make room for fresh arrivals, ex Star of Peace.

Our list of prices which can be had—
The fancy doe shooting coat, 10s. 6d.; worth 15s.
The fancy tweed shooting coats, 8s. 6d.; worth 12s. 6d.
The coloured alpaca coat, 5s. 6d.; worth 7s. 6d.
The black alpaca sac, 6s.; worth 10s. 6d.
The fancy doe trousers, 10s. 6d.; worth 16s.
The fancy tweed trousers, 8s. 6d; worth 12s. 6d.
The white, brown, or fancy drill trousers, 6s.; worth 10s.
Miller's mole trousers, double stitched, 5s. 6d.; worth 7s. 6d.
20,000 of every description of vests, from 3s. 6d.
Boys' clothing equally cheap.
N.B.—Bona fide sale for one month only.
MORRIS JACOBS and CO., general outfitters, 60, King-street.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—A fresh and rare assortment of Artificial Flowers at HOBSON and WHITING'S.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—Wreathes and bouquets for looping dresses, to match, from Paris direct. HOBSON and WHITING'S.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—Leaves, rose, geranium, ivy and fern, and a variety of grasses, at HOBSON and WHITING'S.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—White glace silk, invoice price per dress, at HOBSON and WHITING'S.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—Ex Star of Peace, two cases Gloves, all colours and sizes. HOBSON and WHITING.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—Bassinettes, 12s. 6d. Infant's baskets, 3s. HOBSON and WHITING.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—The matchless Army and Navy Hair Dye, a fresh supply. HOBSON and WHITING.

AT LA VILLE DE PARIS, 195, George-street!! The greatest bargains of the season ever offered!

FRENCH Flounced Muslin Robes! clearing out, at 10s. 6d. the full dress! actual cost in Paris, 25 francs.

BEST French Delaines, small patterns, clearing out at one shilling a yard. At La Ville de Paris.

BEST French Kid Gloves! ladies' and gentlemen's! no advance in prices! at La Ville de Paris.

RICE Straw Bonnets!!! Rice Straw Bonnets!—Two cases autumn shapes, at La Ville de Paris.

DRAB Straw Hats! Drab Straw Hats! ex Catherine Adamson, just opened at La Ville de Paris.

BEST French Kid Gloves!!! slightly spotted!!—One case clearing out, a decided bargain, at La Ville de Paris.

MAISON FRANÇAISE, 43, Pitt-street North.—Clearing out during Three Weeks.—Madame DE LOLLE has the honour to inform the ladies of Sydney and its vicinity, on account of large alterations in her house, she is selling her stock at a great reduction of price, viz., French bonnets and flowers, dresses, corsets, mantles.

NO MORE RHEUMATISM.—The Pans lippic Lotion—This invaluable specific, after many years success in England, in the cure of acute rheumatism, nervous headache, lumba, sciatica, and affections of a neuralegic character, has been tried in Australia with a like success. Testimonials of its efficacy have been received, and it is now recommended for trial to the public with confidence. In bottles, 7s. 6d. and 10s. each. E PORTER, dispensing chemist, Laboratory, 149, George-street.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Thousands, who live by the sweat of their brows, in all parts of the world, rely upon this great remedy as the best protection against the disorders of the stomach, liver, and bowels, so prevalent in most climates during the spring and fall. In our crowded cities and encampments in the bush, and throughout the Southern Diggings, they are equally indispensable; for wherever internal disease exists, either in an endemic or epidemic form, they are taken by the cautious as a preventive, and by the sick as a means of cure. Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand (near Temple Bar), London, and 80, Maiden-lane, New York; also, by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicines throughout the civilised world; and in all parts of Australia at the following prices:—1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. each pot. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

RATS, Rats, Rats.—The "Wiltshire Composition," of European celebrity, for the certain destruction of Rats and Mice. Sold in packets, 2s., 3s. 6d., and 6s., with full directions, by the following druggists:—Mr. Abraham, George-street; Mr. Pinhey, Parramatta-street; Mr. Sloper, Woolloomooloo; and Mr. Jenkins, Chippendale.

EX NOURMAHAL and WALTER HOOD,—
Chain cables, from ⅜ to 1 inch, tested
Sodawater bottles, in hogsheads
Roman cement, Nine Elms, "warranted"
Window glass, from 10 x 8 to 24 x 18
Galvanised iron, wire, buckets, and tubs
Ewbank's and spike nails, 5, 6, 7 inch, hurdle nails
White and coloured cotton waste
Boiled and raw oil, and turps, in 5 gallon drums
Horsehair, black curled
Painters' and whitewash brushes, rope mats
Floorcloth, newest patterns
Invoices men's, women's, and children's boots and shoes
Seaming and roping twine; rope, 2½ to 4 inch
Tumblers (1-5th quart) pressed and cut
Bottled ale and porter (Evans), a new parcel
Carraway seeds, oilmen's stores
Invoice of carriages, from Parsons', Long-acre
Paperhangings of the newest patterns
Christy's merino hats, and felt canadians, drab and fawn
White and red lead, litharge, paints
Bottling wire, corks, tartaric acid
Account books, stationery, wrapping paper
Castor oil, half-pints; Barcelona nuts, &c.
Bottled fruits, Hill and Ledger's; salad oils, pints and halves
Champagne, in 1 dozen cases
Pianos, in walnut wood, by Stodart and Co.
L. and S. SPYER and CO., Wynyard-square.

A PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS for SALE, with chemicals, &c., complete. For further particulars, address G. F., HERALD Office.

PHOTOGRAPHERS supplied with Cases, Lockets, Chemicals, &c., by THOS. PALMER, 17, Bridge-st.

STEREOSCOPIC SLIDES.—The undersigned have received, per European, an invoice of Stereoscopic Slides, from the leading London photographic artists, comprising an immense variety of new subjects in
Comic sketches
Domestic groups
Views of England and the Channel Islands
Coloured groups, &c., &c.
GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO.
Counting-house, 213, George-street, February 17, 1857.

LIVERPOOL SOAP, of different qualities, ON SALE. Apply to BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street

TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.—In quarts, pints, and half-pints, by the case. JAMES DEAN, Macquarie-place.

STEAM ENGINES and FLOUR MILL MACHINERY, &c.—
One each, 14 and 16 h.p., horizontal steam engine, made by Hawthorne and Co.
Two 4 h.p., horizontal steam engines
Three 4 h.p., vertical direct acting ditto
Two of Clayton and Shuttleworth's, patent portable flour mills complete, with dressing machines, admirably adapted for large farms, or country districts where the demand for flour is limited.
P. N. RUSSELL and CO., Sydney Foundry.
N.B.—Steam engines, flour and saw mill machinery, always on hand, or made to order.

GARDEN ROLLERS, and Water Fountains, Garden Sofas and Tables, with marble tops, Hat and Uumbrella Stands, &c., &c. A neat assortment of the above, just received. P. N. RUSSELL and CO., Sydney Foundry.

WEIGHING MACHINES, SCALES, &c.—ON SALE, weighing machines, 8 to 30 cwt., steelyard counter scales, with porcelain plates; round copper scales, and tin scoops; standard weights and measures of every size and description to order. P. N. RUSSELL and CO.

DERICK CRANE.—Wanted a Crane, capable of lifting from 3 to 5 tons. P. N. RUSSELL and CO., Sydney Foundary.

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED,—
Two 4 horse-power thrashing machines, and
Two patent combined corn mills, by the celebrated makers Ransome and Sims
Two screw wool presses, complete
Two vertical saw frames, to take a 3-feet log
Two circular saw mill benches
One vertical sawing machine
One pair 4-inch pumps, with horse mill gear
Patent dressing and smutting machines
3-feet and 3-feet 6-inch French burr mill stones
Steam engines and flour mills, of every description.
P. N. RUSSELL and CO., Sydney Foundry.

FOR SALE, about 100 squares of prepared Stone Flagging, 100,000 Bricks, and Hardwood Joists, 9 x 3 and 6 x 2½, 15 to 30 feet long. Apply to THOMAS PELLOW, Rawack's Stores, Pitt-street, next to W. Dean and Co.

ENGLISH COALS.—A small parcel FOR SALE. Apply to H. T. WILSON and CO., Margaret-street.

WINDOW GLASS, all sizes, very cheap, from 10 x 8 to 44 x 36, at RAPHAEL'S, Lower George-street.

LEAD PIPE, ¾ inch, 60 feet lengths, and ½ inch, cheap, at RAPHAEL'S, Lower George-street.

IRISH BUTTER, best quality, and North Wilts Cheese, now landing, at RAPHAEL'S, Lower George-street.

TO BUILDERS.—For SALE, the following Building Materials:—
Timber—red deals, 3 x 8½ to 3 x 11, uncut
Slates—countess, 20 x 10; broad ladies, 16 x 10
Bricks—best blue Welsh, sorted fire bricks.
Per Emma. Samples may be seen at Willis, Merry, and Co.'s Wharf, Fort-street. For further particulars apply to H. T. WILSON and CO., Margaret-street.

2000 DOORS, Glazed Windows, Glass Doors, and French Sashes, ex Robert Treat and Eli Whitney. Also, broad shelving, and G. and T. flooring; delivered very cheap. GOODLET and CO., Victoria Saw Mills, foot of Erskine-street.

WEATHERBOARD HOUSES.—Hardwood delivered for the above at a very low figure. Slates, deal battens, and galvanised ridging remarkably cheap. GOODLET and CO., Victoria Saw Mills, 22, Erskine-st.

35,000 BALTIC DEALS, solid and cut. Victoria Saw Mills, 22, Erskine-street.

15,000 SLATES (best Bangor). Deal Battens, &c., reduced in price. GOODLET and CO., 22, Erskine-street.

50,000 FEET Hardwood, and G. and T. Flooring, delivered very cheap. Victoria Saw Mills, 22, Erskine-street.

THE UNDERSIGNED have for SALE, at their Stores, an Invoice of Lead Piping, of the following sizes:
14 rolls lead piping, ½
28 ditto ditto ditto, ¾
14 ditto ditto ditto, ⅝
19 ditto ditto ditto, ¾
16 ditto ditto ditto, 1
11 ditto ditto ditto, 1¼
13 ditto ditto ditto, 1½
7 ditto ditto ditto, 1¾
15 ditto ditto ditto, 2.
HOW, WALKER and CO., Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, one pair of splendid Kangaroo Pups, also one pair of setter pups. Apply to THOMAL GALVIN, near the Cemetery, Newtown.

ON SALE by the Undersigned.—25 barrels prime Hambro' Beef. STERN, BAAR, and FRANC, Wynyard-street.

PANBULA, TWOFOLD BAY.—For SALE, 1000 Head Store Cattle, two years old and unwards, the cattle of the breed of the well-known Twofold Bay Herds. They are now running at Big Jack's Station, and be delivered at any part of Maneroo. Apply to M. W. HIBBARD, Panbula.

RAMS FOR SALE, at Loowee Stations, Ryalstone. These sheep are the produce of pure imported Saxons, and the wool at the last November sales in London brought as high as 2s. 6½d. per lb., giving an average on the whole of 2s. 3½d. per lb. Apply to Messrs. W. WALKER and CO., George-street, Sydney; or Mr. THOMAS MACLAREN, Lowee Stations, Ryalstone.

A GOOD INVESTMENT at KIAMA or JAMBEROO.—The undersigned being inclined, on account of his failing health to confine his business either to Kiama or Jamberoo, will be happy to treat privately, on liberal terms, with suitable parties, for one or the other of his business premises, together with the business, at present a lucrative one, and if required, a part or the whole of his well-selected stock-in-trade, consisting of every article required for a country general store, both stores are long established, doing a good trade, and are situated in highly prosperous localities, in connection with the Jamberoo store is the Post Office, and the regular steam communication now established between Kiama and Sydney has greatly improved the business at Kiama. Particulars may be ascertained on application either to the undersigned, or to Mr. THOMAS ALLEN, commission agent, King-street West, Sydney.

JOHN ALLEN.

Kiama, February 13, 1857.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT.—For SALE, one of the most delightful residences on the Newtown and Cook's River Road, and now let for £102 per annum. For price, and cards to view, apply to G. A. DAVIS, Newtown Toll-gate.

FOR POSITIVE SALE, capital Brick and Stone Houses, with slated roofs, on the Bligh Estate, near the Newtown Road and Railway Station, all let to highly respectable tenants. Will be sold a bargain for cash. Apply to W. M. CLARK, Esq., Wentworth-place; or to JAMES GODBOLT, Newtown Road. N.B.—These houses are recently built under the superintendence of an architect, and are insured in the Imperial Fire Office.

BURGIS and BOWES have for SALE and to LET, the following Properties:—

LOT 207.—AVOCA—EXCELLENT DAIRY FARM, 640 acres splendid land, garden, orchard, &c., &c. Steam communication; an excellent speculation. Stock and implements at a valuation. Rent, £70 per annum.

LOT 206.—VALUABLE FARM, at PICTON, partly cleared. Hut containing four rooms. The quality of the land cannot be surpassed. Partly fenced in. For the whole 151 acres, £750.

LOT 205.—BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, in the heart of LIVERPOOL, facing the main street, 300 feet. Will be sold a bargain, to settle a partnership account. Price, £ .

LOT 204.—SEVEN YEARS' LEASE WITHOUT RENT. Farm at Illawarra, near Appin, on a clearing and improving lease. Capable of producing the best crops of grain, &c., and a steady market guaranteed. From 50 to 200 acres each farm.

LOT 203.—SLAB COTTAGE, of four rooms, at CANTERBURY, three-quarters of an acre of garden, all fenced and paled in. All the rooms are lined and papered, and a good stove is in the kitchen. Also, two-stall stable, fowl-house and piggery. Price, £200.

LOT 202.—13 VALUABLE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS at BURWOOD, each 20 feet frontage to Rowley-street, and 100 feet back. Price 10s. per foot.

LOT 192.—BLOCK of 5 HOUSES at REDFERN, well and faithfully built: 2 houses contain 5 rooms and kitchen; well of water; papered and painted; 3 verandah cottages, 3 rooms each and kitchen, plastered and papered throughout; now let to respectable tenants. Price for the lot, £2500.

LOT 192½.—HOUSE and GROUND TO LET, at Erskineville-lane, Newtown, containing 6 rooms; outoffices, well of water, garden, and paddock, all enclosed. Rent, £130 per annum.

LOT 491.—FREEHOLD OF COTTAGE and HOUSE, in Pitt-street, REDFERN. The cottage is on stone foundation, contains 5 rooms and kitchen, and servants' rooms, water, coach-house, stable, and every convenience. The house has 6 rooms and kitchen, coach-house, stable, water, &c., &c. Price, the lot, £3500.

LOT 189.—TWO COTTAGES at BURWOOD, close to Station, three frontages, and tolerably cleared; one house let for a year, the other not quite finished. Price, £750.

MERCANTILE OFFICES in George-street.
SPACIOUS STORES in Harrington-street.
Land and Estate Agency Office, 284, George-street.

A COMMODIOUS FAMILY RESIDENCE to LET, in a delightful situation, at the junction of the Point Piper and Edgecliffe Roads, overlooking Darling Point and Double Bay. It contains on the ground floor—large hall; two drawing rooms, with folding doors, 37 x 14; dining-room, 22 x 15, and library, 14 x 14; the whole opening on to a stone verandah, 8 feet wide, and 110 feet long; also, a china closet and water-closet with cistern over containing 1400 gallons of water. On the first floor are six bedrooms and dressing-room; and attached to the house are kitchen, laundry, butler's pantry, larder, and three bedrooms over. The grounds have been laid out, and the trees and shrubs are planted. There is also a good coachhouse, 3-stall stable, with loft and man's room over. These premises having been erected under the immediate superintendence of the proprietor, are finished in a superior manner, and are fit for the immediate occupation of any respectable family. Application to be made on the premises; or to Mr. NOTT, at Richmond Cottage, adjoining.

ARGYLE STORES, Goulburn.—To LET, the above and well-known old-established and extensive store, with dwelling-house, &c., attached to the same, and will be let at a low rent, for a term of years, as may be agreed on. For particulars apply to Mr. M. MOSS, Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, a Cottage containing four rooms; also, a Butchers' Shop and Stable, within five minutes' walk of the railway station, and opposite the Post Office. Enquire of Mr. THOMAS HODGIN.

APARTMENTS, FURNISHED.—Apply Mr. SMITH chemist, No. 1, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

APARTMENTS TO LET.—Furnished Sitting and Bed Room, with use of Kitchen; 25s. per week; no other lodgers. Omnibuses pass every five minutes. Address at MADER'S, stationer, George-street, near Hunter-street.

A SUITE of superior Apartments, with private board. Mr. LANNOY, 3, College-buildings, Jamison-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, Bedford House, Elizabeth-st. South. Mrs. SIMPSON'S. Stabling if required.

BOARD and RESIDENCE.—Mrs. SIMPSON'S, Bedford House, 208, Elizabeth-street South. Stabling if required.

BOARD and RESIDENCE at E. HELDEN'S, Forth and Clyde, corner of George and Jamison streets

BOARD and RESIDENCE.—Vacancies for a few Boarders, of sober habits, at THOMAS'S Temperance Private Boarding Establishment, 31, York-street, third house south of King-street, where they will receive all the comforts of an English home. Terms, £1 per week.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE, for a Single Gentleman, may be obtained in a private family, situate within ten minutes' walk of the Post Office. Address COMFORT, 49, Post Office, Sydney.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for Gentlemen. 15, Castlereagh-street, near the Sydney Club.

BOARD and RESIDENCE in a private family. 3, Devonshire-place, William-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, within five minutes' walk of the Post Office, for three gentlemen. For cards apply to Mr. PEARSON, Baths, next to the Royal Hotel, George-street.

COTTAGE TO LET, four rooms and kitchen, situated Lower Fort-street. Rent 25s. Apply to J. F. WILCOX, 30, Hunter-street.

FARM to LET, six miles from Sydney, consisting of about 80 acres of good arable and pasture land, and 30 acres of bush, also 2 acres of vineyard, and large kitchen or market garden. The house comprises six rooms, and suited to a family of respectability. The outbuildings are extensive, consisting of servants' rooms, good dairy, six-stall stable, cart and carriage sheds; hay, cow, and poultry houses; good pig yard and range of styes, &c. There are also a well and two large ponds of water. To a party wishing to establish a milk farm, from the situation and conveniences, this would be a good opportunity. For particulars apply to B. H., Post Office.

FURNISHED ROOM to LET, No. 1, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo, Elizabeth-place.

GARNERVILLE HOUSE.—To LET, at Upper Paddington, this large and commodious house. There are 9 rooms and an outside kitchen, with yard behind; in the front is a garden well fenced in. The view over the reserved land, embracing Botany Bay, is one of the most enchanting in that beautiful suburb. Apply to Mr. FAIRFAX, HERALD Office.

HANDSOME Furnished Bed and Sitting Room for a Lady and Gentleman. 16, Elizabeth-street North. No other lodgers.

MR. HARKINSON, No. 1, Cumberland-street, can accommodate a few lodgers.

NEWTOWN.—To LET, with immediate possession, an old-established Butcher's Shop and fixtures, containing four rooms, with excellent well of water, situated in the very heart of Newtown, and facing the main road. Rent moderate. Apply to Mr. TURNER, grocer.

OFFICE ROOMS to LET, at 212, George-street. Apply to J. TAIT and CO., 212, George-street.

OFFICE to LET. Apply to Madame PONDER, 268, George-street.

PRIVATE Board and Residence, 187, Pitt-street, between Park and Bathurst streets. Terms moderate.

PARRAMATTA.—Public-house to LET in Church-street, known as the Duke of Wellington. Apply on the premises.

PUBLIC-HOUSE TO LET, near the George-street Markets, doing a good business; the proprietor leaving owing to ill health. Address A. G., HERALD Office.

RESPECTABLE BOARD and Residence, 174, Elizabeth-street South, three doors from Bathurst-street.

SHOP and Parlour to LET, in Pitt-street. Enquire at S. FULLER'S, blind maker, 169, Pitt-street.

TWO or THREE Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging, at 210, Liverpool-street, opposite the Racecourse.

TO LET, a Baker's Shop and a six-roomed Dwelling-house, about five minutes' walk from the Post Office—yard enclosed, water and gas laid on. The rent £3 a week; Also a four-roomed Cottage, near William-street, Woolloomooloo, at 17s. 6d. week; a well of water. Also to let, a genteel Cottage, four rooms and four out-houses, and a two-roomed detached cottage on the grounds, a garden in the front, situated at Newtown. Rent, £84 a year. Apply to W. B. HAIGH, agent, 2, Pitt-street North, opposite Union Bank.

TO LET, at the Flour Company's Wharf, a Large Yard, with two sheds and a store; also two cottages, let to respectable tenants. For further particulars apply to EASON and RODDAM, on the premises.

TO be LET, that comfortable Dwelling-house, No. 123, Prince-street, near Church-hill, and lately occupied by Mr. Darby; it contains eight rooms, a hall, and back entrance; water laid on. For further particulars apply to HOGAN and CARAHER, Gloucester-street.

TO LET.—The House and Premises, No. 218, George-street, late in the occupation of Messrs. Rishworth and Co. Apply to C. J. HENFREY, Bligh-street.

TO LET, with immediate possession a Shop, next to the Lyceum Theatre, York-street. Apply at Mr. RANDLE'S Office, Bligh-street, Sydney.

TO LET, a Shop and Store in the centre of Pitt-street. Apply No. 144, Pitt-street, next to the Royal Oak.

TWO respectable young Men can Board and Reside, at 57, Elizabeth-street, one door from King-street.

TO LET, a Boot and Shoe House and Shop in Lower George-street, now doing a first-rate premises, at the low rent of £1 10s. per week.

TO LET, in Brougham-street, Woolloomooloo, four-stall stable, coach-house, large loft, and separate dwellings suitable for two families. Apply to W. H. CUFF, Savings' Bank.

TO LET, a spacious Room, 33 feet by 24, with a large shop window, Lyons-buildings, George-street, corner Charlotte-place—entrance from Charlotte-place; adapted for a shop or offices. Apply on the premises.

TO LET, the Victoria Inn, Woolloomooloo and Forbes streets; income moderate. Satisfactory reasons will be given for leaving it. Apply on the Premises.

TO BE LET, either for Offices or Residence, two Unfurnished Apartments, with use of kitchen, and water laid on. Apply six doors north of Market-street in Elizabeth-street.

TO LET, a large Front Room, furnished, either as sitting and bed room, or an office, opposite St. James' School—rent 23s. per week. 74, Castlereagh-street.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a Shop and Premises, situated in George-street South, two doors from the Southern Branch of the Commercial Bank. Apply to ROBERT GUY, 414, Brickfield-hill.

TO LET, House, 6 rooms; 20s. per week. Apply at Victoria House, George-street, Redfern.

TO LET, a House, No. 35, Victoria-street North, near Brougham Lodge, containing six rooms; kitchen, good cellar, water, side entrance, large back yard, and shed. Enquire next door.

TO LET, the Custom-House Hotel, Macquarie-place; income moderate. Satisfactory reasons will be given for leaving it. Apply on the premises.

TO LET.—To Butchers.—That old established Butcher's Shop, now in the occupation of Mr. William Tye, Newtown. N.B.—This is a good opening for a smart business man, being situate near that rapidly rising neighbourhood, the Kingston Estate, and alongside of one of the first grocery businesses in Newtown. Enquire next door, Mr. W. BEEHAG'S.

TO BE LET, Shop and Premises in front of the Timber Yard of BEAUMONT and WALLER, builders, Castlereagh-street; to whom apply.

TO LET, an Apartment, furnished or not; situation respectable; terms moderate. Apply 244, Elizabeth-street South.

TO LET, a House—five rooms; kitchen, water; rent low. Apply J. REDGATE, Surry Hills.

TO LET, or, for SALE, those large and commodious Modern Stores, two floors, 60 x 30 each, situated in Queen's-place, adapted for storage purposes, as well as for extensive workshops; will be let to a respectable tenant at very moderate terms. Apply to HAEGE and PRELL, Circular Quay.

TO BAKERS AND OTHERS.—To LET, first-rate Bakehouse and shop, situated at the corner of Ultimo and Athlone streets. Rent moderate. Apply to J. WALTON.

UNIVERSITY HOTEL.—Respectable parties wishing for comfortable and healthy Lodgings, at reasonable charges, will find it at the above new and commodious hotel, corner of Glebe and Parramatta Roads, a short distance on the Sydney side of the University. ROBERT WALTON, proprietor.

WOOL-WASHING PREMISES, on the main Botany Stream.—To LET, or for SALE, those very desirable Wool-washing Premises, conveniently situated on the main Botany Stream, late in the occupation of Messrs. Pitts and Calvert. They are in excellent order, and in every way adapted to carry on an extensive concern, no expenditure having been spared to render them in all respects complete and effective for the purposes intended. There are other collateral advantages attending the lease or purchase of this property, which can be explained on application to W. DEAN and CO., auctioneers, Pitt and O'Connell streets.

RUSHCUTTERS BAY AND DARLING POINT.—Mr. F. M'LEAN, of the Post Office, corner of Darling Point Road, will receive subscribers for the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD in the above localities at £1 per quarter.

CAMPERDOWN.—Mr. JAMES DOLE, Chemist, will receive subscribers to the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD at £1 per quarter, and deliver their papers at their own houses.

MARYBOROUGH, WIDE BAY.—Messrs. DOWZER and PURSER, storekeepers, have been appointed agents for the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD in the above district.

MELBOURNE.—Messrs. GORDON and GOTCH news agents, Western Collins-street, Melbourne receive advertisements for the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—
CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

Two lines	One shilling.
Four lines	Two shillings.
Six ditto	Three shillings.
Eight ditto	Four shillings.

And 3d. (three-pence) per line for every additional line for each insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION—£4 per annum, in advance.

⁂ All advertisements under six lines will be charged 3s. to advertiser's account, if booked.

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